

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.1284, 51.0429,  
4.1882)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(71.1284, 51.0429,  
4.1882) contains.

<b>HunterLab(67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806)</b>	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i>	4
<i><b>Details</b></i>	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i>	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i>	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i>	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i>	31

# Color

**HunterLab(67.9393, 41.7004,  
0.0806)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	FF94BE
RGB	255, 148, 190
RGB Percent	100%, 58%, 75%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4196, 0.2549
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	336°, 100%, 79%
HSV	336°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	61.1241, 46.1575, 54.4029
YIQ	184.7810, 50.2900, 35.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

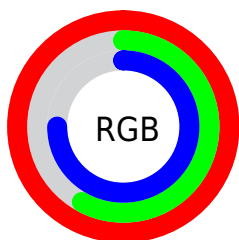
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 148, 190</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16749758</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">73.65, 45.16, -4.14</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">74, 45.354, 354.767</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">46.1597, 0.3780, 0.2855</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294939838</a> (0xFFFF94BE)
YUV	<a href="#">184.7810, 2.5730, 61.5821</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **90.8960, -41.2708, 14.2229**, and the grayscale version is **69.5368, -3.7103, 3.7781**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.3206, 20.6653, -8.9871**, and **46.6115, 38.5718, -0.7073** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.9514, 52.7982, 0.5246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.6816, 30.3072, 0.4473**.

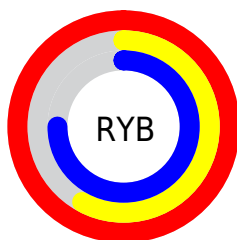
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (58%)

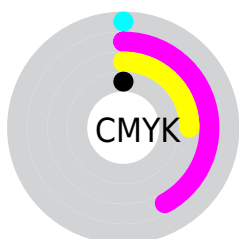
Blue (75%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (75%)

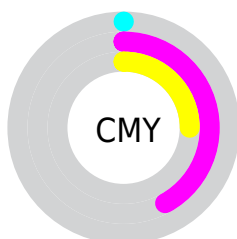


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806	 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806
---	---

192.7304, 50.3232, 5.4395	 56.8962, 40.2895, -0.3229
------------------------------	--

 91.9010, 44.1984, 1.0225	 46.5249, 38.7685, -0.6792
---	--

 104.7555, 45.3066, 1.5522	 36.8738, 37.1296, -0.9821
--	--

118.1590, 46.3284, 2.1185	 28.0014, 35.3772, -1.2248
------------------------------	--

132.0900, 47.2696, 2.7194	 19.9830, 33.5410, -1.3984
------------------------------	--

146.5291, 48.1353, 3.3534	 12.9220, 31.7356, -1.4898
------------------------------	--

161.4590, 48.9301,	 6.3559, 35.6408,
--------------------	--

4.0189

-2.3516

176.8642, 49.6582,  
4.7147

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.9393, 41.7004,  
0.0806

■ 67.9393, 41.7004,  
0.0806

■ 61.9514, 52.7982,  
0.5246

■ 74.6816, 30.3072,  
0.4473

■ 56.8458, 63.0968,  
1.9129

■ 82.0546, 18.9358,  
1.4729

■ 52.7545, 71.8637,  
4.3235

■ 89.9599, 7.7394,  
3.0277

■ 49.7734, 78.2795,  
7.6993


■ 98.3166, -3.2192,  
5.0043

■ 47.9170, 81.7457,

100.0000, -5.3358,

11.7926

5.4332

 47.0975, 82.6130,  
15.2623

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.9409, 32.8031, -22.5583



67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806



67.9409, 37.2918, 17.9661

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.9409, 41.6970, 0.0821



67.9409, -19.8097, 30.2449



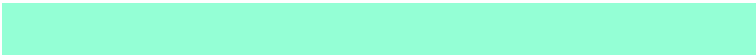
67.9409, -25.4936, -36.0007

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806



90.8960, -41.2708, 14.2229

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.9409, -36.6942, -14.5463



67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806



67.9409, -33.7041, 22.4141

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.9409, 41.6970, 0.0821



67.9409, 0.1124, 32.0061



67.9409, -39.5065, 7.1259



67.9409, -7.2908, -47.0789



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806



67.9409, 27.6545, 25.6565



67.9409, -39.5065, 7.1259



67.9409, -30.1098, -29.4970

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.9409, 41.6970, 0.0821



89.1140, 8.8953, 2.8444



65.1376, 39.0600, -45.2932



40.4067, 5.2523, 1.1435

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.9409, 41.6970, 0.0821



63.0589, 50.6682, 0.3674



69.3496, 30.3281, 19.3085



42.5501, 2.3259, 1.6087



34.0847, 59.8641, 10.4516



10.7327, 19.0349, 1.8593



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.9409, 41.6970, 0.0821



63.0589, 50.6682, 0.3674



88.5432, -28.5391, -9.2906



42.5501, 2.3259, 1.6087



34.0847, 59.8641, 10.4516

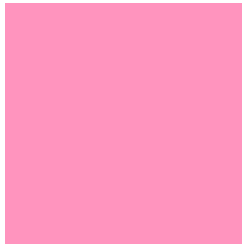


10.7327, 19.0349, 1.8593



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

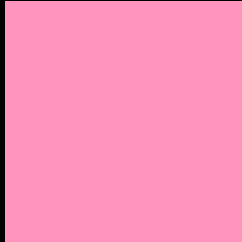
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.9393, 41.7004,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806

### Protanopia

68.2098, 0.6415, -10.9576

### Deuteranopia

68.1350, 4.7019, 2.1262



## Tritanopia

67.9399, 34.1126, 11.8111

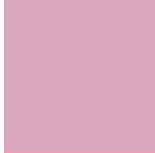
# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806



**Protanomaly**  
67.3024, 14.7222, -8.0443



**Deuteranomaly**  
67.6504, 17.5490, 0.7894



**Tritanomaly**  
67.8476, 36.7985, 7.9030

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806



**Achromatopsia**  
69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844



**Achromatomaly**  
68.4065, 11.5427, 1.6057

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 148, 190) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 148, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 148, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 148, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 148, 190) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 148, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 148, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 148, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 148, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 148,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.9393, 41.7004, 0.0806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 148, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
148, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet  
interesting? Support Converting  
Colors with the new Membership  
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you  
double the colors in the color bucket, and more  
awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor