

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.6309, 13.0161,  
9.4849)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.6309, 13.0161,  
9.4849) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(70.7337, 12.7458,  
9.3798)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E0B0B0
RGB	224, 176, 176
RGB Percent	88%, 69%, 69%
CMY	0.1216, 0.3098, 0.3098
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.21, 0.12
HSL	0°, 44%, 78%
HSV	0°, 21%, 88%
XYZ	54.1023, 50.0326, 47.8801
YIQ	190.3520, 28.6080, 10.1760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

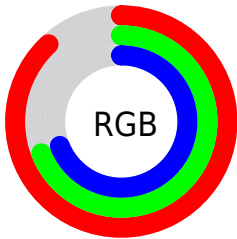
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	224, 176, 176
Decimal	14725296
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	76.09, 17.44, 6.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 18.677, 20.983
Yxy	50.0349, 0.3559, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292915376 (0xFFE0B0B0)
YUV	190.3520, -7.0755, 29.5093
Hunter-Lab	70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798

# Details

The HunterLab color **70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **82.4145, -18.5736, -0.2757**, and the grayscale version is **71.9281, -3.8379, 3.9080**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.0866, 2.9569, 7.6410**, and **48.9346, 12.3769, 7.2659** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.1475, 21.3956, 11.8058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.7921, 4.4446, 7.1084**.

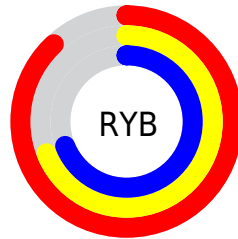
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (69%)

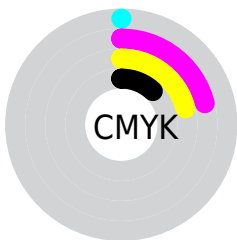
Blue (69%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (69%)

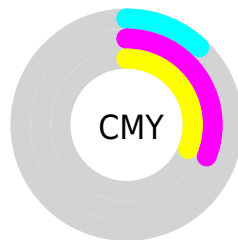


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (31%)


Yellow (31%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 70.7337, 12.7458,  
9.3798

 70.7337, 12.7458,  
9.3798


196.6729, 12.2336,  
18.6478

 59.5324, 12.5013,  
8.4352


 94.9876, 13.0135,  
11.3188

 48.9927, 12.1771,  
7.5024


107.9783, 13.0541,  
12.3127

 39.1609, 11.7600,  
6.5799


121.5126, 13.0383,  
13.3241

 30.0921, 11.2359,  
5.6627

135.5693, 12.9701,  
14.3531

 21.8570, 10.5861,  
4.7423

150.1298, 12.8527,  
15.4000

 14.5506, 9.7859,  
3.8032

165.1771, 12.6892,

 8.2114, 9.2629,

16.4647

3.8230

180.6962, 12.4821,  
17.5474

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.7337, 12.7458,  
9.3798

■ 70.7337, 12.7458,  
9.3798

■ 64.1475, 21.3956,  
11.8058

■ 77.7921, 4.4446,  
7.1084

■ 58.1209, 30.3353,  
14.3672

■ 85.2441, -3.4996,  
4.9831

■ 52.7677, 39.3768,  
17.0112

■ 93.0331, -11.1192,  
2.9909

■ 48.2156, 48.1489,  
19.6224

■ 97.2560, -15.0171,  
1.9903

■ 44.5938, 56.0560,

22.0106

■ 42.0007, 62.3515,  
23.9326

■ 40.4577, 66.3971,  
25.1761

■ 39.8093, 68.1719,  
25.7238

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.7353, 13.7417, 1.2779



70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798



70.7353, 7.2054, 15.2610

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.7353, 12.7433, 9.3810



70.7353, -16.4642, 13.2624



70.7353, -6.4135, -13.9853

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798



82.4145, -18.5736, -0.2757

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.7353, -14.1297, -9.8488



70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798



70.7353, -19.7429, 6.3296

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.7353, 12.7433, 9.3810



70.7353, -9.7423, 17.3040



70.7353, -18.9097, -2.1665



70.7353, 2.3906, -12.9082



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798



70.7353, 1.8268, 17.4536



70.7353, -18.9097, -2.1665



70.7353, -9.2137, -13.1414

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.7353, 12.7433, 9.3810



94.6984, 0.1439, 6.8875



72.3052, 20.8988, -12.9072



43.5490, 0.3465, 3.2614

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.7353, 12.7433, 9.3810



78.2239, 19.4809, 12.1806



77.6473, 0.2825, 16.4867



37.0145, 1.3276, 3.1184



30.3720, 52.0102, 19.6256



7.9967, 13.6916, 5.1672



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.4145, -18.5736, -0.2757



94.6133, -24.6044, -1.4170



74.7804, -6.7091, -9.9513



39.4616, -5.2033, 1.1054



58.4446, -30.9811, -6.1712



15.3873, -8.1569, -1.6245



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

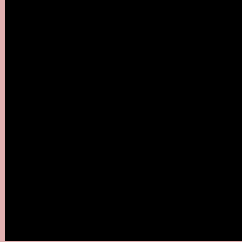
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798.

9.3798.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798

### Protanopia

70.8911, -2.6790, 6.6223

### Deuteranopia

70.7049, 5.3374, 9.6518



## Tritanopia

70.6474, 16.0002, 3.8843

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798

## Protanomaly

70.7104, 2.6615, 7.4120

## Deuteranomaly

70.6642, 8.1381, 9.6561

## Tritanomaly

70.8013, 14.8439, 5.9127

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798

## Achromatopsia

71.7578, -3.8288, 3.8987

## Achromatomaly

71.2441, 1.7564, 5.7335

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 176, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 176, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 176, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 176, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 176, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 176, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 176, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 176, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 176, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 176,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.7337, 12.7458, 9.3798 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 176, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
176, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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