

Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.7800, -19.9409,
-1.6575)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(70.7800, -19.9409,
-1.6575) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(70.7395,
-19.8266, -1.5365)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CC6C6
RGB	140, 198, 198
RGB Percent	55%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.4510, 0.2235, 0.2235
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	180°, 34%, 66%
HSV	180°, 29%, 78%
XYZ	41.2023, 50.0408, 60.9132
YIQ	180.6580, -34.5680, -12.2960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

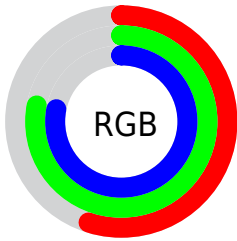
Format	Color
RYB	140, 169, 198
Decimal	9225926
CIELab	76.10, -18.55, -6.01
CIELCh	76, 19.497, 197.959
Yxy	50.0428, 0.2708, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287416006 (0xFF8CC6C6)
YUV	180.6580, 8.5496, -35.6571
Hunter-Lab	70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365

Details

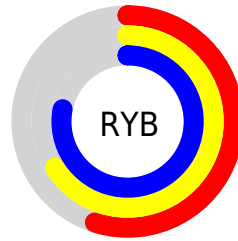
The HunterLab color $70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $57.1461, 16.8225, 9.7639$, and the grayscale version is $67.8103, -3.6182, 3.6843$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95.0485, -23.0148, -0.8496$, and $48.9759, -16.6862, -2.0557$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $69.6237, -24.0029, -3.0151$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.0558, -15.0030, 0.1760$.

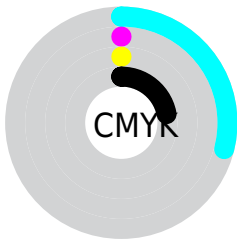
Distribution



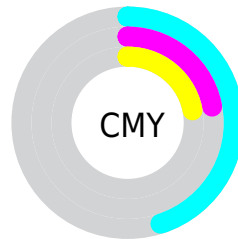
- Red (55%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 70.7395, -19.8266,
-1.5365

■ 70.7395, -19.8266,
-1.5365

196.6808,
-33.6058, 3.2714

■ 59.5377, -18.2453,
-1.8676

■ 94.9938, -22.9303,
-0.7319

■ 48.9977, -16.6309,
-2.1480

■ 107.9848,
-24.4630, -0.2669

■ 39.1655, -14.9705,
-2.3711

■ 121.5193,
-25.9890, 0.2368

■ 30.0963, -13.2438,
-2.5301

135.5762,
-27.5113, 0.7772

■ 21.8608, -11.4183,
-2.6155

150.1370,
-29.0323, 1.3523

■ 14.5539, -9.4366,
-2.6147

165.1846,

■ 8.2147, -10.2772,

-30.5541, 1.9606

-2.6792

180.7038,
-32.0781, 2.6007

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.7395, -19.8266,
-1.5365

■ 70.7395, -19.8266,
-1.5365

■ 69.6237, -24.0029,
-3.0151

■ 72.0558, -15.0030,
0.1760

■ 68.7018, -27.5040,
-4.2546

■ 73.5683, -9.5675,
2.1065

■ 67.9697, -30.3212,
-5.2512

■ 75.2759, -3.5681,
4.2402

■ 67.4187, -32.4641,
-6.0087

■ 77.1745, 2.9425,
6.5589

■ 67.0361, -33.9636,

■ 79.2583, 9.9086,

-6.5384

9.0437

■ 66.8046, -34.8756,
-6.8603

■ 81.0724, 15.8307,
11.1592

■ 66.6902, -35.3274,
-7.0195

■ 81.0724, 15.8308,
11.1589

■ 66.6835, -35.3542,
-7.0290

■ 81.0724, 15.8310,
11.1585

■ 81.0725, 15.8311,
11.1582

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.7409, -20.2564, 7.2708



70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365



70.7409, -15.2357, -9.8172

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.7409, -19.8275, -1.5354



70.7409, 9.8404, -8.3667



70.7409, -0.0513, 18.4067

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365



57.1461, 16.8225, 9.7639

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.7409, 8.4581, 15.2397



70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365



70.7409, 14.3613, 0.2506

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.7409, -19.8275, -1.5354



70.7409, 1.7575, -14.0946



70.7409, 13.8428, 8.8439



70.7409, -9.1491, 18.0573

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365



70.7409, -10.2932, -13.5849



70.7409, 13.8428, 8.8439



70.7409, 2.9811, 17.7366

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.7409, -19.8275, -1.5354



97.9306, -12.6111, 2.8459



69.2412, -28.6031, 20.9193



45.1618, -6.3521, 1.1327

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.7409, -19.8275, -1.5354



93.1771, -29.9511, -3.3074



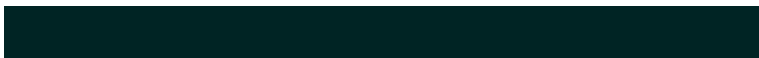
61.9606, -6.5114, -13.0595



34.7384, -4.5435, 0.9860



53.7743, -28.5100, -5.6683



11.7013, -6.2037, -1.2336

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.1461, 16.8225, 9.7639



71.5442, 28.7146, 14.7888



64.7445, 2.5812, 17.2188



32.6143, 1.1249, 2.7321



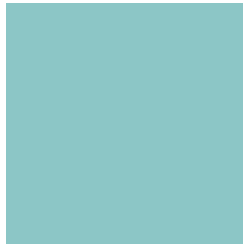
27.9422, 47.8520, 18.0552



6.0803, 10.4127, 3.9285

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

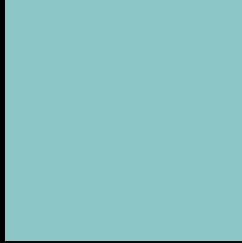
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

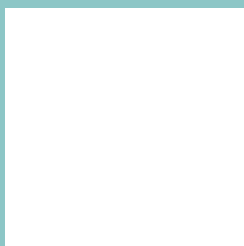
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365.



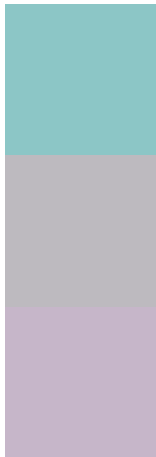
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7395,

-19.8266, -1.5365.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365

Protanopia

70.4970, -1.9613, 1.9511

Deuteranopia

70.4831, 4.6969, -2.9694



Tritanopia

70.7623, -15.4880, -8.8569

Trichromacy



Original Color

70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365

Protanomaly

70.2708, -8.8042, 0.0830

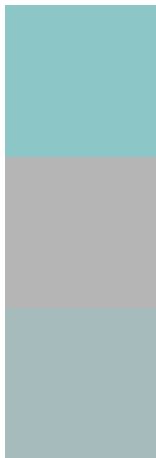
Deuteranomaly

70.3446, -5.0075, -2.7980

Tritanomaly

70.8437, -17.1842, -6.0515

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365

Achromatopsia

67.9762, -3.6270, 3.6933

Achromatomaly

68.7281, -9.9822, 1.6176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 198, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 198, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 198, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 198, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 198, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 198, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 198, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 198, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 198, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 198,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.7395, -19.8266, -1.5365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 198, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
198, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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