

Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.7749, -17.0102,
8.1575)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(70.7749, -17.0102,
8.1575) contains.

HunterLab(70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(70.9022,
-17.1491, 8.1682)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1C4B2
RGB	161, 196, 178
RGB Percent	63%, 77%, 70%
CMY	0.3686, 0.2314, 0.3020
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.09, 0.23
HSL	149°, 23%, 70%
HSV	149°, 18%, 77%
XYZ	42.4737, 50.2712, 49.5841
YIQ	183.4830, -15.0820, -13.0180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

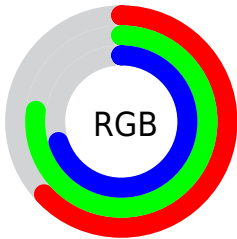
Format	Color
RYB	161, 185, 196
Decimal	10601650
CIELab	76.24, -15.30, 5.16
CIELCh	76, 16.149, 161.379
Yxy	50.2733, 0.2984, 0.3532
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288791730 (0xFFA1C4B2)
YUV	183.4830, -2.7031, -19.7176
Hunter-Lab	70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682

Details

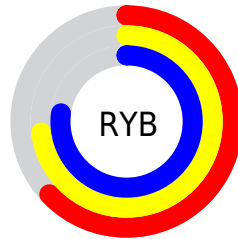
The HunterLab color $70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be $63.6250, 11.1115, -0.3442$, and the grayscale version is $69.0329, -3.6834, 3.7507$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95.2838, -20.0717, 9.9252$, and $49.0692, -14.2759, 6.5429$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $69.2848, -23.7239, 10.6092$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.7267, -9.9772, 5.8145$.

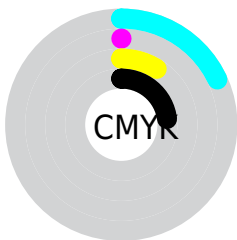
Distribution



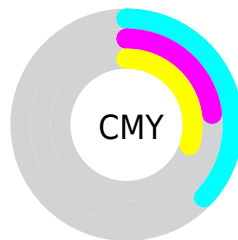
- Red (63%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 70.9022, -17.1491,
8.1682

■ 70.9022, -17.1491,
8.1682

196.9096,
-29.6649, 16.8747

■ 59.6914, -15.7467,
7.3023

■ 95.1734, -19.9271,
9.9624

■ 49.1417, -14.3237,
6.4544

■ 108.1722,
-21.3091, 10.8894

■ 39.2991, -12.8711,
5.6236

121.7142,
-22.6911, 11.8368

■ 30.2188, -11.3734,
4.8074

135.7784,
-24.0753, 12.8045

■ 21.9709, -9.8056,
4.0006

150.3461,
-25.4635, 13.7923

■ 14.6501, -8.1235,
3.1930

165.4005,

■ 8.3093, -8.4691,

-26.8571, 14.8001

3.0246

180.9263,
-28.2573, 15.8276

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.9022, -17.1491,
8.1682

■ 70.9022, -17.1491,
8.1682

■ 69.2848, -23.7239,
10.6092

■ 72.7267, -9.9772,
5.8145

■ 67.8733, -29.6341,
13.1107

■ 74.7487, -2.2732,
3.5645

■ 66.6698, -34.8270,
15.6453

■ 76.9628, 5.8918,
1.4342

■ 65.6721, -39.2636,
18.1818

■ 79.3610, 14.4500,
-0.5664

■ 64.8740, -42.9250,

■ 81.4652, 21.8597,

20.6864

-3.0536

■ 64.2654, -45.8168,
23.1243

■ 81.8190, 23.6804,
-8.0574

■ 63.8311, -47.9749,
25.4606

■ 82.1915, 25.5892,
-13.3021

■ 63.5441, -49.4935,
27.6561

■ 82.4389, 26.8527,
-16.7733

■ 63.4913, -49.7782,
28.0982

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.9037, -13.2191, 13.5456



70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682



70.9037, -17.5928, 1.0528

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.9037, -17.1504, 8.1692



70.9037, -0.8717, -11.2168



70.9037, 7.5507, 12.4723

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682



63.6250, 11.1115, -0.3442

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.9037, 11.1632, 6.5559



70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682



70.9037, 6.1653, -7.4212

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.9037, -17.1504, 8.1692



70.9037, -8.4072, -10.6673



70.9037, 10.6458, -0.7390



70.9037, 0.9545, 15.8430

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682



70.9037, -15.8727, -3.7920



70.9037, 10.6458, -0.7390



70.9037, 9.1666, 10.7431

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.9037, -17.1504, 8.1692



98.6135, -10.6139, 6.9689



71.8672, -14.5346, 16.2119



45.5355, -5.2472, 3.3254

0.0000, NaN, NaN



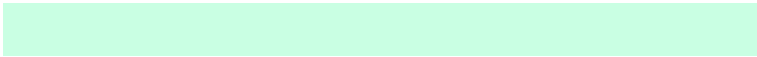
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.9037, -17.1504, 8.1692



94.6421, -26.2502, 12.1235



71.4270, -14.1964, 0.7003



33.6727, -5.1553, 2.8643



50.9097, -39.7954, 22.2742



10.6479, -7.8662, 3.6719

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.6250, 11.1115, -0.3442



83.0061, 18.9762, -1.4647



63.1034, 8.3622, 7.0952



31.8786, 1.7997, 0.7606



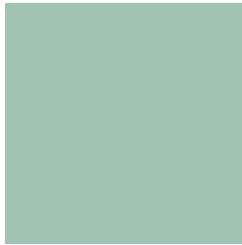
28.5649, 51.0844, 1.6663



6.0534, 11.0378, -1.2908

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

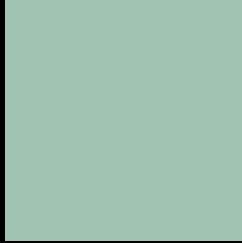
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

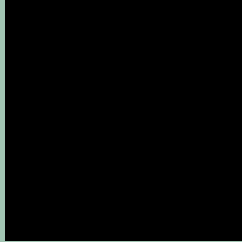
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.9022,

-17.1491, 8.1682.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682

Protanopia

70.7298, -3.7474, 10.3770

Deuteranopia

70.5648, 5.2092, 6.8417



Tritanopia

70.9304, -8.7746, -5.7904

Trichromacy



Original Color

70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682

Protanomaly

70.6167, -8.7122, 9.3090

Deuteranomaly

70.3487, -3.1364, 6.9015

Tritanomaly

70.7234, -11.8463, -0.4097

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682

Achromatopsia

68.8136, -3.6717, 3.7388

Achromatomaly

69.5820, -8.8871, 5.4706

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 196, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 196, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 196, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 196, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 196, 178) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 196, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 196, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 196, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 196, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 196,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.9022, -17.1491, 8.1682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 196, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
196, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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