

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.7512, 19.7985,  
10.1963)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.7512, 19.7985,  
10.1963) contains.

<b>HunterLab(70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(70.7211, 19.5887,  
10.3491)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECABAE
RGB	236, 171, 174
RGB Percent	93%, 67%, 68%
CMY	0.0745, 0.3294, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.26, 0.07
HSL	357°, 63%, 80%
HSV	357°, 28%, 93%
XYZ	56.7950, 50.0147, 46.7049
YIQ	190.7770, 37.7770, 14.7130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

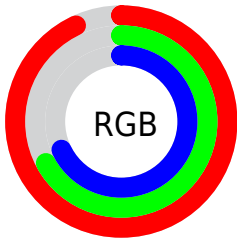
Format	Color
RYB	236, 171, 174
Decimal	15510446
CIELab	76.08, 24.25, 7.92
CIELCh	76, 25.510, 18.096
Yxy	50.0171, 0.3700, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293700526 (0xFFECABAE)
YUV	190.7770, -8.2711, 39.6606
Hunter-Lab	70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491

# Details

The HunterLab color **70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **86.3326, -23.9253, -0.1667**, and the grayscale version is **72.1098, -3.8476, 3.9179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.4739, 5.1329, 7.2609**, and **48.9344, 18.6236, 8.1703** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.0915, 29.0851, 12.7243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.9075, 10.3925, 8.2100**.

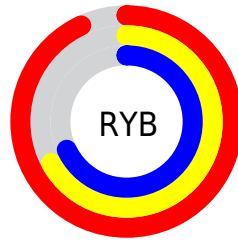
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (67%)

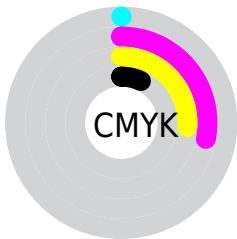
Blue (68%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (68%)

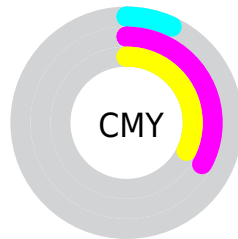


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70.7211, 19.5887,  
10.3491

 70.7211, 19.5887,  
10.3491


196.6552, 21.3874,  
20.0770

 59.5206, 19.0403,  
9.3396


 94.9738, 20.4290,  
12.4068

 48.9816, 18.3998,  
8.3372


107.9639, 20.7410,  
13.4556

 39.1506, 17.6525,  
7.3390


121.4975, 20.9879,  
14.5194

 30.0827, 16.7837,  
6.3384

135.5537, 21.1742,  
15.5986

 21.8486, 15.7762,  
5.3243

150.1136, 21.3040,  
16.6938

 14.5432, 14.6135,  
4.2762

165.1605, 21.3808,

 8.2041, 13.8183,

17.8052

4.4501

180.6790, 21.4077,  
18.9329

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.7211, 19.5887,  
10.3491

■ 70.7211, 19.5887,  
10.3491

■ 64.0915, 29.0851,  
12.7243

■ 77.9075, 10.3925,  
8.2100

■ 58.1240, 38.7406,  
15.3168

■ 85.5562, 1.5511,  
6.2909

■ 52.9501, 48.2321,  
18.0615

■ 93.5975, -6.9471,  
4.5695

■ 48.7084, 57.0116,  
20.8143

■ 98.2715, -11.4018,  
3.2753

■ 45.5207, 64.3277,

23.3443

■ 43.4485, 69.4267,  
25.3775

■ 42.4236, 71.9794,  
26.6933

■ 42.2573, 72.4235,  
26.8677

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.7228, 20.3153, -0.8425



70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491



70.7228, 12.3481, 18.3493

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.7228, 19.5859, 10.3503



70.7228, -20.1865, 17.0282



70.7228, -8.4869, -21.2499

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491



86.3326, -23.9253, -0.1667

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.7228, -18.5762, -14.5681



70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491



70.7228, -25.0224, 8.2408

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.7228, 19.5859, 10.3503



70.7228, -10.8213, 21.7375



70.7228, -24.4533, -3.3335



70.7228, 3.5534, -20.4291



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491



70.7228, 5.0625, 21.3769



70.7228, -24.4533, -3.3335



70.7228, -12.2033, -19.7664

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.7228, 19.5859, 10.3503



92.9932, 2.1611, 6.9670



72.4334, 29.0549, -19.8157



42.4272, 1.6645, 3.3637

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.7228, 19.5859, 10.3503



73.0846, 27.1578, 12.7210



78.8667, 3.7947, 19.6970



38.8140, 1.4887, 3.0680



31.3817, 53.8003, 19.8264



8.8164, 15.1597, 5.2214



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.7228, 19.5859, 10.3503



73.0846, 27.1578, 12.7210



76.9550, -8.9773, -13.8786



38.8140, 1.4887, 3.0680



31.3817, 53.8003, 19.8264



8.8164, 15.1597, 5.2214



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

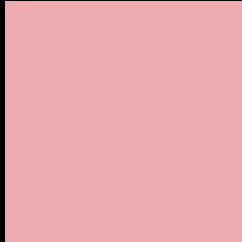
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491

### Protanopia

70.8280, -2.8392, 6.0924

### Deuteranopia

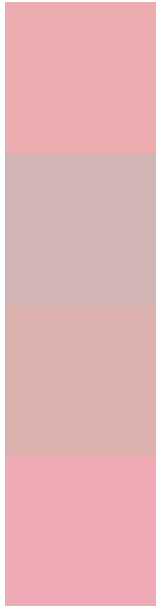
70.7272, 5.2473, 10.9553



## Tritanopia

70.8328, 21.8181, 6.5296

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491

## Protanomaly

70.5358, 5.0540, 7.2566

## Deuteranomaly

70.5929, 10.6891, 10.4811

## Tritanomaly

70.7455, 21.3711, 7.7791

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491

## Achromatopsia

72.1800, -3.8513, 3.9217

## Achromatomaly

71.4487, 3.9507, 6.0074

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 171, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 171, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 171, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 171, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 171, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 171, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 171, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 171, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 171, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 171,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.7211, 19.5887, 10.3491 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 171, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
171, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor