

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.1893, -44.8291,
31.7702)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.1893, -44.8291,
31.7702) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(71.1992,
-44.7751, 31.7339)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6AD36A
RGB	106, 211, 106
RGB Percent	42%, 83%, 42%
CMY	0.5843, 0.1725, 0.5843
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.50, 0.17
HSL	120°, 54%, 62%
HSV	120°, 50%, 83%
XYZ	31.8396, 50.6933, 21.7423
YIQ	167.6350, -28.8750, -54.9150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

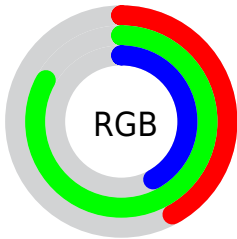
Format	Color
RYB	106, 211, 211
Decimal	7000938
CIELab	76.49, -51.42, 42.57
CIELCh	76, 66.759, 140.380
Yxy	50.6954, 0.3053, 0.4861
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285191018 (0xFF6AD36A)
YUV	167.6350, -30.3861, -54.0539
Hunter-Lab	71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339

Details

The HunterLab color $71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $66CC66$. A complement of this color would be $53.7224, 51.4421, -34.0123$, and the grayscale version is $62.5563, -3.3378, 3.3988$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.5073, -45.3248, 33.4893$, and $49.2483, -37.4366, 25.3398$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70.1224, -49.7374, 35.0888$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.5571, -38.6557, 27.5966$.

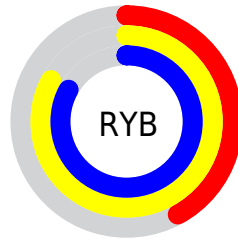
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (83%)

Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (83%)

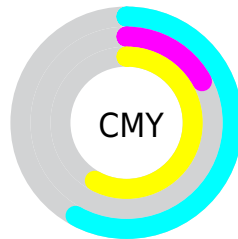


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71.1992, -44.7751,
31.7339

■ 71.1992, -44.7751,
31.7339

197.3269,
-71.9985, 55.7672

■ 59.9719, -41.2710,
28.6615

■ 95.5010, -51.3769,
37.5361

■ 49.4046, -37.5843,
25.4387

■ 108.5140,
-54.5191, 40.3037

■ 39.5432, -33.6661,
22.0300

■ 122.0697,
-57.5785, 43.0016

■ 30.4424, -29.4433,
18.3899

■ 136.1471,
-60.5675, 45.6409

■ 22.1721, -24.8046,
14.9394

150.7276,
-63.4964, 48.2303

■ 14.8259, -20.1636,
10.3781

165.7943,

■ 8.4790, -14.8383,

-66.3734, 50.7773

5.9353

181.3320,
-69.2056, 53.2879

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.1992, -44.7751,
31.7339

■ 71.1992, -44.7751,
31.7339

■ 70.1224, -49.7374,
35.0888

■ 72.5571, -38.6557,
27.5966

■ 69.3121, -53.5234,
37.6488

■ 74.1955, -31.4307,
22.7129

■ 68.7531, -56.1658,
39.4357

■ 76.1150, -23.1858,
17.1407

■ 68.4200, -57.7521,
40.5085


■ 78.3102, -14.0251,
10.9508

■ 68.2604, -58.5154,


■ 80.7726, -4.0628,


41.0248

4.2205

 68.2572, -58.5305,
41.0350

 83.4913, 6.5854,
-2.9715

 86.4535, 17.8080,
-10.5497

 86.6432, 18.5142,
-11.0268

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.2007, -23.7271, 39.5309



71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339



71.2007, -54.2982, 12.8631

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.2007, -44.7763, 31.7344



71.2007, -13.6624, -79.7603



71.2007, 62.4771, 21.1902

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339



53.7224, 51.4421, -34.0123

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.2007, 66.4473, -6.4614



71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339



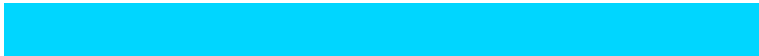
71.2007, 18.5859, -74.2486

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.2007, -44.7763, 31.7344



71.2007, -38.5146, -56.4696



71.2007, 49.2288, -43.6366



71.2007, 39.1729, 35.5440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339



71.2007, -54.2007, -7.3295



71.2007, 49.2288, -43.6366



71.2007, 66.2575, 13.5118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.2007, -44.7763, 31.7344



95.5145, -23.6377, 17.7981



78.4096, -17.1038, 37.7053



43.9261, -12.0399, 8.9802

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.2007, -44.7763, 31.7344



86.7780, -62.0994, 43.7959



72.2085, -38.7221, 17.0696



36.3405, -6.3412, 4.9680



53.0247, -45.4686, 31.8775



12.5383, -10.7515, 7.5377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.7224, 51.4421, -34.0123



61.6300, 77.6303, -51.6780



51.6175, 41.8880, -4.8771



34.6541, 2.7673, -1.2564



33.4605, 65.7841, -44.1302



7.9121, 15.5554, -10.4352

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.1992,

-44.7751, 31.7339.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339

Protanopia

70.7910, -8.0968, 33.8014

Deuteranopia

70.5592, 5.1256, 30.1909



Tritanopia

71.0072, -19.3294, -10.2653

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339



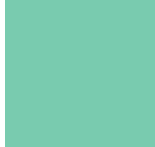
Protanomaly

69.9753, -23.8227, 32.2696



Deuteranomaly

69.6251, -16.6580, 29.8045



Tritanomaly

70.6201, -30.1168, 8.9380

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339



Achromatopsia

62.5758, -3.3389, 3.3999



Achromatomaly

65.0731, -20.8100, 15.3260

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 211, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 211, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 211, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 211, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 211, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 211, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 211, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 211, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 211, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 211,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.1992, -44.7751, 31.7339 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 211, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
211, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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