

Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.8043, -0.0277,
-29.9075)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(70.8043, -0.0277,
-29.9075) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(70.7480, -0.0039,
-30.1499)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FBCF7
RGB	159, 188, 247
RGB Percent	62%, 74%, 97%
CMY	0.3765, 0.2627, 0.0314
CMYK	0.36, 0.24, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	220°, 85%, 80%
HSV	220°, 36%, 97%
XYZ	49.0698, 50.0528, 95.0707
YIQ	186.0550, -36.2230, 12.2010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

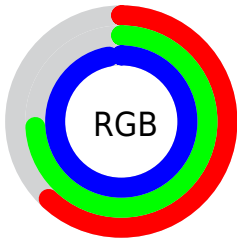
Format	Color
RYB	159, 181, 247
Decimal	10468599
CIELab	76.10, 4.12, -32.36
CIElCh	76, 32.622, 277.252
Yxy	50.0547, 0.2527, 0.2578
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288658679 (0xFF9FBCF7)
YUV	186.0550, 30.0459, -23.7272
Hunter-Lab	70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499

Details

The HunterLab color $70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCFF$. A complement of this color would be $85.1007, -2.7540, 29.5367$, and the grayscale version is $69.9860, -3.7343, 3.8025$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93.0163, -11.7141, -3.1933$, and $48.9783, 0.5424, -28.7819$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.1111, 2.8372, -41.8247$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $77.6682, -2.1340, -19.3531$.

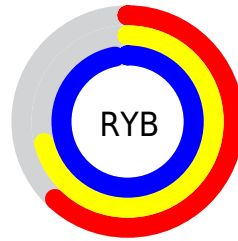
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (74%)

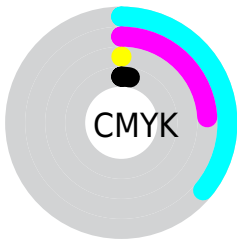
Blue (97%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (97%)

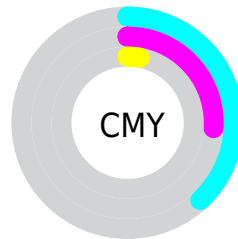


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 70.7480, -0.0039,
-30.1499

■ 70.7480, -0.0039,
-30.1499

■ 196.6926, -5.2254,
-32.7419

■ 59.5457, 0.3877,
-29.6082

■ 95.0031, -0.9179,
-31.0799

■ 49.0051, 0.7317,
-29.0274

■ 107.9945, -1.4333,
-31.4670

■ 39.1724, 1.0225,
-28.4241

■ 121.5294, -1.9849,
-31.8020

■ 30.1027, 1.2536,
-27.8369

■ 135.5867, -2.5706,
-32.0859

■ 21.8665, 1.4154,
-27.3554

■ 150.1478, -3.1889,
-32.3202

■ 14.5589, 1.4940,
-27.2092

■ 165.1958, -3.8383,

■ 8.2196, 1.7442,

-32.5065

-28.6016

180.7154, -4.5175,
-32.6466

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 70.7480, -0.0039,
-30.1499

■ 70.7480, -0.0039,
-30.1499

■ 64.1111, 2.8372,
-41.8247

■ 77.6682, -2.1340,
-19.3531

■ 57.8004, 6.5407,
-54.5336

■ 84.8306, -3.6766,
-9.2950

■ 51.8768, 11.2749,
-68.4078

■ 92.2073, -4.7335,
0.1523

■ 46.4148, 17.2058,
-83.5046

■ 99.5059, -6.3228,
8.7720

■ 41.5044, 24.4407,

■ 99.7474, -6.7212,

-99.7027

9.0409

■ 37.2433, 32.9175,
-116.5619

■ 35.5807, 36.8694,
-124.0633

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.7494, -14.8606, -27.3358



70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499



70.7494, 15.0384, -22.4173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.7494, -0.0044, -30.1484



70.7494, 21.3480, 18.8588



70.7494, -29.0513, 13.8934

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499



85.1007, -2.7540, 29.5367

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.7494, -20.8142, 22.7922



70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499



70.7494, 8.0301, 25.2023

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.7494, -0.0044, -30.1484



70.7494, 28.0319, 7.3132



70.7494, -7.4756, 26.4701



70.7494, -30.8041, 0.2047

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499



70.7494, 22.8676, -13.1299



70.7494, -7.4756, 26.4701



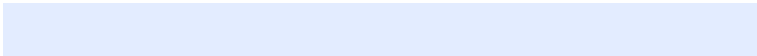
70.7494, -26.9853, 17.4480

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.7494, -0.0044, -30.1484



91.4579, -4.3742, -5.0527



88.8472, -34.5939, 10.0296



41.8333, -1.9519, -2.9567

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.7494, -0.0044, -30.1484



68.2034, 2.1111, -40.1800



63.6191, 19.3298, -42.4686



41.0106, -2.0097, -1.5720



26.3175, 25.6101, -88.1794



8.8830, 4.9277, -21.7406

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.4284, 32.3345, 2.7164



67.0627, 41.8340, 3.1756



92.8642, -22.3731, 35.8876



40.7094, 2.0902, 1.8517



32.8612, 57.3124, 13.1983



9.8351, 17.3324, 2.5605

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

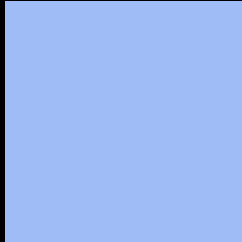
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

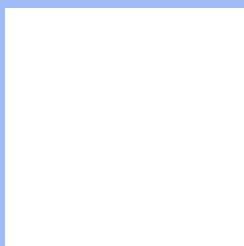
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7480, -0.0039,

-30.1499.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499

Protanopia

70.6742, 4.1824, -28.8488

Deuteranopia

70.5896, 5.6772, -30.9948



Tritanopia

70.8289, -13.7552, -7.6359

Trichromacy



Original Color

70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499

Protanomaly

70.7016, 2.8348, -29.5005

Deuteranomaly

70.4916, 3.8292, -31.1912

Tritanomaly

70.5686, -8.8962, -15.3260

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499

Achromatopsia

70.0729, -3.7389, 3.8072

Achromatomaly

70.2316, -3.2982, -7.1589

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 188, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 188, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 188, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 188, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 188, 247) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 188, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 188, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 188, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 188, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 188,  
247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.7480, -0.0039, -30.1499 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 188, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
188, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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