

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.9092, 27.8291,  
18.9824)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.9092, 27.8291,  
18.9824) contains.

<b>HunterLab(70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(70.7890, 28.0827,  
18.8700)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA499
RGB	255, 164, 153
RGB Percent	100%, 64%, 60%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3568, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	6°, 100%, 80%
HSV	6°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	60.2652, 50.1108, 36.6330
YIQ	189.9550, 57.7670, 15.8710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

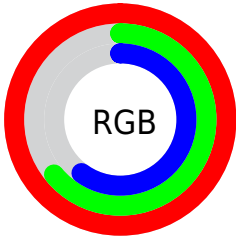
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 165, 153
Decimal	16753817
CIE Lab	76.14, 32.40, 19.76
CIE LCh	76, 37.950, 31.372
Yxy	50.1133, 0.4099, 0.3409
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294943897 (0xFFFFA499)
YUV	189.9550, -18.2188, 57.0445
Hunter-Lab	70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700

# Details

The HunterLab color **70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **88.7076, -27.3891, -9.0518**, and the grayscale version is **71.7975, -3.8309, 3.9009**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.7219, 5.3987, 14.2498**, and **49.0550, 26.4013, 15.4966** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.7545, 37.3715, 22.0142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.4154, 19.1110, 15.5772**.

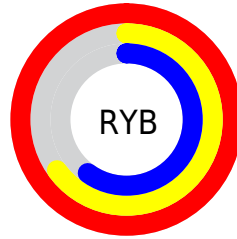
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (64%)

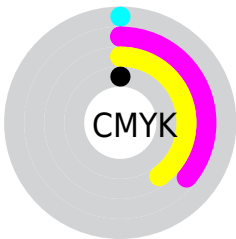
Blue (60%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (60%)

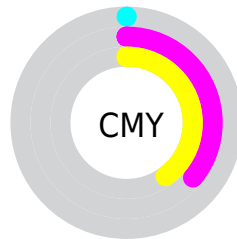


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70.7890, 28.0827,  
18.8700


 70.7890, 28.0827,  
18.8700


196.7508, 32.5517,  
33.2057

 59.5847, 27.1907,  
17.2005


 95.0488, 29.5764,  
22.1272

 49.0417, 26.1965,  
15.4867


 108.0421, 30.2008,  
23.7278

 39.2064, 25.0853,  
13.7129


121.5789, 30.7509,  
25.3171

 30.1338, 23.8455,  
11.8540

135.6381, 31.2321,  
26.8990

 21.8945, 22.4680,  
9.8711

150.2010, 31.6490,  
28.4766

 14.5833, 20.9603,  
7.9148

165.2507, 32.0056,

 8.2438, 19.9623,

30.0523

5.7706

180.7719, 32.3055,  
31.6281

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.7890, 28.0827,  
18.8700

■ 70.7890, 28.0827,  
18.8700

■ 64.7545, 37.3715,  
22.0142

■ 77.4154, 19.1110,  
15.5772

■ 59.4109, 46.7874,  
24.8827

■ 84.5389, 10.5500,  
12.2117

■ 54.8735, 55.9586,  
27.3055

■ 92.0873, 2.4090,  
8.8219

■ 51.2501, 64.3300,  
29.0828

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 48.6171, 71.2283,

30.0481

■ 46.9763, 76.0293,  
30.2775

■ 46.9762, 76.0295,  
30.2775

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.7907, 34.0319, 4.6328



70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700



70.7907, 13.4821, 26.9947

# Triad

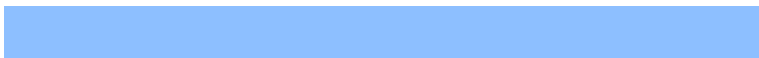
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.7907, 28.0792, 18.8712



70.7907, -31.5378, 17.8182



70.7907, -2.9550, -37.3318

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700



88.7076, -27.3891, -9.0518

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.7907, -19.5336, -31.3442



70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700



70.7907, -35.0176, 3.0648

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.7907, 28.0792, 18.8712



70.7907, -20.8279, 26.5015



70.7907, -30.8444, -15.4054



70.7907, 15.0492, -30.2024



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700



70.7907, 1.4587, 29.1889



70.7907, -30.8444, -15.4054



70.7907, -8.8727, -36.7785

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.7907, 28.0792, 18.8712



90.5463, 4.0048, 9.5005



71.1500, 48.8001, -27.1566



41.4291, 2.3389, 4.6004

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.7907, 28.0792, 18.8712



65.9096, 35.4951, 21.4030



84.7081, 1.5584, 31.1297



42.7813, 0.9330, 4.0037



34.1055, 54.4653, 21.9692



11.0948, 15.5413, 7.1086



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.7076, -27.3891, -9.0518



86.9225, -30.2351, -11.5002



72.4481, -2.5220, -32.8268



44.8629, -5.3895, 0.7880



57.2301, -25.5414, -16.3961



18.1132, -8.2923, -4.7392



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

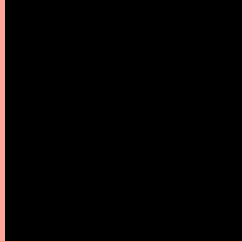
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.7890, 28.0827,

18.8700.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700

### Protanopia

71.1009, -4.4221, 14.0505

### Deuteranopia

70.9294, 4.8292, 19.6717



## Tritanopia

70.8214, 31.8257, 10.6727

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700



## Protanomaly

70.5116, 6.8923, 15.2174



## Deuteranomaly

70.7461, 12.9331, 19.2828



## Tritanomaly

70.8573, 30.2223, 14.0040

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700



## Achromatopsia

71.7578, -3.8288, 3.8987



## Achromatomaly

71.0762, 6.6893, 9.2164

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 164, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 164, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 164, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 164, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 164, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 164, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 164, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 164, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 164, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 164,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.7890, 28.0827, 18.8700 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 164, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
164, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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