

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.9211, -33.5700,  
4.7421)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.9211, -33.5700,  
4.7421) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(70.9211,  
-33.5700, 4.7421)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63CEB9
RGB	99, 206, 185
RGB Percent	39%, 81%, 73%
CMY	0.6117, 0.1921, 0.2745
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.10, 0.19
HSL	168°, 52%, 60%
HSV	168°, 52%, 81%
XYZ	35.9739, 50.2980, 53.7114
YIQ	171.6130, -57.0310, -29.2150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

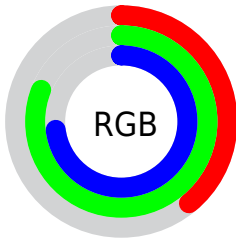
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">99, 158, 206</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6540985</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.25, -35.96, 1.03</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">76, 35.976, 178.362</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">50.3000, 0.2570, 0.3593</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284731065 (0xFF63CEB9)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">171.6130, 6.5998, -63.6816</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421</a>

# Details

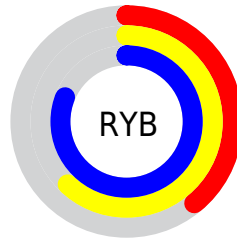
The HunterLab color **70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **48.3766, 38.2382, 8.6986**, and the grayscale version is **64.0611, -3.4181, 3.4806**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.2166, -34.5123, 2.7141**, and **49.1317, -28.2465, 3.4370** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.0825, -37.1075, 5.5701**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.9619, -29.3106, 4.1421**.

# Distribution



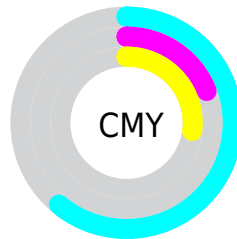
- Red (39%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70.9211, -33.5700,  
4.7421

70.9211, -33.5700,  
4.7421

196.9360,  
-54.3357, 11.9641

59.7092, -30.9940,  
4.0828

95.1941, -38.4855,  
6.1562

49.1583, -28.3092,  
3.4554

108.1938,  
-40.8535, 6.9068

39.3146, -25.4839,  
2.8627

121.7367,  
-43.1760, 7.6851

30.2329, -22.4701,  
2.3065

135.8017,  
-45.4609, 8.4904

21.9837, -19.1925,  
1.7893

150.3703,  
-47.7146, 9.3217

14.6612, -15.5238,  
1.3136

165.4254,

8.3202, -14.5603,

-49.9423, 10.1782

0.9653

180.9520,  
-52.1481, 11.0592

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.9211, -33.5700,  
4.7421

■ 70.9211, -33.5700,  
4.7421

■ 70.0825, -37.1075,  
5.5701

■ 71.9619, -29.3106,  
4.1421

■ 69.4326, -39.9268,  
6.6043

■ 73.2064, -24.3429,  
3.7801

■ 68.9590, -42.0587,  
7.8204

■ 74.6581, -18.7003,  
3.6639

■ 68.6425, -43.5638,  
9.1859


■ 76.3167, -12.4285,  
3.7945

■ 68.4702, -44.4407,


■ 78.1793, -5.5821,


10.3528

4.1684

 80.2410, 1.7791,  
4.7778

 82.4957, 9.5935,  
5.6120

 83.9239, 14.5286,  
5.4226

 84.0510, 15.1956,  
3.6098

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.9225, -29.5066, 18.3002



70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421



70.9225, -30.2998, -12.5404

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.9225, -33.5706, 4.7430



70.9225, 12.4027, -29.2806



70.9225, 14.1695, 25.5444

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421



48.3766, 38.2382, 8.6986

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.9225, 27.2998, 17.0900



70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421



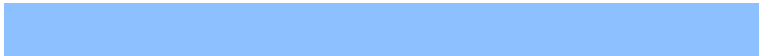
70.9225, 26.2141, -14.4464

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.9225, -33.5706, 4.7430



70.9225, -4.7193, -34.7453



70.9225, 31.8994, 2.9665



70.9225, -2.8519, 28.4235



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421



70.9225, -24.2094, -23.5043



70.9225, 31.8994, 2.9665



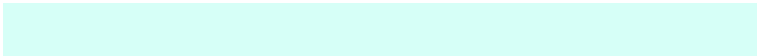
70.9225, 19.2422, 23.3755

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.9225, -33.5706, 4.7430



96.2087, -19.3123, 4.7208



70.0480, -40.7180, 32.4581



44.3077, -9.7025, 2.1689

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.9225, -33.5706, 4.7430



89.1269, -47.5638, 7.1892



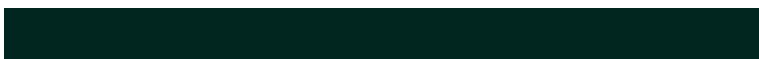
61.1099, -15.2108, -19.2664



35.6200, -4.9804, 1.7942



53.7411, -34.7937, 7.9378



12.2468, -7.6573, 1.2224



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.3766, 38.2382, 8.6986



55.9890, 59.5041, 13.9405



55.0307, 19.9393, 21.5396



33.5396, 1.4494, 2.0546



28.6133, 49.3758, 15.5848

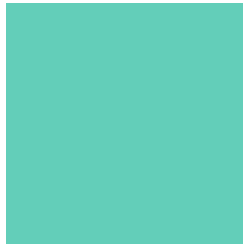


6.5825, 11.5226, 2.3159



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

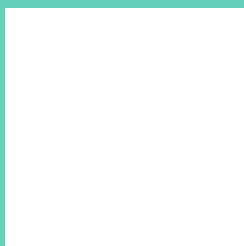
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421.



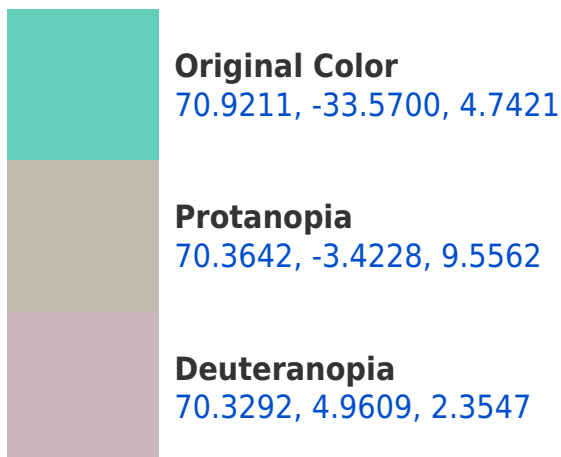
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421.

-33.5700, 4.7421.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

70.8168, -23.1767, -12.3020

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421



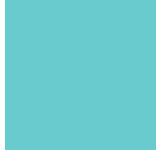
## Protanomaly

69.8034, -16.2787, 6.9519



## Deuteranomaly

69.6111, -11.5374, 2.1693



## Tritanomaly

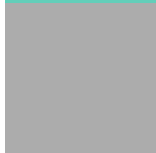
70.8747, -27.2176, -5.6519

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421



## Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897



## Achromatomaly

65.9356, -15.8891, 2.9484

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 206, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 206, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 206, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 206, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 206, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 206, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 206, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 206, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 206, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 206,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.9211, -33.5700, 4.7421 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 206, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 206,  
185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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