

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.7853, 32.5188,  
4.6380)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.7853, 32.5188,  
4.6380) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(70.7983, 32.5082,  
4.8231)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCA2BB
RGB	252, 162, 187
RGB Percent	99%, 64%, 73%
CMY	0.0118, 0.3647, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.26, 0.01
HSL	343°, 94%, 81%
HSV	343°, 36%, 99%
XYZ	62.0349, 50.1240, 53.4190
YIQ	191.7600, 45.6150, 26.8550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

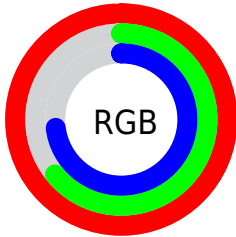
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	252, 162, 187
Decimal	16556731
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	76.15, 36.53, 1.13
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 36.550, 1.776
Yxy	50.1264, 0.3747, 0.3027
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294746811 (0xFFFC A2BB)
YUV	191.7600, -2.3467, 52.8305
Hunter-Lab	70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231

# Details

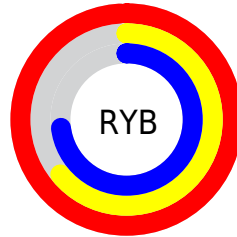
The HunterLab color **70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **91.0217, -34.6069, 8.1405**, and the grayscale version is **72.4987, -3.8684, 3.9390**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.2462, 12.4240, -2.3762**, and **49.1201, 30.3984, 3.5758** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.3342, 43.3623, 5.8992**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.9368, 21.6496, 4.3671**.

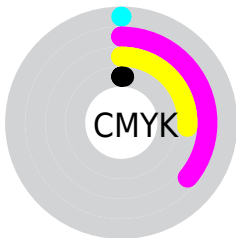
# Distribution



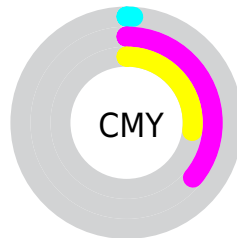
- Red (99%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70.7983, 32.5082,  
4.8231


 70.7983, 32.5082,  
4.8231


196.7638, 38.2922,  
12.0799

 59.5935, 31.4513,  
4.1595


 95.0590, 34.3207,  
6.2465

 49.0499, 30.2882,  
3.5271


 108.0528, 35.0983,  
7.0011

 39.2140, 29.0060,  
2.9289


121.5900, 35.7976,  
7.7834

 30.1408, 27.5958,  
2.3669

135.6496, 36.4243,  
8.5924

 21.9008, 26.0558,  
1.8430

150.2129, 36.9831,  
9.4273

 14.5888, 24.4125,  
1.3598

165.2629, 37.4782,

 8.2492, 23.3997,

10.2873

1.0182

180.7846, 37.9135,  
11.1717

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.7983, 32.5082,  
4.8231

■ 70.7983, 32.5082,  
4.8231

■ 64.3342, 43.3623,  
5.8992

■ 77.9368, 21.6496,  
4.3671

■ 58.6673, 53.8706,  
7.6770

■ 85.6362, 10.9774,  
4.4290

■ 53.9380, 63.4566,  
10.1942

■ 93.8098, 0.5623,  
4.9190

■ 50.2737, 71.3464,  
13.3835

99.7174, -6.3203,  
5.0828

■ 47.7515, 76.7514,

17.0289

■ 46.3439, 79.2431,  
20.7723

■ 45.9756, 79.6962,  
22.2550

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.8000, 27.8694, -12.7462



70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231



70.8000, 26.6714, 18.5341

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.8000, 32.5050, 4.8245



70.8000, -20.4113, 25.7677



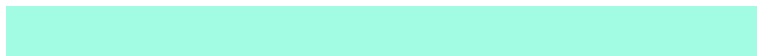
70.8000, -18.7912, -29.9549

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231



91.0217, -34.6069, 8.1405

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.8000, -29.8239, -14.8512



70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231



70.8000, -30.6944, 17.2077

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



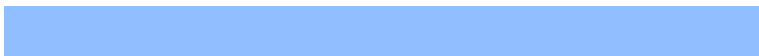
70.8000, 32.5050, 4.8245



70.8000, -4.8063, 28.6890



70.8000, -33.9709, 2.8692



70.8000, -2.7509, -35.4813



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231



70.8000, 17.9265, 24.4263



70.8000, -33.9709, 2.8692



70.8000, -23.1531, -25.6761

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.8000, 32.5050, 4.8245



90.6388, 6.1251, 4.6738



70.0866, 35.2887, -34.1039



41.4162, 3.4980, 2.1333

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.8000, 32.5050, 4.8245



66.8915, 41.0112, 5.6198



75.2050, 18.6202, 19.7159



41.5986, 2.0492, 2.1512



33.2146, 57.6387, 15.5899



10.1928, 17.8524, 3.5091



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.8000, 32.5050, 4.8245



66.8915, 41.0112, 5.6198



85.2681, -20.5371, -11.8553



41.5986, 2.0492, 2.1512



33.2146, 57.6387, 15.5899



10.1928, 17.8524, 3.5091



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

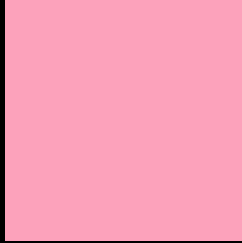
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7983, 32.5082,

4.8231.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231

### Protanopia

71.0607, -0.8443, -2.8489

### Deuteranopia

70.9117, 5.0065, 6.3256



## Tritanopia

70.8482, 29.4402, 9.7984

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231



## Protanomaly

70.5130, 10.4205, -0.7836



## Deuteranomaly

70.6880, 14.4794, 5.7757



## Tritanomaly

70.7099, 30.5466, 7.8996

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231



## Achromatopsia

72.6027, -3.8739, 3.9446



## Achromatomaly

71.4574, 8.7163, 3.7641

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 162, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 162, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 162, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 162, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 162, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 162, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 162, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 162, 187); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 162, 187); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 162, 187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.7983, 32.5082, 4.8231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 162, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
162, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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