

Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.6309, 6.2547,
-35.7010)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(70.6309, 6.2547,
-35.7010) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(70.5874, 6.2969,
-35.8601)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8B8FF
RGB	168, 184, 255
RGB Percent	66%, 72%, 100%
CMY	0.3412, 0.2784, 0.0000
CMYK	0.34, 0.28, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	229°, 100%, 83%
HSV	229°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	51.3389, 49.8258, 101.5193
YIQ	187.3100, -32.3270, 18.6890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

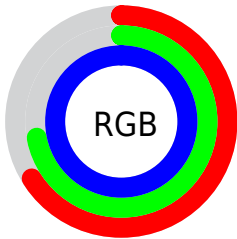
Format	Color
RYB	168, 182, 255
Decimal	11057407
CIELab	75.96, 10.81, -36.83
CIELCh	76, 38.382, 286.356
Yxy	49.8277, 0.2533, 0.2458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289247487 (0xFFA8B8FF)
YUV	187.3100, 33.3712, -16.9349
Hunter-Lab	70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601

Details

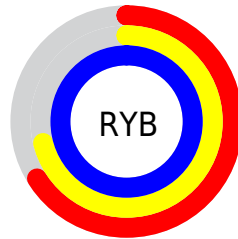
The HunterLab color $70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $92.6393, -9.5626, 33.2057$, and the grayscale version is $70.4990, -3.7617, 3.8303$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $92.4920, -6.9648, -3.7750$, and $48.8063, 6.4586, -34.7149$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62.6726, 11.1509, -50.6878$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $78.8653, 2.2180, -22.4897$.

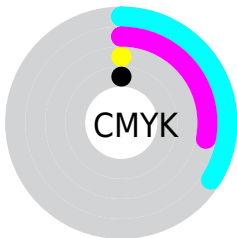
Distribution



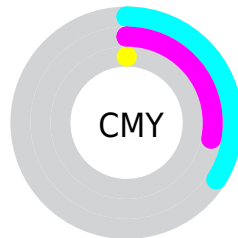
- Red (66%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 70.5874, 6.2969,
-35.8601

■ 70.5874, 6.2969,
-35.8601

196.4667, 3.4778,
-39.4204

■ 59.3940, 6.3623,
-35.2357

■ 94.8259, 5.9888,
-36.9846

■ 48.8630, 6.3619,
-34.5921

107.8095, 5.7574,
-37.4779

■ 39.0405, 6.2862,
-33.9574

121.3369, 5.4791,
-37.9221

■ 29.9819, 6.1239,
-33.3933

135.3871, 5.1571,
-38.3169

■ 21.7580, 5.8589,
-33.0364

149.9413, 4.7938,
-38.6630

■ 14.4641, 5.4681,
-33.2301

164.9826, 4.3916,

■ 8.1251, 5.3841,

-38.9615

-35.7044

180.4957, 3.9523,
-39.2135

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 70.5874, 6.2969,
-35.8601

■ 70.5874, 6.2969,
-35.8601

■ 62.6726, 11.1509,
-50.6878

■ 78.8653, 2.2180,
-22.4897

■ 55.1927, 16.9846,
-67.3243

■ 87.4466, -1.2470,
-10.2830

■ 48.2537, 24.0217,
-86.0916

■ 96.2909, -4.2266,
1.0063

■ 41.9996, 32.4442,
-107.1078

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 36.6219, 42.2164,

-129.8626

■ 32.3483, 52.7492,
-152.5465

■ 30.4054, 58.7000,
-164.7204

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.5887, -11.7901, -36.4750



70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601



70.5887, 23.2092, -23.0258

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.5887, 6.2961, -35.8578



70.5887, 21.8797, 23.8399



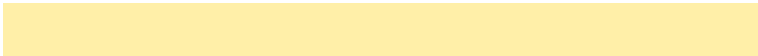
70.5887, -34.4954, 11.2111

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601



92.6393, -9.5626, 33.2057

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.5887, -27.2218, 23.0788



70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601



70.5887, 4.6245, 29.0296

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.5887, 6.2961, -35.8578



70.5887, 32.8073, 12.5408



70.5887, -13.3022, 28.7916



70.5887, -34.1451, -6.1268

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601



70.5887, 31.0079, -10.7596



70.5887, -13.3022, 28.7916



70.5887, -32.8950, 15.8674

Sweetspot

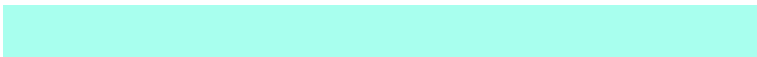
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.5887, 6.2961, -35.8578



91.0572, -2.5261, -5.5371



92.7334, -32.7718, 5.0475



41.5546, -0.9707, -3.3038

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.5887, 6.2961, -35.8578



65.0966, 9.5433, -45.8894



68.3444, 22.2892, -39.5702



42.3296, -1.2375, -2.3019



22.3269, 41.1776, -116.7972



7.8971, 9.8338, -31.0990

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.6137, 29.9946, 8.2411



67.9019, 37.4364, 9.4286



95.3882, -26.3763, 35.2885



42.4754, 1.9244, 2.6741



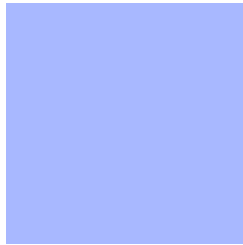
33.5130, 57.7571, 18.8246



10.5238, 18.2682, 4.8943

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

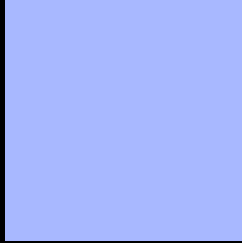
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

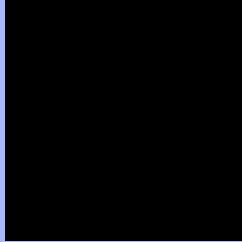
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601.

-35.8601.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601

Protanopia

70.4329, 5.7811, -36.1386

Deuteranopia

70.4329, 5.7811, -36.1386



Tritanopia

70.6131, -11.4377, -6.7942

Trichromacy



Original Color

70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601

Protanomaly

70.5099, 6.0383, -35.9997

Deuteranomaly

70.5099, 6.0383, -35.9997

Tritanomaly

70.5976, -5.4638, -16.4183

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601

Achromatopsia

70.4935, -3.7614, 3.8300

Achromatomaly

70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 184, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 184, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 184, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 184, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

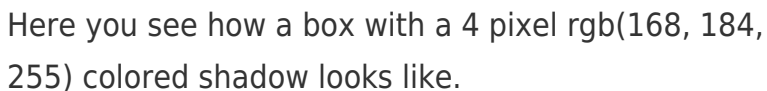
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 184, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 184, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 184, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 184, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 184, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 184, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.5874, 6.2969, -35.8601 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 184, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
184, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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