

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.4689, -10.4121,  
18.2470)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.4689, -10.4121,  
18.2470) contains.

<b>HunterLab(70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470)</b>	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i>	4
<i><b>Details</b></i>	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i>	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i>	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i>	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i>	31

# Color

**HunterLab(70.4689,  
-10.4121, 18.2470)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	BBBE98
RGB	187, 190, 152
RGB Percent	73%, 75%, 60%
CMY	0.2667, 0.2549, 0.4039
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.20, 0.25
HSL	65°, 23%, 67%
HSV	65°, 20%, 75%
XYZ	44.5744, 49.6587, 36.9415
YIQ	184.7710, 10.4100, -12.4540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

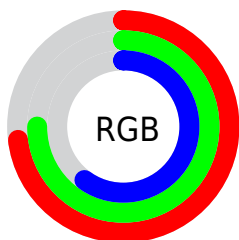
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">152, 190, 155</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12304024</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.86, -7.48, 18.89</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">76, 20.315, 111.609</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">49.6609, 0.3398, 0.3786</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290494104</a> (0xFFBBBE98)
YUV	<a href="#">184.7710, -16.1561, 1.9548</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **57.5708, 4.7990, -14.6138**, and the grayscale version is **69.6204, -3.7148, 3.7826**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.5634, -12.4783, 21.4398**, and **48.8031, -8.7158, 14.9622** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.9277, -13.1813, 24.0434**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.0807, -7.2964, 11.5338**.

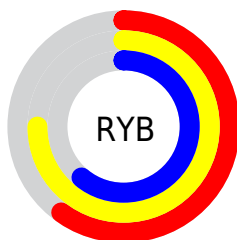
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (75%)

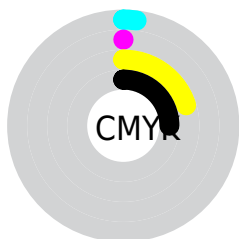
Blue (60%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (61%)

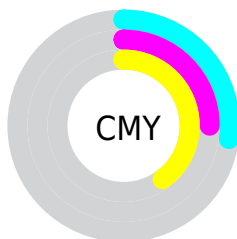


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (25%)


Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70.4689, -10.4121,  
18.2470


 70.4689, -10.4121,  
18.2470


196.3003,  
-19.9299, 32.2340

 59.2824, -9.4295,  
16.6269


 94.6954, -12.4212,  
21.4134

 48.7584, -8.4550,  
14.9664


 107.6733,  
-13.4463, 22.9723

 38.9435, -7.4871,  
13.2504


121.1953,  
-14.4867, 24.5218

 29.8930, -6.5204,  
11.4550

135.2402,  
-15.5429, 26.0657

 21.6781, -5.5459,  
9.5426

149.7893,  
-16.6152, 27.6068

 14.3944, -4.5467,  
7.6403

164.8257,

 8.0549, -4.4776,


-17.7038, 29.1474


5.6384


180.3340,  
-18.8086, 30.6893

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 70.4689, -10.4121,  
18.2470


 70.4689, -10.4121,  
18.2470


 69.9277, -13.1813,  
24.0434


 71.0807, -7.2964,  
11.5338

 69.4505, -15.6008,  
28.9313

 71.7597, -3.8293,  
3.8998

 69.0366, -17.6792,  
32.9325

 72.5084, -0.0169,  
-4.6474

 68.6830, -19.4277,  
36.0797

 73.3275, 4.1339,  
-14.0933

 68.3861, -20.8623,

 74.2170, 8.6137,

38.4180

-24.4170

68.1414, -22.0050,  
40.0077

74.6903, 10.8504,  
-28.8869

67.9433, -22.8856,  
40.9281

74.8257, 11.2941,  
-28.6598

67.7799, -23.5703,  
41.3530

74.9622, 11.7407,  
-28.4314

75.0998, 12.1901,  
-28.2016

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.4705, -1.0584, 19.0500



70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470



70.4705, -17.6157, 13.8646

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.4705, -10.4140, 18.2479



70.4705, -14.8322, -11.3111



70.4705, 15.3818, 1.2333

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470



57.5708, 4.7990, -14.6138

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.4705, 11.2481, -7.9248



70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470



70.4705, -6.4292, -15.7736

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.4705, -10.4140, 18.2479



70.4705, -20.0702, -2.9206



70.4705, 3.1423, -14.4580



70.4705, 14.1747, 9.9833



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470



70.4705, -20.3905, 9.1385



70.4705, 3.1423, -14.4580



70.4705, 14.5632, -1.9137

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.4705, -10.4140, 18.2479



96.0291, -8.0556, 11.6612



60.4177, 8.1567, 8.2200



44.9718, -3.9174, 5.7773



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.4705, -10.4140, 18.2479



94.5303, -15.7109, 28.1385



68.9003, -16.0906, 16.6114



33.2883, -3.3141, 5.1782



55.2833, -19.1657, 33.7298



10.9938, -3.5961, 6.7114



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.5708, 4.7990, -14.6138



73.4798, 9.2292, -25.7920



59.2625, 10.3733, -12.0416



30.4310, 0.0332, -2.0411



15.9808, 42.8361, -109.5827

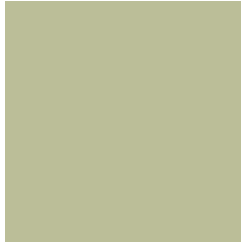


3.3532, 8.6302, -20.2178



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

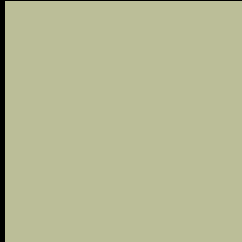
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

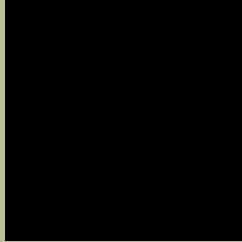
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

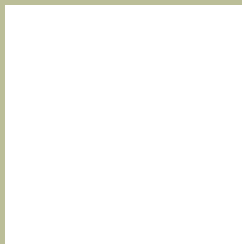
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470.

-10.4121, 18.2470.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470

### Protanopia

70.2322, -5.0979, 18.8288

### Deuteranopia

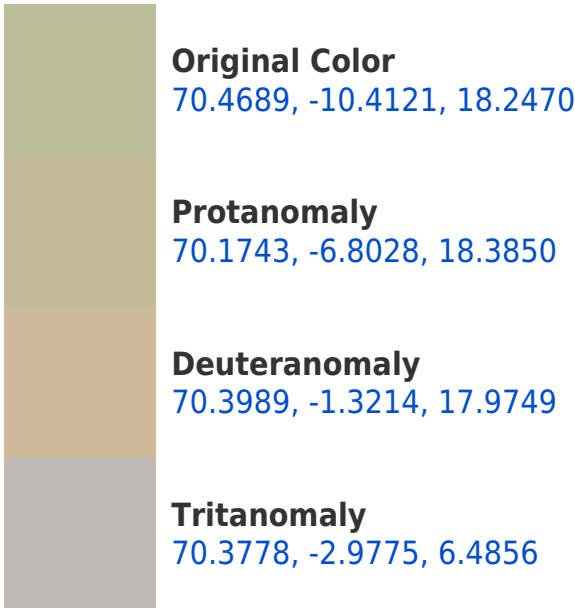
70.4092, 4.7418, 17.7250



## Tritanopia

70.4951, 1.5310, -1.4685

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 190, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 190, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 190, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 190, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 190, 152) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 190, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 190, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 190, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 190, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 190,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.4689, -10.4121, 18.2470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 190, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
190, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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