

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.2889, 18.0902,  
25.9207)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(71.2889, 18.0902,  
25.9207) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(71.2680, 18.0252,  
25.7698)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6AC85
RGB	246, 172, 133
RGB Percent	96%, 67%, 52%
CMY	0.0353, 0.3255, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.46, 0.04
HSL	21°, 86%, 74%
HSV	21°, 46%, 96%
XYZ	56.9921, 50.7913, 28.9902
YIQ	189.6800, 56.6230, 3.5590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

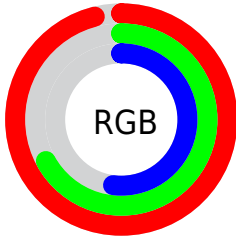
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	246, 193, 133
Decimal	16166021
CIE Lab	76.55, 22.69, 30.91
CIE LCh	77, 38.344, 53.717
Yxy	50.7938, 0.4167, 0.3714
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294356101 (0xFFF6AC85)
YUV	189.6800, -27.9432, 49.3926
Hunter-Lab	71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698

# Details

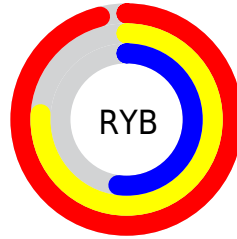
The HunterLab color **71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **75.0090, -15.5662, -22.9694**, and the grayscale version is **71.7214, -3.8269, 3.8968**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.6058, -1.7357, 24.4465**, and **49.3791, 17.1591, 20.9014** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.6534, 24.2357, 28.7758**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.1992, 12.2426, 22.1381**.

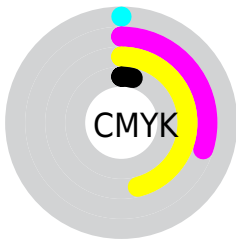
# Distribution



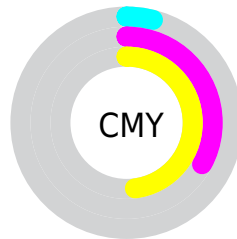
- Red (96%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (48%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 71.2680, 18.0252,  
25.7698


 71.2680, 18.0252,  
25.7698

197.4239, 19.2760,  
44.7278


 60.0371, 17.5485,  
23.4316


 95.5771, 18.7288,  
30.2389

 49.4657, 16.9834,  
20.9967


 108.5935, 18.9765,  
32.3951

 39.6000, 16.3147,  
18.4378


 122.1524, 19.1611,  
34.5124

 30.4944, 15.5281,  
15.7153

136.2328, 19.2872,  
36.5982

 22.2189, 14.6057,  
12.7732

150.8162, 19.3585,  
38.6582

 14.8668, 13.5279,  
10.4068

165.8858, 19.3785,

 8.5180, 12.5634,

40.6973

5.9626

181.4263, 19.3502,  
42.7194

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.2680, 18.0252,  
25.7698

■ 71.2680, 18.0252,  
25.7698

■ 66.6534, 24.2357,  
28.7758

■ 76.1992, 12.2426,  
22.1381

■ 62.3895, 30.8551,  
31.0521

■ 81.4067, 6.8963,  
17.9712

■ 58.5202, 37.8036,  
32.5017

■ 86.8613, 1.9626,  
13.3509

■ 55.0880, 44.9395,  
33.0535


■ 92.5364, -2.5885,  
8.3452


■ 52.1310, 52.0389,

■ 98.3762, -6.9717,

32.7073

3.4781

 51.0650, 54.8194,  
32.4257

 99.1629, -8.2601,  
4.3926

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.2697, 31.0057, 15.9718



71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698



71.2697, 0.0495, 29.5996

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.2697, 18.0218, 25.7708



71.2697, -35.2571, 7.4146



71.2697, 10.7660, -33.6562

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698



75.0090, -15.5662, -22.9694

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.2697, -7.5824, -37.5889



71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698



71.2697, -33.0009, -10.7915

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.2697, 18.0218, 25.7708



71.2697, -29.7904, 20.8480



71.2697, -23.2879, -28.3692



71.2697, 26.5323, -18.6711



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698



71.2697, -11.8870, 29.1639



71.2697, -23.2879, -28.3692



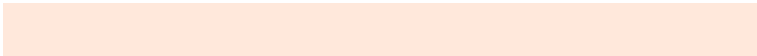
71.2697, 4.6506, -36.4480

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.2697, 18.0218, 25.7708



91.5923, 1.1104, 12.9417



63.9834, 49.3342, -15.2068



41.7927, 1.0039, 6.4932

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.2697, 18.0218, 25.7708



69.8169, 24.6923, 29.7430



87.3588, -10.3491, 38.5881



41.7346, -0.4680, 4.6864



37.6213, 39.1811, 23.8680



11.9505, 9.5193, 7.5305

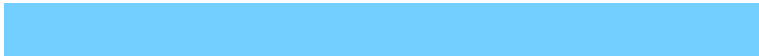


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.0090, -15.5662, -22.9694



74.3467, -16.5420, -29.9253



58.3466, 12.6448, -52.4239



42.1171, -3.8295, -0.2179



41.7668, -5.4583, -40.4220



13.1317, -2.7744, -10.4244



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

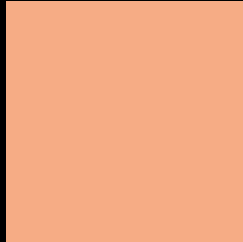
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

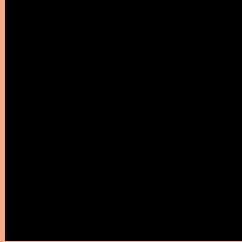
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.2680, 18.0252,

25.7698.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698

### Protanopia

71.4039, -6.0637, 23.2909

### Deuteranopia

71.3128, 5.3230, 26.1832



## Tritanopia

71.2817, 28.2517, 9.3843

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698

## Protanomaly

71.2272, 2.3152, 24.2299

## Deuteranomaly

71.2954, 9.6537, 25.9470

## Tritanomaly

71.2416, 24.6363, 15.8821

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698

## Achromatopsia

71.7578, -3.8288, 3.8987

## Achromatomaly

71.0163, 3.0890, 12.4759

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 172, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 172, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 172, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 172, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 172, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 172, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 172, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 172, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 172, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 172,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.2680, 18.0252, 25.7698 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 172, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
172, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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