

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.1218, 35.6724,
1.2840)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.1218, 35.6724,
1.2840) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(71.1968, 35.4490,
1.4964)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA1C3
RGB	255, 161, 195
RGB Percent	100%, 63%, 76%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3686, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.24, 0.00
HSL	338°, 100%, 82%
HSV	338°, 37%, 100%
XYZ	63.8352, 50.6898, 58.0494
YIQ	192.9820, 45.1100, 30.5020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

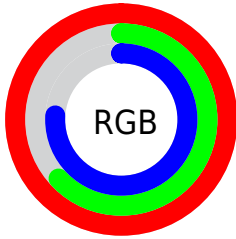
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 161, 195
Decimal	16753091
CIE Lab	76.49, 39.20, -2.70
CIE LCh	76, 39.292, 356.054
Yxy	50.6922, 0.3699, 0.2937
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294943171 (0xFFFFA1C3)
YUV	192.9820, 0.9949, 54.3898
Hunter-Lab	71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964

Details

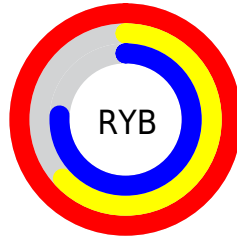
The HunterLab color **71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **91.8251, -37.2339, 11.7589**, and the grayscale version is **73.0020, -3.8952, 3.9663**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.2331, 14.4470, -6.7068**, and **49.3801, 32.6395, 0.7428** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.7867, 46.6550, 1.8425**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.2999, 24.1466, 1.8662**.

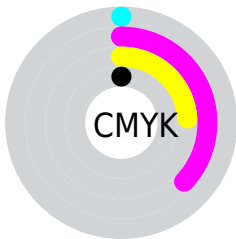
Distribution



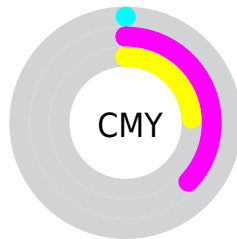
- Red (100%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 71.1968, 35.4490,
1.4964


 71.1968, 35.4490,
1.4964


197.3237, 42.0446,
7.4287

 59.9697, 34.2920,
1.0142

 95.4985, 37.4558,
2.5839

 49.4026, 33.0277,
0.5743


 108.5114, 38.3274,
3.1816

 39.5413, 31.6442,
0.1821


122.0670, 39.1188,
3.8131

 30.4407, 30.1350,
-0.1574

136.1443, 39.8354,
4.4769

 22.1705, 28.5034,
-0.4370

150.7247, 40.4823,
5.1715

 14.8245, 26.7885,
-0.6467

165.7913, 41.0636,

 8.4778, 25.5670,

5.8958

-0.8606

181.3289, 41.5832,
6.6485

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.1968, 35.4490,
1.4964

■ 71.1968, 35.4490,
1.4964

■ 64.7867, 46.6550,
1.8425

■ 78.2999, 24.1466,
1.8662

■ 59.1927, 57.3779,
3.0315

■ 85.9808, 12.9746,
2.8169

■ 54.5529, 66.9941,
5.1576

■ 94.1507, 2.0274,
4.2365

■ 50.9876, 74.7034,
8.2126

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 48.5615, 79.7402,

12.0230

■ 47.2262, 81.7713,
16.2304

■ 46.9432, 82.0461,
17.5088

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.1984, 28.3136, -17.8262



71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964



71.1984, 31.2075, 17.2413

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.1984, 35.4457, 1.4978



71.1984, -18.8204, 28.1400



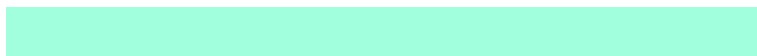
71.1984, -22.6689, -30.4621

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964



91.8251, -37.2339, 11.7589

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.1984, -33.1314, -12.7201



71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964



71.1984, -31.0745, 20.3567

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



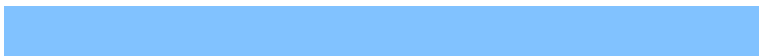
71.1984, 35.4457, 1.4978



71.1984, -1.3285, 30.1210



71.1984, -36.0447, 6.1740



71.1984, -6.2438, -39.0327

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964



71.1984, 22.7165, 24.2543



71.1984, -36.0447, 6.1740



71.1984, -26.9316, -25.1823

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.1984, 35.4457, 1.4978



90.7143, 6.5291, 3.5983



69.2902, 34.5294, -37.6528



41.4554, 3.7071, 1.5750

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.1984, 35.4457, 1.4978



66.5429, 43.4772, 1.6632



73.4355, 23.9435, 18.4441



42.5390, 2.2660, 1.7678



33.9714, 59.4481, 12.0992



10.6945, 18.8951, 2.4102

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.1984, 35.4457, 1.4978



66.5429, 43.4772, 1.6632



88.6457, -24.9674, -9.0916



42.5390, 2.2660, 1.7678



33.9714, 59.4481, 12.0992



10.6945, 18.8951, 2.4102

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

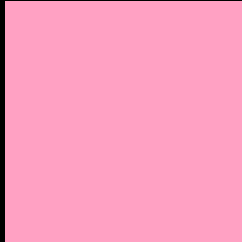
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.1968, 35.4490,

1.4964.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964

Protanopia

71.4903, -0.2891, -7.0638

Deuteranopia

71.2393, 5.1010, 2.9641



Tritanopia

71.1392, 30.3702, 9.7006

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964

Protanomaly

70.7796, 11.8244, -4.5609

Deuteranomaly

70.9317, 15.7493, 2.2991

Tritanomaly

71.2221, 32.3072, 6.7022

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964

Achromatopsia

73.0258, -3.8965, 3.9676

Achromatomaly

71.7926, 10.0679, 2.2639

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 161, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 161, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 161, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 161, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 161, 195) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 161, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 161, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 161, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 161, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 161,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.1968, 35.4490, 1.4964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 161, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
161, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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