

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.8176, 5.9399,  
8.0358)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(70.8176, 5.9399,  
8.0358)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3B5B3
RGB	211, 181, 179
RGB Percent	83%, 71%, 70%
CMY	0.1725, 0.2902, 0.2980
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.15, 0.17
HSL	4°, 27%, 76%
HSV	4°, 15%, 83%
XYZ	51.5245, 50.1513, 49.6124
YIQ	189.7420, 18.5220, 5.7380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

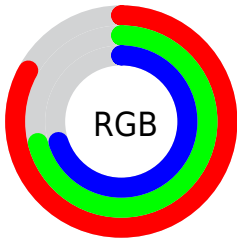
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 181, 179
Decimal	13874611
CIE Lab	76.16, 10.44, 5.00
CIE LCh	76, 11.572, 25.603
Yxy	50.1536, 0.3406, 0.3315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292064691 (0xFFD3B5B3)
YUV	189.7420, -5.2958, 18.6433
Hunter-Lab	70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358

# Details

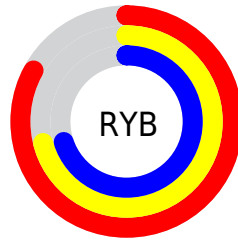
The HunterLab color  $70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $77.3863, -12.8336, 0.2434$ , and the grayscale version is  $71.6664, -3.8239, 3.8938$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $93.7158, 0.7907, 8.0359$ , and  $49.0027, 6.0234, 6.4182$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $64.7172, 13.1007, 10.5135$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $77.2635, -0.8970, 5.6140$ .

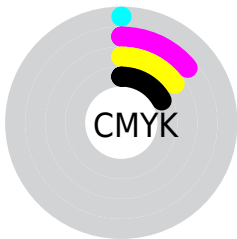
# Distribution



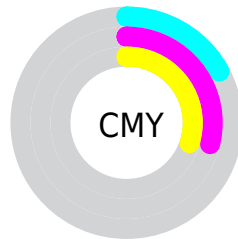
- Red (83%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 70.8176, 5.9399,  
8.0358

 70.8176, 5.9399,  
8.0358

196.7908, 2.9797,  
16.6843

 59.6116, 6.0230,  
7.1782


 95.0802, 5.5951,  
9.8153

 49.0669, 6.0426,  
6.3389


108.0749, 5.3472,  
10.7354

 39.2297, 5.9884,  
5.5176


121.6130, 5.0530,  
11.6761

 30.1552, 5.8491,  
4.7116

135.6734, 4.7156,  
12.6374

 21.9138, 5.6092,  
3.9162

150.2375, 4.3376,  
13.6191

 14.6001, 5.2458,  
3.1216

165.2884, 3.9210,

 8.2603, 5.0966,

14.6210

2.9592

180.8108, 3.4678,  
15.6428

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.8176, 5.9399,  
8.0358

■ 70.8176, 5.9399,  
8.0358

■ 64.7172, 13.1007,  
10.5135

■ 77.2635, -0.8970,  
5.6140

■ 59.0182, 20.5901,  
13.0264

■ 84.0015, -7.4279,  
3.2491

■ 53.7967, 28.3518,  
15.5358

■ 90.9941, -13.6896,  
0.9400

■ 49.1418, 36.2385,  
17.9676

■ 96.2232, -18.7349,  
0.6697

■ 45.1532, 43.9629,

20.2012

■ 41.9310, 51.0691,  
22.0707

■ 39.5538, 56.9746,  
23.3958

■ 38.0464, 61.1350,  
24.0578

■ 37.6063, 62.3973,  
24.2652

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.8192, 6.9940, 3.0849



70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358



70.8192, 2.2475, 11.6116

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.8192, 5.9377, 8.0370



70.8192, -12.2403, 9.2687



70.8192, -4.5857, -6.8451

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358



77.3863, -12.8336, 0.2434

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.8192, -9.6173, -4.8925



70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358



70.8192, -13.9508, 4.6164

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.8192, 5.9377, 8.0370



70.8192, -8.2633, 12.2841



70.8192, -13.0052, -0.5989



70.8192, 0.8124, -5.7576



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358



70.8192, -1.1528, 12.8635



70.8192, -13.0052, -0.5989



70.8192, -6.3744, -6.5187

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.8192, 5.9377, 8.0370



95.8207, -1.2034, 6.9227



71.2131, 12.0922, -6.3461



44.0627, -0.2846, 3.3003

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.8192, 5.9377, 8.0370



85.4064, 10.0023, 10.8812



75.4024, -2.0446, 12.8917



34.5331, 0.9088, 3.0752



29.3031, 48.1748, 18.8998



7.2303, 10.4107, 4.6376



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.3863, -12.8336, 0.2434



95.1261, -17.8126, -0.6626



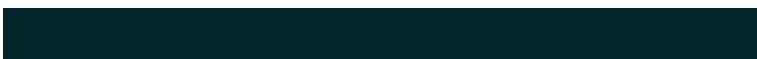
72.5290, -5.0838, -5.7762



36.4348, -4.5186, 0.8206



52.1637, -25.3052, -10.5735

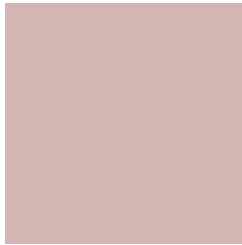


12.4926, -6.1772, -2.2799



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

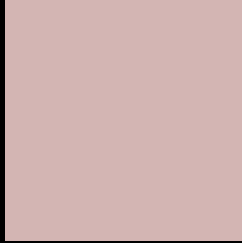
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

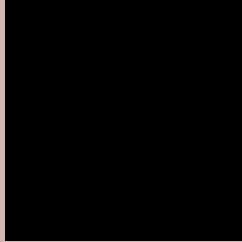
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.8176, 5.9399,

8.0358.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358

### Protanopia

70.8911, -2.6790, 6.6223

### Deuteranopia

70.8984, 4.7304, 8.1051



## Tritanopia

70.8778, 9.9094, 1.6443

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358

## Protanomaly

70.9320, 0.4578, 7.1750

## Deuteranomaly

71.0016, 5.0764, 8.2265

## Tritanomaly

70.9016, 8.2199, 4.0479

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358

## Achromatopsia

71.7578, -3.8288, 3.8987

## Achromatomaly

71.4784, -0.4191, 5.5043

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 181, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 181, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 181, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 181, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 181, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 181, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 181, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 181, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 181, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 181,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.8176, 5.9399, 8.0358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 181, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
181, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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