

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.9671, 14.1532,  
-28.8651)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.9671, 14.1532,  
-28.8651) contains.

<b>HunterLab(70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(70.9671, 14.1532,  
-28.8651)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2B3F6
RGB	194, 179, 246
RGB Percent	76%, 70%, 96%
CMY	0.2392, 0.2980, 0.0353
CMYK	0.21, 0.27, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	253°, 79%, 83%
HSV	253°, 27%, 96%
XYZ	55.0027, 50.3633, 94.0108
YIQ	191.1230, -12.5670, 24.0170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

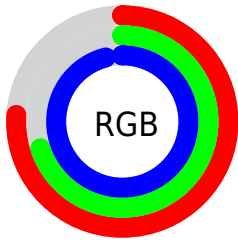
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	194, 179, 246
Decimal	12760054
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	76.29, 18.85, -31.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 36.556, 301.046
Yxy	50.3653, 0.2759, 0.2526
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290950134 (0xFFC2B3F6)
YUV	191.1230, 27.0544, 2.5231
Hunter-Lab	70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651

# Details

The HunterLab color  $70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $92.8204, -20.0346, 29.6017$ , and the grayscale version is  $72.1265, -3.8485, 3.9188$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $93.3520, 4.0247, -2.4941$ , and  $49.0763, 13.3888, -27.6889$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $62.4517, 21.9471, -43.9088$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $79.8824, 6.7953, -15.3713$ .

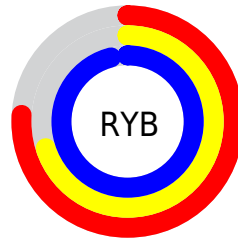
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (70%)

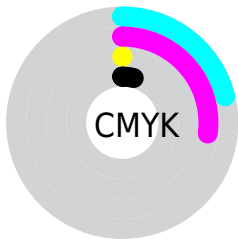
Blue (96%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (96%)

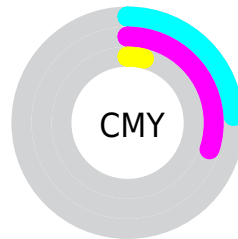


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651

■ 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651

197.0007, 14.1182, -31.2109

■ 59.7526, 13.8474, -28.3462

■ 95.2449, 14.5403, -29.7431

■ 49.1991, 13.4579, -27.7847

108.2468, 14.6368, -30.1029

■ 39.3524, 12.9725, -27.1942

121.7918, 14.6751, -30.4101

■ 30.2676, 12.3768, -26.6085

135.8589, 14.6593, -30.6660

■ 22.0148, 11.6521, -26.1064

150.4294, 14.5928, -30.8723

■ 14.6884, 10.7748, -25.8920

165.4865, 14.4787,

■ 8.3467, 10.0881,

-31.0307

-26.9731

181.0149, 14.3198,  
-31.1431

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 70.9671, 14.1532,  
-28.8651

■ 70.9671, 14.1532,  
-28.8651

■ 62.4517, 21.9471,  
-43.9088

■ 79.8824, 6.7953,  
-15.3713

■ 54.4212, 30.2749,  
-60.9259

■ 89.1293, -0.2174,  
-3.0824

■ 47.0039, 39.1831,  
-80.3301

■ 98.6622, -6.9663,  
8.2776

■ 40.3804, 48.5497,  
-102.2871

■ 99.7165, -6.8909,  
9.4826

■ 34.7984, 57.8228,

-126.0999

■ 30.5557, 65.6823,  
-149.2038

■ 27.8805, 70.2499,  
-167.0052

■ 27.3279, 71.1474,  
-171.0794

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.9685, -3.1836, -35.5141



70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651



70.9685, 27.6516, -13.1861

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.9685, 14.1521, -28.8635



70.9685, 13.0040, 26.3102



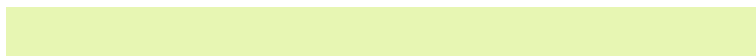
70.9685, -34.0222, 3.2842

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651



92.8204, -20.0346, 29.6017

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.9685, -30.5619, 17.5120



70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651



70.9685, -4.3954, 28.7370

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.9685, 14.1521, -28.8635



70.9685, 26.9455, 18.2942



70.9685, -20.1105, 25.9403



70.9685, -30.0486, -14.4269



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651



70.9685, 32.0644, -1.2293



70.9685, -20.1105, 25.9403



70.9685, -33.6928, 8.6039

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.9685, 14.1521, -28.8635



92.0802, 0.3330, -4.1722



85.8264, -17.2196, -7.6473



41.9211, 0.6560, -2.7969

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.9685, 14.1521, -28.8635



68.6996, 19.4123, -38.9774



74.3166, 24.7235, -23.3337



40.1318, 0.6153, -2.6547



20.0921, 52.0842, -124.0368



6.3143, 15.7568, -34.2398



# Inverse Universe

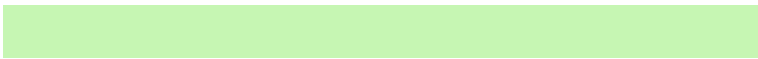
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.8976, 28.4021, -11.7949



75.0964, 37.1979, -15.8255



90.0949, -30.1170, 26.9216



40.8669, 2.9350, -0.3896



35.3357, 66.2531, -21.6599

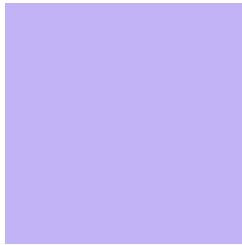


10.5482, 19.8984, -7.4033



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

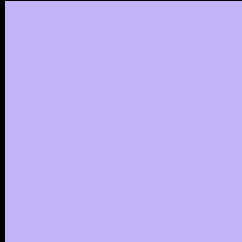
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

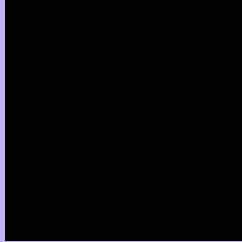
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651.

-28.8651.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651

### Protanopia

71.1540, 4.7987, -32.1205

### Deuteranopia

71.0778, 5.5372, -28.1648



## Tritanopia

70.8830, -1.4559, -3.0860

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651

## Protanomaly

70.9156, 8.3532, -31.0861

## Deuteranomaly

71.0822, 8.5562, -28.1048

## Tritanomaly

70.8250, 4.0412, -11.8141

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651

## Achromatopsia

72.1800, -3.8513, 3.9217

## Achromatomaly

71.7288, 2.0530, -6.7059

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 179, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 179, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 179, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 179, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 179, 246) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 179, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 179, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 179, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 179, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 179,  
246) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.9671, 14.1532, -28.8651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 179, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
179, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor