

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.4895, -15.2005,
2.7371)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.4895, -15.2005,
2.7371) contains.

HunterLab(71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(71.6039,
-15.4501, 3.0378)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1C5BF
RGB	161, 197, 191
RGB Percent	63%, 77%, 75%
CMY	0.3686, 0.2274, 0.2510
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.03, 0.23
HSL	170°, 24%, 70%
HSV	170°, 18%, 77%
XYZ	44.0682, 51.2712, 56.8640
YIQ	185.5520, -19.5300, -9.4980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

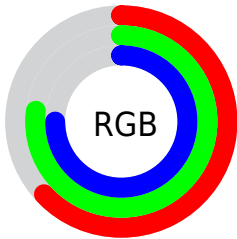
Format	Color
RYB	161, 181, 197
Decimal	10601919
CIELab	76.84, -13.20, -0.99
CIElCh	77, 13.234, 184.270
Yxy	51.2733, 0.2895, 0.3369
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288791999 (0xFFA1C5BF)
YUV	185.5520, 2.6859, -21.5321
Hunter-Lab	71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378

Details

The HunterLab color $71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $63.3652, 9.5315, 5.0022$, and the grayscale version is $69.8809, -3.7287, 3.7968$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96.0198, -18.2942, 4.5113$, and $49.7304, -12.6690, 1.7550$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70.1728, -20.9273, 2.8104$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73.2326, -9.3969, 3.5028$.

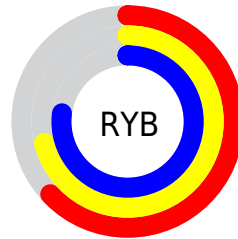
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (77%)

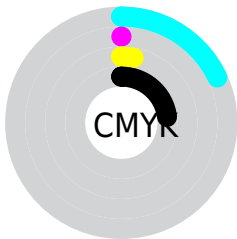
Blue (75%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (77%)

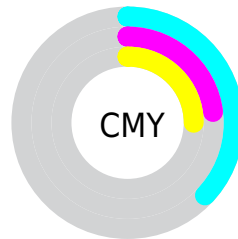


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71.6039, -15.4501,
3.0378

■ 71.6039, -15.4501,
3.0378

197.8951,
-27.1554, 9.5704

■ 60.3541, -14.1623,
2.4734

■ 95.9472, -18.0186,
4.2769

■ 49.7629, -12.8626,
1.9467

■ 108.9796,
-19.3039, 4.9457

■ 39.8760, -11.5441,
1.4619

122.5539,
-20.5935, 5.6456

■ 30.7475, -10.1944,
1.0227

136.6492,
-21.8892, 6.3752

■ 22.4467, -8.7938,
0.6342

151.2470,
-23.1922, 7.1335

■ 15.0662, -7.3075,
0.3035

166.3304,

■ 8.7046, -7.0714,

-24.5038, 7.9194

0.0046

181.8844,
-25.8246, 8.7320

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.6039, -15.4501,
3.0378

■ 71.6039, -15.4501,
3.0378

■ 70.1728, -20.9273,
2.8104

■ 73.2326, -9.3969,
3.5028

■ 68.9360, -25.7796,
2.8200

■ 75.0511, -2.8169,
4.1953

■ 67.8938, -29.9737,
3.0655

■ 77.0561, 4.2324,
5.1063

■ 67.0418, -33.4900,
3.5390

■ 79.2412, 11.6937,
6.2233

■ 66.3727, -36.3273,

■ 81.0680, 17.8133,

4.2267

6.8929

■ 65.8750, -38.5058,
5.1088

■ 81.1683, 18.3353,
5.4593

■ 65.5326, -40.0720,
6.1585

■ 81.2706, 18.8667,
3.9998

■ 65.3169, -41.1296,
7.3344

■ 81.3748, 19.4077,
2.5144

■ 65.2843, -41.2930,
7.5400

■ 81.4810, 19.9581,
1.0030

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.6054, -14.3615, 8.6985



71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378



71.6054, -13.5148, -2.8633

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.6054, -15.4513, 3.0389



71.6054, 3.0891, -6.2390



71.6054, 1.4833, 13.4757

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378



63.3652, 9.5315, 5.0022

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.6054, 6.4101, 10.0576



71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378



71.6054, 7.3593, -1.2605

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.6054, -15.4513, 3.0389



71.6054, -2.9250, -8.5040



71.6054, 8.5950, 4.7460



71.6054, -4.7196, 14.4141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378



71.6054, -10.7277, -6.0479



71.6054, 8.5950, 4.7460



71.6054, 3.3505, 12.5940

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.6054, -15.4513, 3.0389



98.7549, -9.8322, 4.9513



71.2663, -18.3563, 15.5401



45.6100, -4.8348, 2.2622

0.0000, NaN, NaN



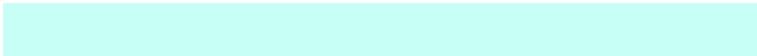
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.6054, -15.4513, 3.0389



95.0161, -23.7522, 3.9042



68.2346, -8.8796, -4.0107



34.6930, -4.7962, 1.6337



52.9554, -33.4277, 5.9711



11.5591, -7.0565, 0.7851

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.3652, 9.5315, 5.0022



81.6256, 16.9168, 7.1291



66.4098, 2.8265, 10.8669



32.6578, 1.3589, 2.1114



28.0852, 48.3819, 15.9369



6.1866, 10.8055, 2.3632

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

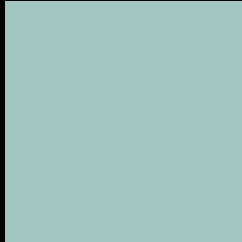
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

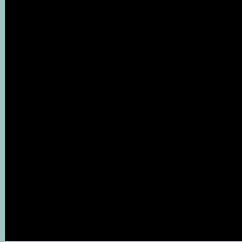
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

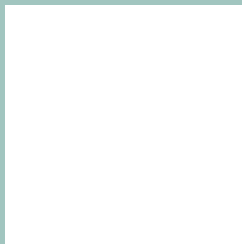
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378.

-15.4501, 3.0378.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378

Protanopia

71.3085, -2.5372, 5.2707

Deuteranopia

71.2328, 5.2666, 1.5037



Tritanopia

71.5794, -9.4506, -6.5630

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378

Protanomaly

71.2153, -7.4137, 4.1428

Deuteranomaly

71.1586, -2.6277, 1.7645

Tritanomaly

71.5783, -11.5349, -2.8959

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378

Achromatopsia

70.0729, -3.7389, 3.8072

Achromatomaly

70.5726, -8.1097, 3.3738

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 197, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 197, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 197, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 197, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 197, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 197, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 197, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 197, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 197, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 197,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.6039, -15.4501, 3.0378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 197, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
197, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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