

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.6309, 10.4250,  
-1.8449)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.6309, 10.4250,  
-1.8449) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(70.4741, 10.4238,  
-1.8497)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2B2C7
RGB	210, 178, 199
RGB Percent	82%, 70%, 78%
CMY	0.1765, 0.3019, 0.2196
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.05, 0.18
HSL	321°, 26%, 76%
HSV	321°, 15%, 82%
XYZ	52.8076, 49.6660, 60.8361
YIQ	189.9620, 12.3310, 13.3150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

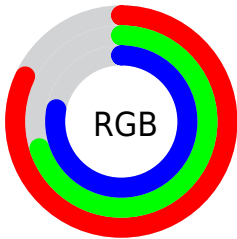
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	210, 178, 199
Decimal	13808327
CIE Lab	75.87, 15.08, -6.34
CIE LCh	76, 16.357, 337.196
Yxy	49.6682, 0.3234, 0.3041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291998407 (0xFFD2B2C7)
YUV	189.9620, 4.4557, 17.5733
Hunter-Lab	70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497

# Details

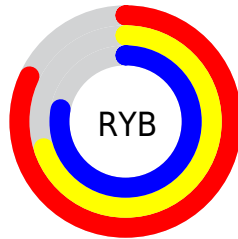
The HunterLab color  $70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $76.9634, -17.3443, 10.0301$ , and the grayscale version is  $71.7212, -3.8269, 3.8968$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $93.4482, 5.9204, -2.3397$ , and  $48.6622, 10.0735, -2.4767$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $64.5085, 20.2804, -5.6136$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $76.8232, 0.7202, 2.1763$ .

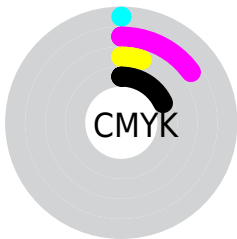
# Distribution



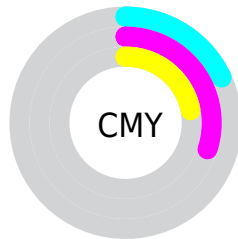
- Red (82%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 70.4741, 10.4238,  
-1.8497

■ 70.4741, 10.4238,  
-1.8497

196.3076, 9.1058,  
2.8426

■ 59.2873, 10.2866,  
-2.1650

■ 94.7011, 10.4911,  
-1.0739

■ 48.7630, 10.0743,  
-2.4290

107.6793, 10.4369,  
-0.6226

■ 38.9477, 9.7747,  
-2.6348

121.2015, 10.3295,  
-0.1320

■ 29.8969, 9.3743,  
-2.7753

135.2467, 10.1725,  
0.3956

■ 21.6816, 8.8549,  
-2.8411

149.7960, 9.9692,  
0.9584

■ 14.3975, 8.1912,  
-2.8193

164.8325, 9.7221,

■ 8.0580, 7.9073,

1.5547

-2.9122

180.3411, 9.4336,  
2.1832

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.4741, 10.4238,  
-1.8497

■ 70.4741, 10.4238,  
-1.8497

■ 64.5085, 20.2804,  
-5.6136

■ 76.8232, 0.7202,  
2.1763

■ 58.9880, 30.2023,  
-9.0139

■ 83.4970, -8.7884,  
6.3877

■ 53.9929, 40.0000,  
-11.9021

■ 90.4533, -18.1004,  
10.7365

■ 49.6135, 49.3506,  
-14.0849

■ 95.2977, -23.8073,  
12.6942

■ 45.9438, 57.7697,

■ 95.5122, -22.5919,

-15.3356

9.6220

■ 43.0671, 64.6438,  
-15.4378

■ 95.7349, -21.3321,  
6.4372

■ 41.0303, 69.3728,  
-14.2671

■ 95.9662, -20.0279,  
3.1401

■ 39.8113, 71.6247,  
-11.8856

■ 96.1467, -19.0120,  
0.5713

■ 39.4096, 72.1319,  
-10.5164

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.4756, 5.4192, -8.3407



70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497



70.4756, 11.5472, 5.5792

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.4756, 10.4218, -1.8484



70.4756, -5.6108, 16.4367



70.4756, -15.1831, -5.2282

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497



76.9634, -17.3443, 10.0301

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.4756, -17.8706, 2.0475



70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497



70.4756, -12.5002, 14.1658

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.4756, 10.4218, -1.8484



70.4756, 2.0711, 15.6321



70.4756, -16.9099, 9.0834



70.4756, -9.4156, -10.4337



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497



70.4756, 9.9052, 9.9791



70.4756, -16.9099, 9.0834



70.4756, -16.4651, -2.9148

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.4756, 10.4218, -1.8484



95.8405, 0.6813, 2.8037



68.7551, 5.4863, -10.1171



44.0735, 0.7088, 1.1282

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.4756, 10.4218, -1.8484



85.5307, 16.6059, -3.7317



69.9840, 7.8183, 5.1503



34.5501, 2.2106, 0.2199



30.8110, 56.4498, -8.6558



7.3851, 13.7046, -3.4241



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.4756, 10.4218, -1.8484



85.5307, 16.6059, -3.7317



77.4281, -14.7268, 3.3861



34.5501, 2.2106, 0.2199



30.8110, 56.4498, -8.6558

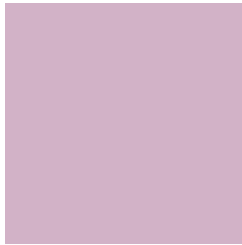


7.3851, 13.7046, -3.4241



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

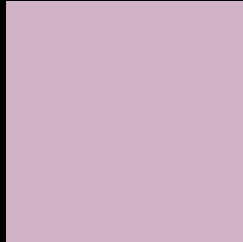
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

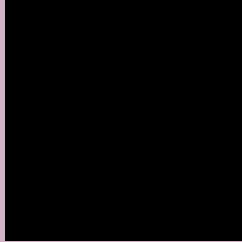
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497.

-1.8497.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497

### Protanopia

70.6516, -0.5814, -4.4150

### Deuteranopia

70.5780, 4.8171, -1.3072



## Tritanopia

70.4598, 8.5321, 1.1123

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497

## Protanomaly

70.5219, 3.3959, -3.4630

## Deuteranomaly

70.6840, 6.6569, -1.1423

## Tritanomaly

70.5235, 8.8701, 0.2057

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497

## Achromatopsia

71.7578, -3.8288, 3.8987

## Achromatomaly

71.3010, 0.9237, 1.9984

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 178, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 178, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 178, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 178, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 178, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 178, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 178, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 178, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 178, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 178,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.4741, 10.4238, -1.8497 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 178, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
178, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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