

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.4053, 50.3957,
-33.6738)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.4053, 50.3957,
-33.6738) contains.

HunterLab(71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(71.4656, 50.5596,
-33.5675)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE99FF
RGB	254, 153, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 60%, 100%
CMY	0.0039, 0.4000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	299°, 100%, 80%
HSV	299°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	70.3143, 51.0733, 100.7599
YIQ	194.8270, 27.4540, 53.1340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

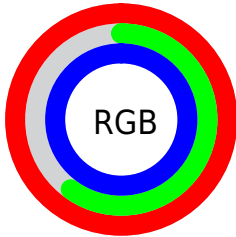
Format	Color
RYB	254, 153, 255
Decimal	16685567
CIELab	76.72, 52.54, -35.03
CIELCh	77, 63.142, 326.307
Yxy	51.0755, 0.3165, 0.2299
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294875647 (0xFFFE99FF)
YUV	194.8270, 29.6653, 51.8947
Hunter-Lab	71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675

Details

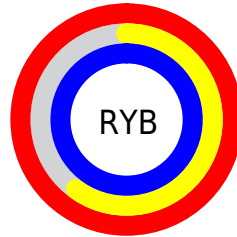
The HunterLab color $71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FF99FF$. A complement of this color would be $89.8279, -48.2295, 34.6139$, and the grayscale version is $73.6713, -3.9309, 4.0027$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.0703, 19.6233, -11.7914$, and $49.7360, 47.2601, -32.2145$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65.9953, 64.3387, -43.2029$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $77.7050, 36.3857, -23.6685$.

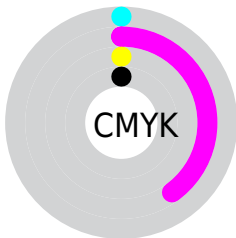
Distribution



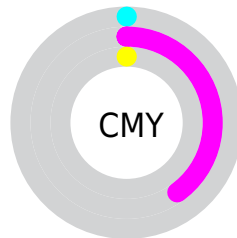
- Red (100%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 71.4656, 50.5596,
-33.5675


 71.4656, 50.5596,
-33.5675


197.7011, 61.1376,
-36.7177

 60.2235, 48.9262,
-32.9758


 95.7948, 53.5079,
-34.6102

 49.6405, 47.1863,
-32.3557


 108.8206, 54.8391,
-35.0587

 39.7623, 45.3383,
-31.7281


122.3886, 56.0818,
-35.4566

 30.6432, 43.3951,
-31.1424

136.4778, 57.2412,
-35.8043

 22.3528, 41.4015,
-30.7080

151.0696, 58.3222,
-36.1029

 14.9840, 39.4975,
-30.6987

166.1473, 59.3293,

 8.6283, 38.5103,

-36.3537

-32.1791

181.6958, 60.2665,
-36.5582

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 71.4656, 50.5596,
-33.5675

■ 71.4656, 50.5596,
-33.5675

■ 65.9953, 64.3387,
-43.2029

■ 77.7050, 36.3857,
-23.6685

■ 61.4011, 77.1298,
-52.1695

■ 84.6014, 22.2179,
-13.7827

■ 57.7832, 88.1492,
-59.9258

■ 92.0607, 8.2751,
-4.0582

■ 55.2009, 96.5868,
-65.9104

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 53.6410, 101.8856,

-69.7340

■ 52.9243, 104.2756,
-71.5498

■ 52.9242, 104.2760,
-71.5501

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.4671, 23.4762, -64.5124



71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675



71.4671, 63.0466, 0.2791

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.4671, 50.5570, -33.5649



71.4671, -0.0783, 39.7666



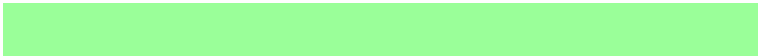
71.4671, -48.3808, -24.8256

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



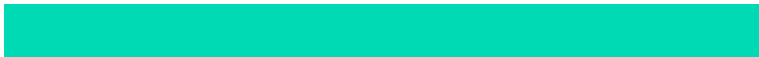
71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675



89.8279, -48.2295, 34.6139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.4671, -52.5985, 7.3221



71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675



71.4671, -27.5441, 37.5922

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.4671, 50.5570, -33.5649



71.4671, 30.9372, 36.0646



71.4671, -45.6214, 28.0567



71.4671, -32.9838, -58.1778

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



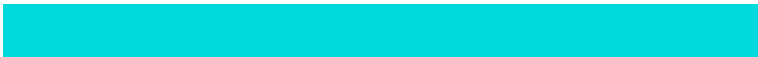
71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675



71.4671, 60.1233, 17.6006



71.4671, -45.6214, 28.0567



71.4671, -51.0316, -13.2249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.4671, 50.5570, -33.5649



90.5261, 11.0426, -5.9881



61.1046, 18.2716, -53.8260



41.4233, 5.9473, -3.3552

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.4671, 50.5570, -33.5649



67.0218, 61.6424, -41.3159



69.6320, 41.5314, -5.9248



42.7677, 3.5140, -1.6582



38.2621, 75.3845, -51.7061



11.9509, 23.5398, -16.1031

Inverse Universe

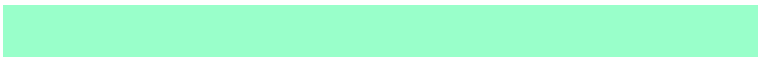
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.1011, 34.0665, 15.9420



62.9614, 42.5199, 18.3713



90.8689, -41.9548, 18.6770



42.4146, 1.5967, 3.5434



33.3360, 57.1013, 21.4456



10.4067, 17.8349, 6.6227

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

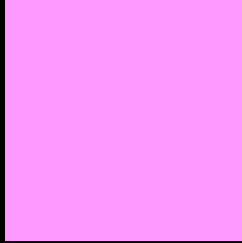
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

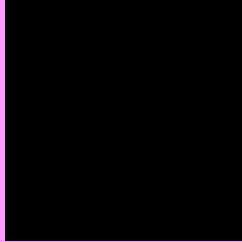
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675.

-33.5675.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675

Protanopia

71.8481, 4.4375, -33.7215

Deuteranopia

71.8403, 5.4051, -29.6034



Tritanopia

71.4048, 24.8808, 7.6875

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675



Protanomaly

70.8232, 20.2224, -35.2063



Deuteranomaly

71.0369, 20.5332, -32.0426

Tritanomaly

71.2420, 33.9704, -5.7079

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675



Achromatopsia

73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137



Achromatomaly

72.2850, 14.6630, -9.0459

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 153, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 153, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 153, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 153, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 153, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 153, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 153, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 153, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 153, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 153,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.4656, 50.5596, -33.5675 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 153, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
153, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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