

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.5058, 62.1004,  
25.1073)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(71.5058, 62.1004,  
25.1073) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.7991, 41.2022,  
17.6887)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF888A
RGB	255, 136, 138
RGB Percent	100%, 53%, 54%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4666, 0.4588
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.46, 0.00
HSL	359°, 100%, 77%
HSV	359°, 47%, 100%
XYZ	54.6316, 40.7033, 29.0218
YIQ	171.8090, 70.2820, 25.8500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

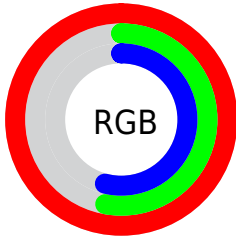
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 136, 138
Decimal	16746634
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	69.97, 45.17, 19.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 49.204, 23.360
Yxy	40.7053, 0.4393, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294936714 (0xFFFF888A)
YUV	171.8090, -16.6678, 72.9585
Hunter-Lab	63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887

# Details

The HunterLab color **63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **91.5679, -36.1760, -4.3839**, and the grayscale version is **64.1981, -3.4255, 3.4880**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.9197, 18.5757, 11.9249**, and **42.8491, 37.9187, 14.2922** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.0623, 51.6360, 20.7502**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.4091, 30.6472, 14.7148**.

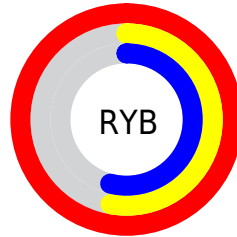
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (53%)

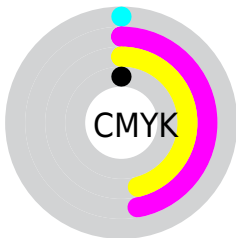
Blue (54%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (54%)

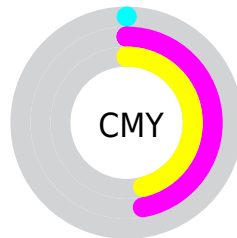


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63.7991, 41.2022,  
17.6887

63.7991, 41.2022,  
17.6887

186.8389, 50.0938,  
31.9745

52.9990, 39.7495,  
16.0093

87.3135, 43.7745,  
20.9500

42.8867, 38.1852,  
14.2773

99.9599, 44.9162,  
22.5474

33.5146, 36.5031,  
12.4727

113.1640, 45.9693,  
24.1314

24.9465, 34.7138,  
10.5634

126.9033, 46.9397,  
25.7064

17.2665, 32.8668,  
8.4974

141.1575, 47.8328,  
27.2756

10.5924, 31.1509,  
7.4147

155.9087, 48.6534,

0.0000, INF, NaN

28.8420

0.0000, INF, NaN

171.1408, 49.4058,  
30.4077

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.7991, 41.2022,  
17.6887

■ 63.7991, 41.2022,  
17.6887

■ 58.0623, 51.6360,  
20.7502

■ 70.4091, 30.6472,  
14.7148

■ 53.3482, 61.3719,  
23.7214

■ 77.7437, 20.3171,  
11.9140

■ 49.7963, 69.5795,  
26.3410

■ 85.6832, 10.3576,  
9.3180

■ 47.4789, 75.4048,  
28.3170

■ 94.1294, 0.8077,  
6.9244

■ 46.3387, 78.3928,  
29.4544

100.0000, -5.3359,  
5.4331

■ 46.1186, 78.9999,  
29.6434

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.8007, 45.3193, -1.4546



63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887



63.8007, 24.4181, 28.3972

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.8007, 41.1983, 17.6898



63.8007, -34.4509, 23.4225



63.8007, -8.3175, -52.1805

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887



91.5679, -36.1760, -4.3839

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.8007, -27.1552, -38.9850



63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887



63.8007, -40.8367, 8.0361

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.8007, 41.1983, 17.6898



63.8007, -19.6202, 30.8187



63.8007, -38.3629, -15.0255



63.8007, 14.6051, -46.8241



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887



63.8007, 9.4153, 31.5985



63.8007, -38.3629, -15.0255



63.8007, -15.2916, -49.6521

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.8007, 41.1983, 17.6898



87.8872, 7.7738, 8.6612



67.3393, 58.8312, -40.7746



39.8335, 4.5638, 4.2527

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.8007, 41.1983, 17.6898



58.4132, 50.9571, 20.5474



77.8036, 11.6671, 30.3944



42.4170, 1.6097, 3.5090



33.3404, 57.1175, 21.3805



10.4114, 17.8523, 6.5533



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.8007, 41.1983, 17.6898



58.4132, 50.9571, 20.5474



73.1562, -9.1077, -31.7563



42.4170, 1.6097, 3.5090



33.3404, 57.1175, 21.3805



10.4114, 17.8523, 6.5533



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887.

17.6887.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887

### Protanopia

63.9979, -3.6674, 10.6419

### Deuteranopia

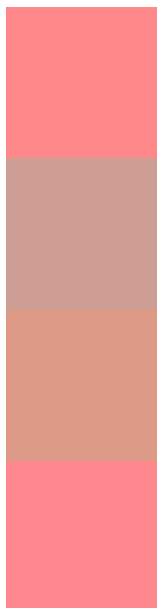
64.0478, 4.3457, 19.0002



## Tritanopia

63.7435, 42.5062, 15.1061

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887

## Protanomaly

63.0440, 11.7194, 12.3119

## Deuteranomaly

63.4292, 17.7400, 17.9695

## Tritanomaly

63.6718, 42.1650, 16.1424

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887

## Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

## Achromatomaly

63.1592, 11.2813, 7.8956

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 136, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 136, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 136, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 136, 138) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 136, 138) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 136, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 136, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 136, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 136, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 136,  
138) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.7991, 41.2022, 17.6887 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 136, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
136, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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