

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.8082, 32.7999,  
-35.0122)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.8082, 32.7999,  
-35.0122) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(70.8381, 32.5591,  
-34.9645)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFA6FF
RGB	223, 166, 255
RGB Percent	87%, 65%, 100%
CMY	0.1255, 0.3490, 0.0000
CMYK	0.13, 0.35, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	278°, 100%, 83%
HSV	278°, 35%, 100%
XYZ	62.1176, 50.1804, 101.0195
YIQ	193.1890, 5.4030, 39.7630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

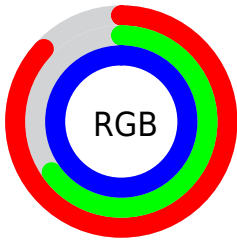
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 166, 255
Decimal	14657279
CIE Lab	76.18, 36.58, -36.13
CIE LCh	76, 51.414, 315.351
Yxy	50.1824, 0.2912, 0.2352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292847359 (0xFFDFA6FF)
YUV	193.1890, 30.4728, 26.1442
Hunter-Lab	70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645

# Details

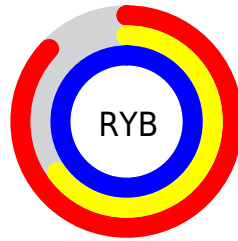
The HunterLab color  $70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC99FF$ . A complement of this color would be  $92.8867, -35.8492, 33.5796$ , and the grayscale version is  $72.9806, -3.8941, 3.9652$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $89.8457, 12.4599, -6.8518$ , and  $49.0948, 30.5561, -33.7339$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $63.5571, 43.7620, -48.3262$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $78.6679, 21.4473, -22.4532$ .

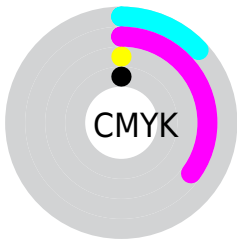
# Distribution



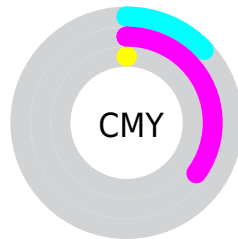
- Red (87%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70.8381, 32.5591,  
-34.9645

70.8381, 32.5591,  
-34.9645

196.8194, 38.3565,  
-38.3715

59.6308, 31.5022,  
-34.3519

95.1026, 34.3758,  
-36.0588

49.0849, 30.3377,  
-33.7166

108.0983, 35.1547,  
-36.5355

39.2465, 29.0540,  
-33.0838

121.6374, 35.8554,  
-36.9624

30.1705, 27.6425,  
-32.5105

135.6987, 36.4834,  
-37.3395

21.9275, 26.1013,  
-32.1232

150.2637, 37.0435,  
-37.6678

14.6121, 24.4568,  
-32.2392

165.3154, 37.5400,

8.2721, 23.4201,

-37.9484

-34.3439

180.8386, 37.9765,  
-38.1824

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 70.8381, 32.5591,  
-34.9645

■ 70.8381, 32.5591,  
-34.9645

■ 63.5571, 43.7620,  
-48.3262

■ 78.6679, 21.4473,  
-22.4532

■ 56.9334, 54.8271,  
-62.4819

■ 86.9532, 10.5299,  
-10.7449

■ 51.1052, 65.2925,  
-77.1258

■ 95.6258, -0.1698,  
0.2624

■ 46.2251, 74.3911,  
-91.5612

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 42.4319, 81.0880,

-104.6293

■ 39.7893, 84.4255,  
-114.9788

■ 38.7814, 85.0309,  
-119.2533

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.8395, 8.9953, -53.6820



70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645



70.8395, 47.2418, -8.3115

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.8395, 32.5573, -34.9621



70.8395, 8.4058, 34.7581



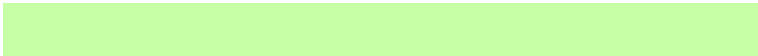
70.8395, -43.3939, -8.9281

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645



92.8867, -35.8492, 33.5796

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.8395, -43.5071, 14.1869



70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645



70.8395, -15.7163, 34.6916

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.8395, 32.5573, -34.9621



70.8395, 32.0760, 28.7212



70.8395, -34.0135, 28.4926



70.8395, -33.6801, -35.5423



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645



70.8395, 48.9100, 7.8712



70.8395, -34.0135, 28.4926



70.8395, -44.5080, -0.4089

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.8395, 32.5573, -34.9621



91.1582, 5.2598, -5.2703



74.8379, -1.8897, -28.8709



41.6118, 3.1302, -3.1571

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.8395, 32.5573, -34.9621



65.6068, 40.5130, -44.3628



74.1709, 41.2501, -21.4407



42.3729, 2.1882, -2.1863



28.1884, 61.6566, -85.5293



9.1391, 19.6702, -25.2502



# Inverse Universe

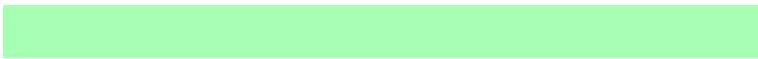
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.5337, 33.1992, 1.6038



67.8019, 41.2038, 1.6793



91.0146, -42.5638, 27.9439



42.5382, 2.2618, 1.7788



33.9640, 59.4208, 12.2074

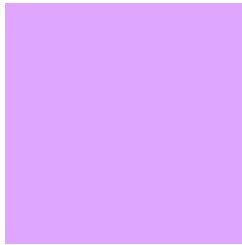


10.6919, 18.8858, 2.4468



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

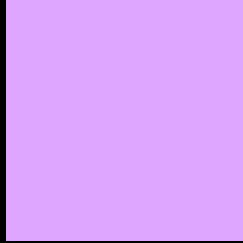
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

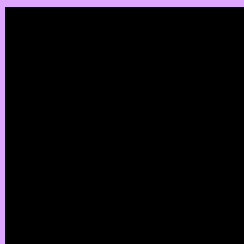
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645.

-34.9645.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645

### Protanopia

71.1008, 4.9788, -34.9929

### Deuteranopia

70.9372, 5.5911, -32.4726



## Tritanopia

70.8778, 9.9094, 1.6443

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645



## Protanomaly

70.7283, 14.1822, -35.4768



## Deuteranomaly

70.5806, 14.8880, -33.6111



## Tritanomaly

70.6977, 18.0383, -10.6035

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645



## Achromatopsia

73.0258, -3.8965, 3.9676



## Achromatomaly

71.8764, 8.8926, -9.1439

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 166, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 166, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 166, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 166, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 166, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 166, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 166, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 166, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 166, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 166,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.8381, 32.5591, -34.9645 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 166, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
166, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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