

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.5280, -38.4641,  
16.4460)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(71.5280, -38.4641,  
16.4460) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(71.4231,  
-38.3161, 16.4872)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	68D19E
RGB	104, 209, 158
RGB Percent	41%, 82%, 62%
CMY	0.5921, 0.1804, 0.3804
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.24, 0.18
HSL	151°, 53%, 61%
HSV	151°, 50%, 82%
XYZ	34.6809, 51.0126, 40.3662
YIQ	171.7910, -46.2090, -38.1210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

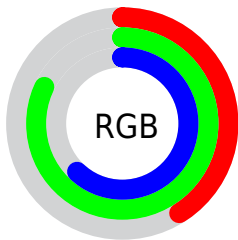
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">104, 173, 209</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6869406</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">76.69, -42.22, 16.13</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">77, 45.198, 159.092</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">51.0147, 0.2751, 0.4047</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285059486</a> (0xFF68D19E)
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">171.7910, -6.7990, -59.4527</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872</a>

# Details

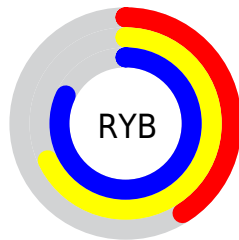
The HunterLab color **71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **50.8171, 41.6086, -4.1416**, and the grayscale version is **64.1852, -3.4248, 3.4873**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.5976, -38.5614, 15.0196**, and **49.6643, -32.4492, 13.7563** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.4129, -42.8335, 19.0995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.6556, -32.9859, 13.9004**.

# Distribution



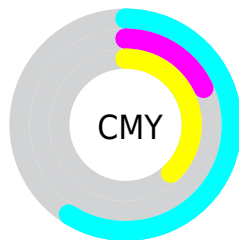
- Red (41%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 71.4231, -38.3161,  
16.4872

■ 71.4231, -38.3161,  
16.4872

197.6413,  
-61.6536, 29.3729

■ 60.1833, -35.3731,  
15.0274

■ 95.7478, -43.9004,  
19.3638

■ 49.6028, -32.2931,  
13.5411

■ 108.7716,  
-46.5761, 20.7903

■ 39.7272, -29.0378,  
12.0163

■ 122.3376,  
-49.1920, 22.2141

■ 30.6111, -25.5498,  
10.4344

■ 136.4249,  
-51.7576, 23.6382

■ 22.3239, -21.7400,  
8.7655

151.0149,  
-54.2807, 25.0645

■ 14.9587, -17.5236,  
6.9678

166.0909,

■ 8.6046, -15.0580,

-56.7677, 26.4949

6.0232

181.6376,  
-59.2239, 27.9307

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.4231, -38.3161,  
16.4872

■ 71.4231, -38.3161,  
16.4872

■ 70.4129, -42.8335,  
19.0995

■ 72.6556, -32.9859,  
13.9004

■ 69.6130, -46.5224,  
21.6991

■ 74.1096, -26.8759,  
11.3698

■ 69.0123, -49.3988,  
24.2495

■ 75.7870, -20.0404,  
8.9255

■ 68.5925, -51.5120,  
26.7122


■ 77.6848, -12.5445,  
6.5922


■ 68.3188, -52.9828,


■ 79.7982, -4.4603,


28.9822

4.3894

 82.1203, 4.1376,  
2.3316

 84.6428, 13.1761,  
0.4286

 85.5030, 16.6580,  
-3.7646

 85.8635, 18.5397,  
-8.8609

# Harmonies

## Analogous

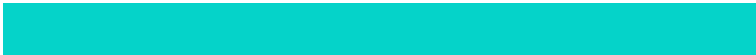
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.4245, -27.9424, 28.0750



71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872



71.4245, -40.0578, -2.5749

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.4245, -38.3170, 16.4879



71.4245, 2.8010, -46.5373



71.4245, 30.9904, 24.4196

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872



50.8171, 41.6086, -4.1416

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.4245, 41.5014, 9.7979



71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872



71.4245, 24.0127, -33.6304

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.4245, -38.3170, 16.4879



71.4245, -17.9074, -43.1659



71.4245, 38.8078, -11.5307



71.4245, 11.4628, 31.6294



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872



71.4245, -36.3178, -17.8702



71.4245, 38.8078, -11.5307



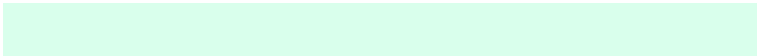
71.4245, 35.7939, 20.4142

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.4245, -38.3170, 16.4879



96.0802, -20.4387, 9.6780



73.2943, -33.0216, 33.9906



44.2193, -10.3745, 4.7674

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.4245, -38.3170, 16.4879



88.1295, -53.8715, 24.0658



72.9038, -29.5961, -4.6545



36.4778, -5.5734, 3.0007



53.6628, -41.4866, 22.4839



12.7521, -9.4210, 4.3982



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.8171, 41.6086, -4.1416



58.2322, 63.1891, -4.9991



49.4536, 35.2569, 15.3878



34.5001, 1.9422, 0.9317



29.9385, 53.2926, 3.6716



7.1915, 13.0089, -0.7274



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

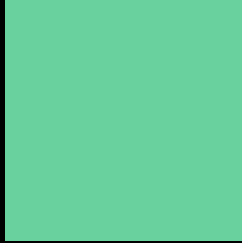
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

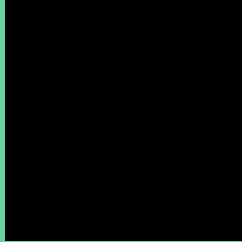
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872.

-38.3161, 16.4872.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872

### Protanopia

70.9816, -5.6533, 20.2374

### Deuteranopia

70.8344, 5.1854, 14.3408



## Tritanopia

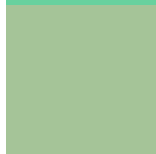
71.2574, -21.6025, -11.0905

# Trichromacy



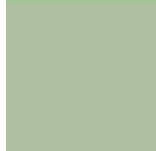
## Original Color

71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872



## Protanomaly

70.5310, -19.8574, 18.1419



## Deuteranomaly

69.9887, -13.2421, 13.9377



## Tritanomaly

71.2381, -28.2077, -0.0627

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872



## Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897



## Achromatomaly

66.0992, -17.4929, 7.6307

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 209, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 209, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 209, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 209, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 209, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 209, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 209, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 209, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 209, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 209,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.4231, -38.3161, 16.4872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 209, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
209, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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