

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.6234, -29.6745,
-3.4159)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.6234, -29.6745,
-3.4159) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(71.6429,
-29.5762, -3.6485)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66CECC
RGB	102, 206, 204
RGB Percent	40%, 81%, 80%
CMY	0.6000, 0.1921, 0.2000
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.01, 0.19
HSL	179°, 51%, 60%
HSV	179°, 50%, 81%
XYZ	38.4499, 51.3271, 65.0073
YIQ	174.6760, -61.3420, -22.6700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

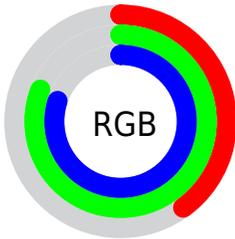
Format	Color
RYB	102, 155, 206
Decimal	6737612
CIELab	76.88, -30.54, -8.28
CIELCh	77, 31.642, 195.161
Yxy	51.3290, 0.2484, 0.3316
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284927692 (0xFF66CECC)
YUV	174.6760, 14.4567, -63.7369
Hunter-Lab	71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485

Details

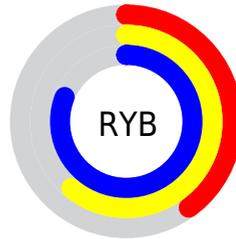
The HunterLab color **71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **48.6062, 35.0457, 14.5868**, and the grayscale version is **65.3014, -3.4843, 3.5480**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.8513, -31.1740, -3.7428**, and **49.7094, -24.8725, -4.2200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.8888, -32.5201, -4.4601**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.5982, -25.9162, -2.5784**.

Distribution



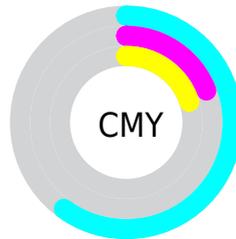
- Red (40%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

71.6429, -29.5762,
-3.6485

71.6429, -29.5762,
-3.6485

197.9497,
-48.1149, 0.4470

60.3908, -27.3211,
-3.8860

95.9901, -33.9097,
-3.0206

49.7974, -24.9834,
-4.0685

109.0244,
-36.0107, -2.6393

39.9080, -22.5380,
-4.1893

122.6005,
-38.0792, -2.2166

30.7769, -19.9468,
-4.2410

136.6975,
-40.1214, -1.7547

22.4731, -17.1503,
-4.2144

151.2969,
-42.1424, -1.2557

15.0893, -14.0464,
-4.0979

166.3820,

8.7260, -15.2704,

-44.1461, -0.7214

-3.9411

181.9375,
-46.1360, -0.1534

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.6429, -29.5762,
-3.6485

■ 71.6429, -29.5762,
-3.6485

■ 70.8888, -32.5201,
-4.4601

■ 72.5982, -25.9162,
-2.5784

■ 70.3220, -34.7581,
-5.0224

■ 73.7565, -21.5472,
-1.2535

■ 69.9302, -36.3259,
-5.3488

■ 75.1220, -16.4954,
0.3204

■ 69.6942, -37.2855,
-5.4626

■ 76.6949, -10.8001,
2.1316

■ 69.5775, -37.7737,

■ 78.4728, -4.5104,

-5.4232

4.1648

 80.4514, 2.3180,
6.4021

 82.6249, 9.6268,
8.8241

 83.6168, 12.9132,
9.8140

 83.6285, 12.9744,
9.6474

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.6443, -29.6124, 10.5721



71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485



71.6443, -23.0376, -18.3925

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.6443, -29.5767, -3.6475



71.6443, 17.7771, -18.2511



71.6443, 3.7052, 25.6626

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485



48.6062, 35.0457, 14.5868

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.6443, 17.6496, 20.7442



71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485



71.6443, 26.2164, -3.4832

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.6443, -29.5767, -3.6475



71.6443, 3.8679, -27.9307



71.6443, 26.1678, 10.7060



71.6443, -11.2095, 25.6365

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485



71.6443, -15.5362, -25.7090



71.6443, 26.1678, 10.7060



71.6443, 8.6869, 24.5856

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.6443, -29.5767, -3.6475



96.6468, -17.2539, 1.5927



69.3798, -43.3254, 31.2496



44.5176, -8.6925, 0.5114

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.6443, -29.5767, -3.6475



90.1259, -41.8049, -5.7855



56.1739, -6.9224, -27.1411



35.6696, -4.7046, 1.0873



54.5987, -29.6312, -4.2784



12.4060, -6.7009, -1.0411

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6062, 35.0457, 14.5868



55.8904, 56.0188, 21.9622



60.0553, 10.3619, 24.7757



33.4920, 1.1926, 2.7355



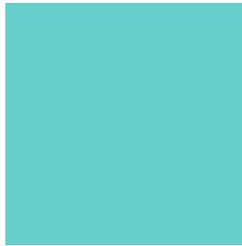
28.4376, 48.7249, 18.1851



6.4688, 11.1029, 3.9866

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

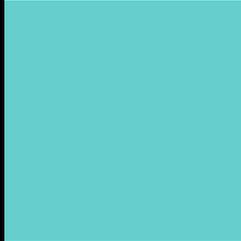
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

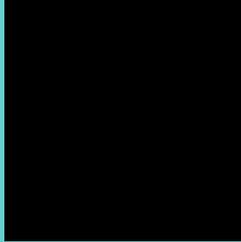
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

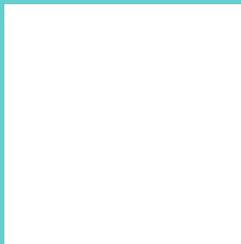
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.6429,

-29.5762, -3.6485.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

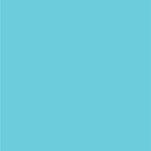
71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485

Protanopia

71.3394, -2.0028, 1.9933

Deuteranopia

71.0466, 5.6388, -6.4625



Tritanopia

71.7488, -24.6170, -12.1724

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485



Protanomaly

71.0157, -13.9558, -0.5862



Deuteranomaly

70.3940, -9.0879, -6.5025



Tritanomaly

71.7781, -26.6492, -8.7871

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485



Achromatopsia

65.4745, -3.4936, 3.5574



Achromatomaly

67.0514, -14.4894, -0.0141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 206, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 206, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 206, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 206, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 206, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 206, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 206, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 206, 204); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 206, 204); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 206, 204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.6429, -29.5762, -3.6485 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 206, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
206, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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