

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.0794, -4.3941,  
5.4657)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(71.0794, -4.3941, 5.4657)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(71.2157, -4.4653,  
5.5919)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDBDB9
RGB	189, 189, 185
RGB Percent	74%, 74%, 73%
CMY	0.2588, 0.2588, 0.2745
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.26
HSL	60°, 3%, 73%
HSV	60°, 2%, 74%
XYZ	47.9408, 50.7168, 53.1614
YIQ	188.5440, 1.2840, -1.2440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

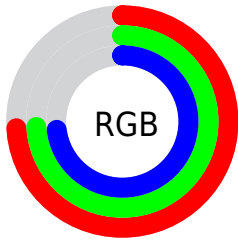
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	185, 189, 185
Decimal	12434873
CIELab	76.51, -0.73, 2.01
CIELCh	77, 2.139, 109.982
Yxy	50.7189, 0.3158, 0.3341
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290624953 (0xFFBDBDB9)
YUV	188.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999
Hunter-Lab	71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919

# Details

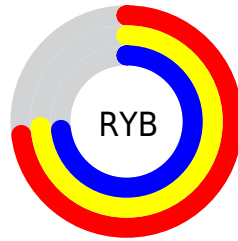
The HunterLab color  $71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $69.7765, -3.0423, 2.0318$ , and the grayscale version is  $71.1518, -3.7965, 3.8658$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $95.4296, -5.7924, 6.9983$ , and  $49.5061, -3.2652, 4.3042$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $70.6902, -7.3675, 13.1309$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $71.8144, -1.2067, -2.8823$ .

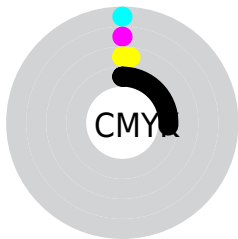
# Distribution



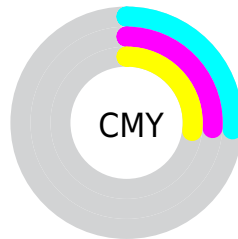
- Red (74%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 71.2157, -4.4653,  
5.5919

■ 71.2157, -4.4653,  
5.5919

197.3502,  
-11.4731, 13.1683

■ 59.9875, -3.8302,  
4.8838

■ 95.5192, -5.8334,  
7.0966

■ 49.4192, -3.2264,  
4.2044

108.5331, -6.5604,  
7.8892

■ 39.5568, -2.6575,  
3.5556

122.0895, -7.3151,  
8.7078

■ 30.4549, -2.1256,  
2.9385

136.1676, -8.0966,  
9.5519

■ 22.1833, -1.6334,  
2.3538

150.7488, -8.9038,  
10.4206

■ 14.8357, -1.1842,  
1.8015

165.8162, -9.7361,

■ 8.4884, -0.8286,

11.3133

1.4437

181.3546,  
-10.5928, 12.2294

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.2157, -4.4653,  
5.5919

■ 71.2157, -4.4653,  
5.5919

■ 70.6902, -7.3675,  
13.1309

■ 71.8144, -1.2067,  
-2.8823

■ 70.2318, -9.9077,  
19.7302

■ 72.4825, 2.4097,  
-12.2857

■ 69.8402, -12.0905,  
25.3985

■ 73.2223, 6.3756,  
-22.6002

■ 69.5132, -13.9226,  
30.1534

■ 73.7862, 9.3719,  
-30.3901

■ 69.2480, -15.4146,

■ 73.7876, 9.3764,

34.0229

-30.3878

■ 69.0412, -16.5817,  
37.0463

■ 73.7889, 9.3808,  
-30.3855

■ 68.8886, -17.4439,  
39.2759

■ 73.7903, 9.3853,  
-30.3832

■ 68.7855, -18.0269,  
40.7784

■ 73.7916, 9.3897,  
-30.3809

■ 68.7258, -18.3638,  
41.6405

■ 73.7930, 9.3942,  
-30.3786

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.2172, -3.4652, 5.6740



71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919



71.2172, -5.2868, 5.0557

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.2172, -4.4670, 5.5930



71.2172, -5.0498, 2.4454



71.2172, -1.8789, 3.5540

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919



69.7765, -3.0423, 2.0318

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.2172, -2.3086, 2.6769



71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919



71.2172, -4.1417, 2.0310

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.2172, -4.4670, 5.5930



71.2172, -5.6219, 3.2416



71.2172, -3.1381, 2.1163



71.2172, -1.9672, 4.5057



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919



71.2172, -5.6215, 4.5068



71.2172, -3.1381, 2.1163



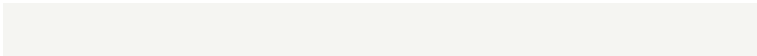
71.2172, -1.9677, 3.2405

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.2172, -4.4670, 5.5930



95.3897, -5.5207, 6.2962



70.0148, -2.4622, 4.2309



44.2369, -2.5500, 2.8934



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.2172, -4.4670, 5.5930



95.2368, -6.3593, 8.4759



71.0388, -5.0901, 5.3762



33.4872, -2.3362, 3.2392



56.3506, -15.1818, 34.4572



11.1533, -3.0025, 6.8200



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.7765, -3.0423, 2.0318



92.4647, -3.6178, 1.6233



69.9557, -2.4218, 2.2579



32.2911, -1.1532, 0.2821



15.7255, 42.6500, -111.6948

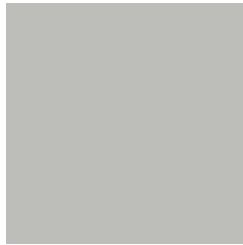


3.1144, 8.4426, -22.0887



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

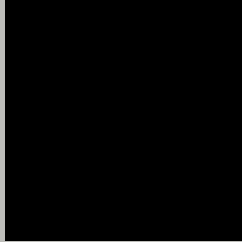
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

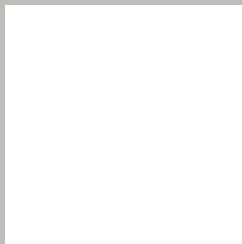
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.2157, -4.4653,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919

### Protanopia

71.2493, -2.8609, 6.1176

### Deuteranopia

71.2896, 4.9659, 5.3801



## Tritanopia

71.2980, -0.0964, -2.0199

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919

## Protanomaly

71.1573, -3.1798, 6.0066

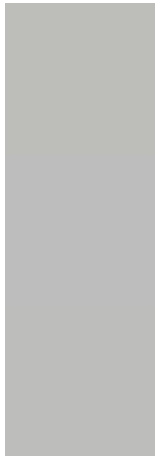
## Deuteranomaly

71.1763, 1.5850, 5.1896

## Tritanomaly

71.3118, -1.9720, 0.9815

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919

## Achromatopsia

71.3359, -3.8063, 3.8758

## Achromatomaly

71.3056, -3.9726, 4.3088

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 189, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 189, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 189, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 189, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 189, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 189, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 189, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 189, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 189, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 189,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.2157, -4.4653, 5.5919 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 189, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
189, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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