

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.6309, 9.0222,  
-41.3847)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.6309, 9.0222,  
-41.3847) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(70.3719, 7.0888,  
-36.2224)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9B7FF
RGB	169, 183, 255
RGB Percent	66%, 72%, 100%
CMY	0.3372, 0.2823, 0.0000
CMYK	0.34, 0.28, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	230°, 100%, 83%
HSV	230°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	51.3457, 49.5220, 101.4603
YIQ	187.0220, -31.4560, 19.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

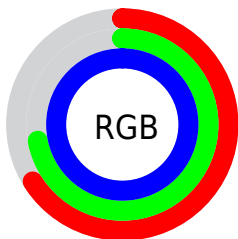
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">169, 181, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11122687</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.78, 11.63, -37.11</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">76, 38.894, 287.405</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">49.5239, 0.2538, 0.2448</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289312767 (0xFFA9B7FF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">187.0220, 33.5132, -15.8053</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224</a>

# Details

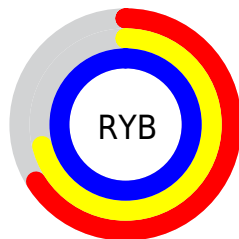
The HunterLab color  $70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be  $93.2928, -10.4692, 33.4469$ , and the grayscale version is  $70.3770, -3.7551, 3.8237$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $92.2615, -6.1373, -4.0542$ , and  $48.6003, 7.1927, -35.1040$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $62.3088, 12.2098, -51.4159$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $78.8096, 2.7467, -22.5651$ .

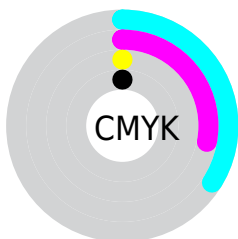
# Distribution



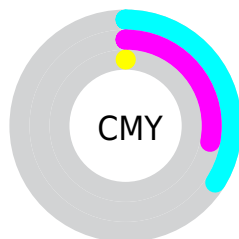
- Red (66%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 70.3719, 7.0888,  
-36.2224

■ 70.3719, 7.0888,  
-36.2224

196.1635, 4.5688,  
-39.8487

■ 59.1906, 7.1138,  
-35.5930

■ 94.5881, 6.8560,  
-37.3597

■ 48.6724, 7.0707,  
-34.9463

107.5613, 6.6599,  
-37.8603

■ 38.8636, 6.9497,  
-34.3114

121.0787, 6.4157,  
-38.3119

■ 29.8199, 6.7389,  
-33.7528

135.1193, 6.1265,  
-38.7144

■ 21.6125, 6.4217,  
-33.4126

149.6642, 5.7950,  
-39.0682

■ 14.3372, 5.9739,  
-33.6488

164.6965, 5.4235,

■ 7.9966, 5.9346,

-39.3744

-36.3961

180.2009, 5.0142,  
-39.6341

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 70.3719, 7.0888,  
-36.2224

■ 70.3719, 7.0888,  
-36.2224

■ 62.3088, 12.2098,  
-51.4159

■ 78.8096, 2.7467,  
-22.5651

■ 54.6969, 18.3198,  
-68.5275

■ 87.5594, -0.9821,  
-10.1262

■ 47.6496, 25.6467,  
-87.9092

■ 96.5791, -4.2289,  
1.3578

■ 41.3228, 34.3639,  
-109.6789

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 35.9258, 44.3869,

-133.2213

■ 31.7082, 54.9926,  
-156.4021

■ 29.7348, 61.1868,  
-169.2507

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.3732, -11.2748, -37.3337



70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224



70.3732, 24.0876, -22.8244

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.3732, 7.0880, -36.2201



70.3732, 21.6978, 24.2988



70.3732, -34.9354, 10.7514

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224



93.2928, -10.4692, 33.4469

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.3732, -27.8523, 22.9415



70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224



70.3732, 4.0867, 29.3092

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.3732, 7.0880, -36.2201



70.3732, 33.0968, 13.1325



70.3732, -13.9858, 28.8859



70.3732, -34.3088, -6.9447



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224



70.3732, 31.7953, -10.2950



70.3732, -13.9858, 28.8859



70.3732, -33.4100, 15.5249

# Sweetspot

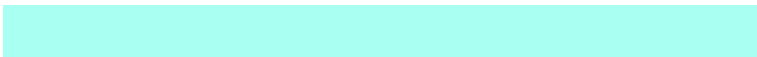
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.3732, 7.0880, -36.2201



90.8887, -2.2416, -5.7501



92.8905, -31.9835, 3.7280



41.4660, -0.8206, -3.4175

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.3732, 7.0880, -36.2201



65.2640, 10.1988, -45.5538



68.9625, 22.8153, -38.4446



42.2555, -1.1124, -2.3952



21.8165, 43.0262, -120.1500



7.6983, 10.4329, -32.1439



# Inverse Universe

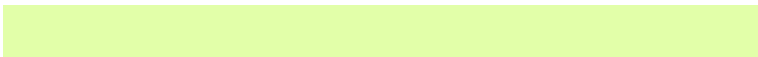
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.8398, 29.3095, 8.9291



68.5053, 36.0620, 10.0989



95.1880, -27.0787, 34.7990



42.4680, 1.8843, 2.7805



33.4790, 57.6315, 19.3263



10.5089, 18.2133, 5.1128



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

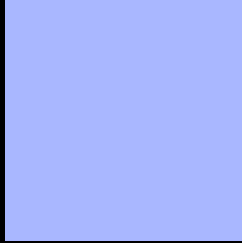
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

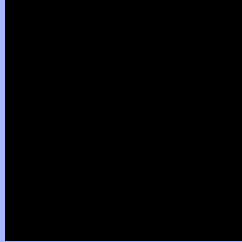
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224.

-36.2224.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224

### Protanopia

70.4329, 5.7811, -36.1386

### Deuteranopia

70.4329, 5.7811, -36.1386



## Tritanopia

70.3373, -10.8886, -6.6090

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224

## Protanomaly

70.5099, 6.0383, -35.9997

## Deuteranomaly

70.5099, 6.0383, -35.9997

## Tritanomaly

70.3267, -4.9143, -16.2049

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224

## Achromatopsia

70.4935, -3.7614, 3.8300

## Achromatomaly

70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 183, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 183, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 183, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 183, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 183, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 183, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 183, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 183, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 183, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 183,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.3719, 7.0888, -36.2224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 183, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
183, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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