

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.7257, 6.7935,  
21.3512)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.7257, 6.7935,  
21.3512) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(70.6912, 6.7412,  
21.2100)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DFB391
RGB	223, 179, 145
RGB Percent	87%, 70%, 57%
CMY	0.1255, 0.2980, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.35, 0.13
HSL	26°, 55%, 72%
HSV	26°, 35%, 87%
XYZ	51.6623, 49.9725, 33.7108
YIQ	188.2800, 37.1380, -1.2460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

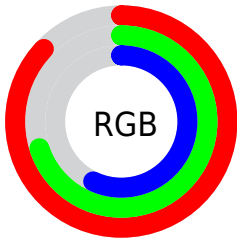
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 205, 145
Decimal	14660497
CIE Lab	76.05, 11.27, 23.41
CIE LCh	76, 25.984, 64.292
Yxy	49.9748, 0.3817, 0.3692
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292850577 (0xFFDFB391)
YUV	188.2800, -21.3370, 30.4494
Hunter-Lab	70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100

# Details

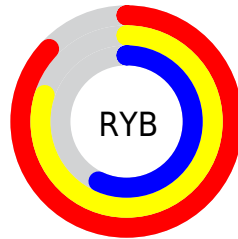
The HunterLab color **70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **69.0949, -9.3302, -17.4928**, and the grayscale version is **71.1098, -3.7942, 3.8635**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.0870, -3.6447, 21.8909**, and **48.8230, 6.7186, 17.3422** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.7373, 10.7965, 24.7514**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.8371, 3.0650, 17.0878**.

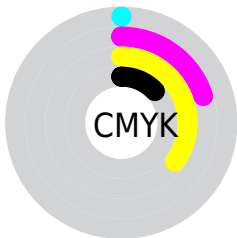
# Distribution



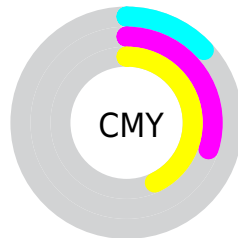
- Red (87%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70.6912, 6.7412,  
21.2100


 70.6912, 6.7412,  
21.2100


196.6132, 4.0802,  
37.0375

 59.4923, 6.7833,  
19.3241

 94.9408, 6.4713,  
24.8585

 48.9551, 6.7603,  
17.3765

 107.9294, 6.2587,  
26.6383

 39.1260, 6.6608,  
15.3473


121.4617, 5.9987,  
28.3980

 30.0602, 6.4731,  
13.2057

135.5165, 5.6942,  
30.1425

 21.8283, 6.1811,  
10.9052

150.0752, 5.3480,  
31.8758

 14.5255, 5.7610,  
8.9501

165.1208, 4.9623,

 8.1865, 5.6053,

33.6010

5.7306

180.6381, 4.5391,  
35.3209

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.6912, 6.7412,  
21.2100

■ 70.6912, 6.7412,  
21.2100

■ 66.7373, 10.7965,  
24.7514

■ 74.8371, 3.0650,  
17.0878

■ 62.9900, 15.2529,  
27.6366

■ 79.1524, -0.2458,  
12.4492

■ 59.4721, 20.1074,  
29.7938

■ 83.6231, -3.2201,  
7.3553

■ 56.2062, 25.3378,  
31.1577

■ 88.2354, -5.8854,  
1.8591

■ 53.2146, 30.8902,

■ 92.9250, -8.5570,

31.6869

-3.2536

■ 50.5176, 36.6663,  
31.3918

■ 97.0016, -15.0418,  
1.6818

■ 49.2726, 39.5764,  
31.0544

■ 97.1741, -15.3107,  
1.8860

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.6929, 16.7632, 15.3473



70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100



70.6929, -5.5304, 22.7490

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.6929, 6.7385, 21.2110



70.6929, -25.7711, 2.1501



70.6929, 9.9951, -17.2878

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100



69.0949, -9.3302, -17.4928

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.6929, -2.0039, -22.3509



70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100



70.6929, -22.2083, -9.9809

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.6929, 6.7385, 21.2110



70.6929, -23.7778, 12.8969



70.6929, -13.7093, -19.4730



70.6929, 18.7315, -6.5820



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100



70.6929, -13.2101, 21.3809



70.6929, -13.7093, -19.4730



70.6929, 6.1808, -19.7819

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.6929, 6.7385, 21.2110



94.6727, -2.0305, 11.6477



62.9461, 30.9637, -6.1263



43.4599, -0.7107, 5.7747

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.6929, 6.7385, 21.2110



78.8937, 11.2657, 27.7871



82.3235, -12.7510, 31.2107



38.3127, -0.9062, 4.5472



38.0672, 29.6333, 23.9756



10.8637, 5.8100, 6.7959

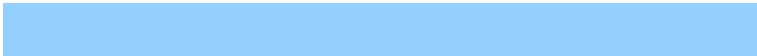


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.0949, -9.3302, -17.4928



76.6610, -11.0387, -26.1252



57.6408, 10.4112, -36.1093



38.1047, -3.0201, -0.5158



34.7885, 2.3157, -48.4815



10.0803, -0.9538, -10.5404



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

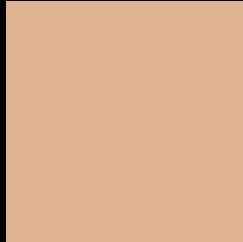
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

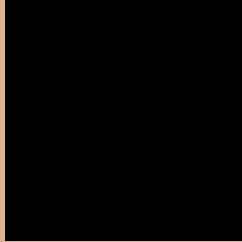
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.6912, 6.7412,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100

### Protanopia

70.7036, -5.0371, 19.6353

### Deuteranopia

70.6417, 5.1125, 21.1352



## Tritanopia

70.5733, 17.1042, 4.2892

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100

## Protanomaly

70.5897, -0.8945, 19.9492

## Deuteranomaly

70.7524, 5.4833, 21.2451

## Tritanomaly

70.5743, 13.4297, 10.9334

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100

## Achromatopsia

70.9145, -3.7838, 3.8529

## Achromatomaly

70.7771, -0.5775, 10.9072

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 179, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 179, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 179, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 179, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 179, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 179, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 179, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 179, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 179, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 179,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.6912, 6.7412, 21.2100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 179, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
179, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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