

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.1335, -34.0002,  
1.1849)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(71.1335, -34.0002,  
1.1849) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(71.1335,  
-34.0002, 1.1849)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59CFC1
RGB	89, 207, 193
RGB Percent	35%, 81%, 76%
CMY	0.6510, 0.1882, 0.2431
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.07, 0.19
HSL	173°, 55%, 58%
HSV	173°, 57%, 81%
XYZ	36.0583, 50.5997, 58.3184
YIQ	170.1220, -65.8340, -29.3700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

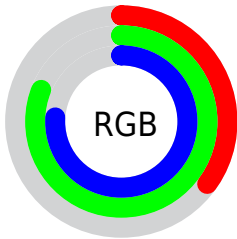
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">89, 152, 207</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5885889</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.44, -36.47, -3.05</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">76, 36.600, 184.778</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">50.6017, 0.2487, 0.3490</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284075969</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF59CFC1</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">170.1220, 11.2789, -71.1440</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849</a>

# Details

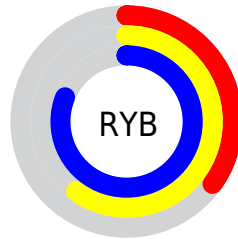
The HunterLab color **71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **46.2502, 41.6161, 12.7757**, and the grayscale version is **63.4280, -3.3844, 3.4462**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.0593, -34.5797, -1.5995**, and **49.3522, -28.5892, 0.1031** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.4335, -36.9078, 1.4834**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.0308, -30.3750, 1.1319**.

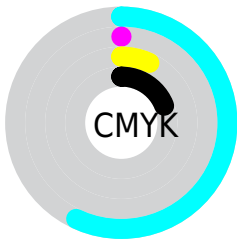
# Distribution



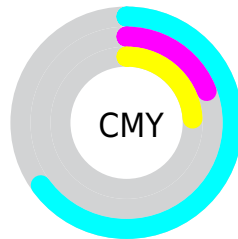
- Red (35%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



71.1335, -34.0002,  
1.1849

71.1335, -34.0002,  
1.1849

197.2345,  
-54.9691, 6.9975

59.9097, -31.3957,  
0.7184

95.4284, -38.9677,  
2.2418

49.3463, -28.6808,  
0.2956

108.4383,  
-41.3598, 2.8254

39.4891, -25.8231,  
-0.0784

121.9909,  
-43.7055, 3.4434

30.3928, -22.7741,  
-0.3983

136.0654,  
-46.0127, 4.0941

22.1275, -19.4581,  
-0.6567

150.6431,  
-48.2879, 4.7761

14.7869, -15.7465,  
-0.8430

165.7070,

8.4417, -14.7730,

-50.5362, 5.4880

-1.0390

181.2421,  
-52.7620, 6.2288

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.1335, -34.0002,  
1.1849

■ 71.1335, -34.0002,  
1.1849

■ 70.4335, -36.9078,  
1.4834

■ 72.0308, -30.3750,  
1.1319

■ 69.9148, -39.1178,  
2.0069

■ 73.1290, -26.0318,  
1.3324

■ 69.5619, -40.6791,  
2.7312

■ 74.4340, -20.9914,  
1.7913

■ 69.3495, -41.6811,  
3.6196


■ 75.9471, -15.2897,  
2.5069


■ 69.2986, -41.9305,


■ 77.6669, -8.9740,


3.8988

3.4724

 79.5900, -2.0996,  
4.6772

 81.7110, 5.2743,  
6.1072

 84.0234, 13.0873,  
7.7468

 84.1422, 13.6245,  
6.7338

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.1349, -31.4559, 16.0772



71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849



71.1349, -29.1072, -16.6413

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.1349, -34.0007, 1.1858



71.1349, 16.1826, -27.3236



71.1349, 10.9345, 26.9591

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849



46.2502, 41.6161, 12.7757

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.1349, 25.6305, 19.6576



71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849



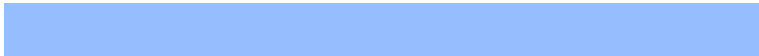
71.1349, 28.8577, -10.9716

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.1349, -34.0007, 1.1858



71.1349, -1.0076, -35.4209



71.1349, 32.4696, 6.4575



71.1349, -6.5487, 28.7350



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849



71.1349, -21.9824, -27.1255



71.1349, 32.4696, 6.4575



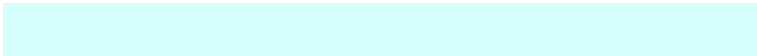
71.1349, 16.4160, 25.1722

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.1349, -34.0007, 1.1858



96.1032, -19.5097, 3.1521



69.5241, -44.8696, 33.9941



44.2722, -9.7337, 1.3617

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.1349, -34.0007, 1.1858



89.0286, -47.2962, 1.9779



57.5206, -11.8723, -25.6135



36.5813, -4.9971, 1.5238



55.0134, -33.2312, 2.9748



13.0353, -7.6963, 0.3210



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.2502, 41.6161, 12.7757



53.1011, 63.8347, 19.7516



55.2841, 18.9220, 24.2599



34.3958, 1.3816, 2.4184



28.9969, 49.8319, 17.3897

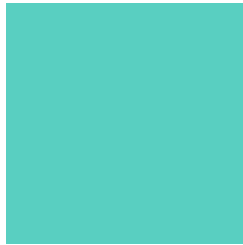


6.9132, 11.9925, 3.2775



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

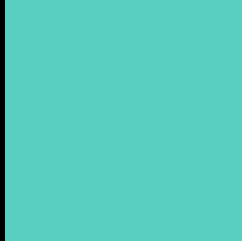
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

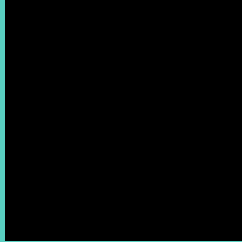
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

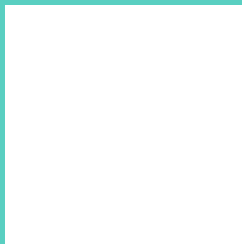
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849.



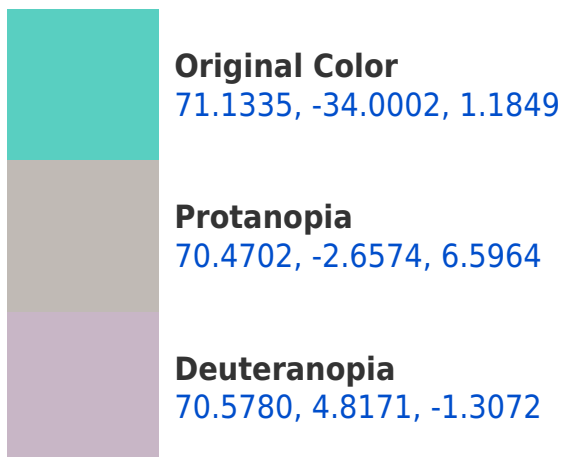
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.1335,

-34.0002, 1.1849.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

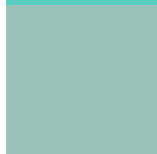
71.0857, -25.4149, -13.1168

# Trichromacy



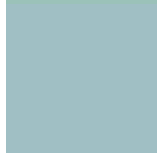
## Original Color

71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849



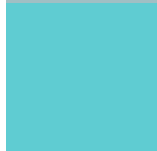
## Protanomaly

70.0392, -16.6339, 4.0120



## Deuteranomaly

69.8002, -11.9518, -1.5595



## Tritanomaly

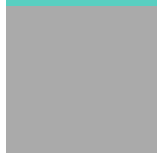
70.9026, -28.5514, -7.7965

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849



## Achromatopsia

63.4017, -3.3830, 3.4447



## Achromatomaly

65.3789, -16.2505, 1.8049

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 207, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 207, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 207, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 207, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 207, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 207, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 207, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 207, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 207, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 207,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.1335, -34.0002, 1.1849 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 207, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 207,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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