

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.1969, 17.5472,
-15.7407)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.1969, 17.5472,
-15.7407) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(71.1954, 17.5490,
-15.7422)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5B0E2
RGB	213, 176, 226
RGB Percent	84%, 69%, 89%
CMY	0.1647, 0.3098, 0.1137
CMYK	0.06, 0.22, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	284°, 46%, 79%
HSV	284°, 22%, 89%
XYZ	56.6935, 50.6878, 78.7472
YIQ	192.7630, 6.0020, 23.3940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

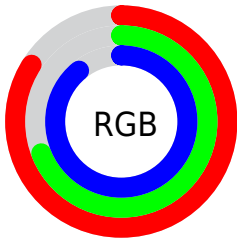
Format	Color
R _Y B	213, 176, 226
Decimal	14004450
CIE Lab	76.49, 22.23, -20.06
CIE LCh	76, 29.938, 317.936
Yxy	50.6900, 0.3046, 0.2723
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292194530 (0xFFD5B0E2)
YUV	192.7630, 16.3858, 17.7478
Hunter-Lab	71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422

Details

The HunterLab color $71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC99CC$. A complement of this color would be $82.6725, -23.7210, 21.0682$, and the grayscale version is $72.8580, -3.8875, 3.9585$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $92.8403, 7.0051, -3.0883$, and $49.3713, 16.7643, -15.5525$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.5676, 27.8672, -25.7970$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $78.2288, 7.3917, -6.1994$.

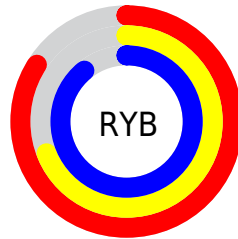
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (69%)

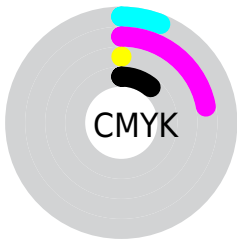
Blue (89%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (89%)

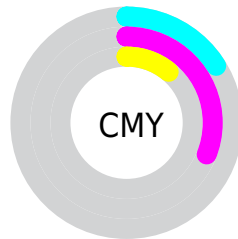


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

71.1954, 17.5490,
-15.7422

71.1954, 17.5490,
-15.7422

197.3216, 18.6482,
-15.2066

59.9683, 17.0938,
-15.5330

95.4968, 18.2165,
-15.9747

49.4012, 16.5493,
-15.2608

108.5097, 18.4462,
-16.0078

39.5401, 15.9022,
-14.9220

122.0652, 18.6134,
-15.9890

30.4396, 15.1378,
-14.5180

136.1424, 18.7226,
-15.9212

22.1695, 14.2381,
-14.0605

150.7227, 18.7775,
-15.8069

14.8236, 13.1831,
-13.5921

165.7893, 18.7815,

8.4769, 12.2626,

-15.6484

-13.4535

181.3269, 18.7376,
-15.4476

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.1954, 17.5490,
-15.7422

■ 71.1954, 17.5490,
-15.7422

■ 64.5676, 27.8672,
-25.7970

■ 78.2288, 7.3917,
-6.1994

■ 58.4152, 38.2515,
-36.3650

■ 85.6039, -2.5658,
2.8691

■ 52.8311, 48.4846,
-47.3457

■ 93.2752, -12.3266,
11.5238

■ 47.9230, 58.1726,
-58.4705

■ 97.4324, -16.1609,
15.9697

■ 43.8066, 66.6954,

■ 97.9571, -14.2818,

-69.2227

16.5605

■ 40.5844, 73.2479,
-78.8254

■ 98.4961, -12.3628,
17.1645

■ 38.3056, 77.0739,
-86.4158

■ 99.0491, -10.4049,
17.7814

■ 37.0577, 78.2795,
-90.9140

■ 99.1318, -10.1133,
17.8733

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.1969, 4.7728, -25.4144



71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422



71.1969, 24.8113, -1.7502

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.1969, 17.5472, -15.7407



71.1969, 1.9747, 24.8273



71.1969, -27.8874, -4.5662

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422



82.6725, -23.7210, 21.0682

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.1969, -28.5081, 9.0765



71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422



71.1969, -11.9906, 24.3671

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.1969, 17.5472, -15.7407



71.1969, 15.3616, 20.5396



71.1969, -22.9000, 19.1287



71.1969, -21.1324, -18.1458

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422



71.1969, 25.2039, 7.3576



71.1969, -22.9000, 19.1287



71.1969, -28.8001, 0.2080

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.1969, 17.5472, -15.7407



93.9498, 2.6519, -1.7674



71.5976, -0.8815, -15.4811



43.2279, 1.5480, -1.1102

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.1969, 17.5472, -15.7407



77.7320, 26.0883, -23.8072



72.1759, 19.7823, -7.6240



37.0769, 2.1743, -1.7219



28.0971, 59.2660, -68.2687



7.6783, 15.9771, -16.9593

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.3413, 15.4592, 4.2175



77.9764, 23.1773, 4.9931



82.0004, -25.6393, 15.8136



37.0928, 1.7508, 1.9967



30.6913, 53.1960, 14.9001



8.1695, 14.3336, 2.6193

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

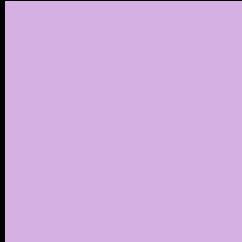
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

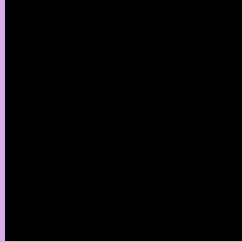
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422.

-15.7422.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422

Protanopia

71.3766, 2.5871, -20.6333

Deuteranopia

71.4331, 5.0285, -14.4282



Tritanopia

71.0234, 7.6554, 0.3014

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422

Protanomaly

71.2130, 7.8322, -18.9254

Deuteranomaly

71.3428, 9.2758, -15.0763

Tritanomaly

71.0259, 11.3174, -5.3135

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422

Achromatopsia

73.0258, -3.8965, 3.9676

Achromatomaly

72.2688, 3.4714, -2.7924

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 176, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 176, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 176, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 176, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

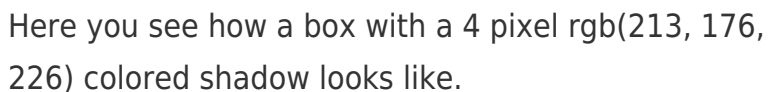
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 176, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 176, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 176, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 176, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 176, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 176, 226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.1954, 17.5490, -15.7422 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 176, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
176, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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