

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.2360, 51.7994,
-33.9402)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.2360, 51.7994,
-33.9402) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(71.1430, 52.0268,
-34.0966)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF97FF
RGB	255, 151, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 59%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4078, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 80%
HSV	300°, 41%, 100%
XYZ	70.3567, 50.6133, 100.6690
YIQ	193.9520, 28.6000, 54.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

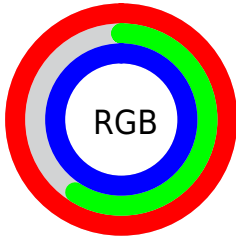
Format	Color
RYB	255, 151, 255
Decimal	16750591
CIELab	76.45, 53.83, -35.45
CIELCh	76, 64.455, 326.633
Yxy	50.6151, 0.3174, 0.2284
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294940671 (0xFFFF97FF)
YUV	193.9520, 30.0967, 53.5391
Hunter-Lab	71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966

Details

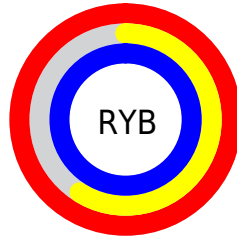
The HunterLab color $71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FF99FF$. A complement of this color would be $89.6295, -49.0898, 35.0007$, and the grayscale version is $73.2982, -3.9110, 3.9824$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85.5018, 20.7319, -12.5556$, and $49.3582, 48.2720, -32.9169$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65.7842, 65.8294, -43.5797$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $77.2848, 37.7775, -24.2956$.

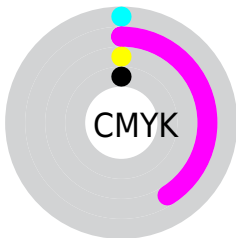
Distribution



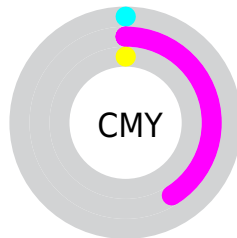
- Red (100%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 71.1430, 52.0268,
-34.0966


 71.1430, 52.0268,
-34.0966


197.2477, 62.9970,
-37.3492

 59.9186, 50.3467,
-33.4967


 95.4388, 55.0664,
-35.1603

 49.3547, 48.5618,
-32.8703


 108.4491, 56.4429,
-35.6200

 39.4969, 46.6712,
-32.2405

122.0022, 57.7301,
-36.0294

 30.3999, 44.6911,
-31.6595


136.0771, 58.9332,
-36.3889

 22.1339, 42.6733,
-31.2439

150.6552, 60.0572,
-36.6993

 14.7925, 40.7758,
-31.2857

165.7195, 61.1066,

 8.4471, 40.0748,

-36.9619

-33.0331

181.2550, 62.0852,
-37.1780

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 71.1430, 52.0268,
-34.0966

■ 71.1430, 52.0268,
-34.0966

■ 65.7842, 65.8294,
-43.5797

■ 77.2848, 37.7775,
-24.2956

■ 61.3152, 78.5713,
-52.3254

■ 84.0975, 23.5067,
-14.4679

■ 57.8320, 89.4571,
-59.7910

■ 91.4852, 9.4502,
-4.7755

■ 55.3869, 97.6920,
-65.4352


99.3651, -4.2776,
4.7021

■ 53.9565, 102.7675,

100.0000, -5.3358,

-68.9126

5.4332

 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.1443, 24.4061, -66.1078



71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966



71.1443, 64.6215, 0.5213

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.1443, 52.0235, -34.0943



71.1443, -0.3266, 40.0623



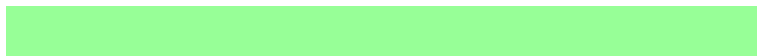
71.1443, -48.9522, -25.9054

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



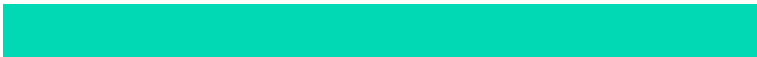
71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966



89.6295, -49.0898, 35.0007

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.1443, -53.3379, 7.0683



71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966



71.1443, -28.1983, 37.8445

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.1443, 52.0235, -34.0943



71.1443, 31.3665, 36.4599



71.1443, -46.4067, 28.2074



71.1443, -33.2341, -60.1463

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



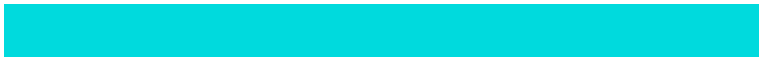
71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966



71.1443, 61.4696, 18.0462



71.1443, -46.4067, 28.2074



71.1443, -51.6730, -13.9931

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.1443, 52.0235, -34.0943



90.5575, 11.1461, -5.9456



59.9458, 19.8039, -56.2877



41.4396, 6.0007, -3.3329

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.1443, 52.0235, -34.0943



66.6773, 63.4265, -41.9294



69.0703, 42.1653, -5.2022



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

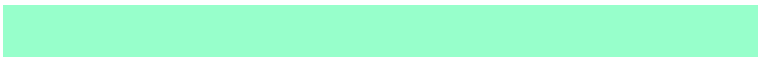
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.1443, 52.0235, -34.0943



66.6773, 63.4265, -41.9294



90.7810, -42.2600, 18.2971



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

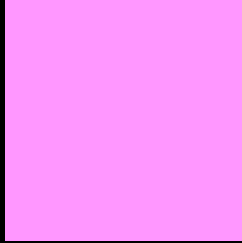
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

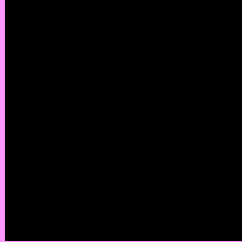
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966.

-34.0966.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966

Protanopia

71.4741, 4.7075, -34.3556

Deuteranopia

71.4642, 5.6626, -30.2199



Tritanopia

70.9544, 26.0503, 8.0962

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966



Protanomaly

70.5489, 20.7724, -35.6737



Deuteranomaly

70.4908, 21.6324, -32.9499

Tritanomaly

70.8057, 35.0992, -5.1861

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966



Achromatopsia

73.4493, -3.9191, 3.9906



Achromatomaly

71.6921, 15.5468, -9.2787

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 151, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 151, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 151, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 151, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 151, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 151, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 151, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 151, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.1430, 52.0268, -34.0966 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 151, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
151, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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