

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.6744, -3.5767,
2.5623)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.6744, -3.5767, 2.5623)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(71.7607, -3.6339,
2.4706)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDBEC1
RGB	189, 190, 193
RGB Percent	74%, 75%, 76%
CMY	0.2588, 0.2549, 0.2431
CMYK	0.02, 0.02, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	225°, 3%, 75%
HSV	225°, 2%, 76%
XYZ	49.0254, 51.4960, 57.8078
YIQ	190.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

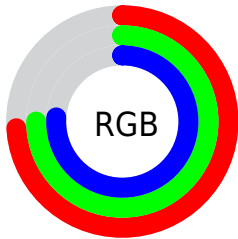
Format	Color
RYB	189, 190, 193
Decimal	12435137
CIELab	76.98, 0.22, -1.64
CIElCh	77, 1.652, 277.528
Yxy	51.4982, 0.3096, 0.3253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290625217 (0xFFBDBEC1)
YUV	190.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147
Hunter-Lab	71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706

Details

The HunterLab color $71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $72.6018, -4.0552, 5.3486$, and the grayscale version is $71.7718, -3.8296, 3.8995$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96.0019, -4.9191, 3.7196$, and $50.0190, -2.4831, 1.3684$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65.7538, -2.2064, -5.0146$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $77.9170, -4.7968, 9.5367$.

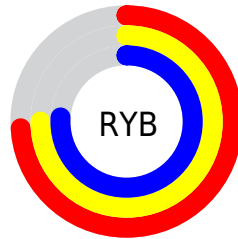
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (75%)

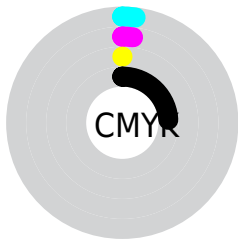
Blue (76%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (76%)

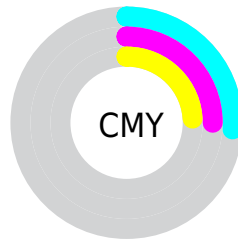


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71.7607, -3.6339,
2.4706

■ 71.7607, -3.6339,
2.4706

198.1152,
-10.3048, 8.7817

■ 60.5023, -3.0450,
1.9365

□ 96.1201, -4.9163,
3.6537

■ 49.9019, -2.4904,
1.4419

109.1600, -5.6034,
4.2963

■ 40.0051, -1.9742,
0.9913

122.7415, -6.3198,
4.9709

■ 30.8659, -1.4995,
0.5890

136.8438, -7.0643,
5.6763

■ 22.5533, -1.0703,
0.2408

151.4482, -7.8359,
6.4111

■ 15.1595, -0.6920,
-0.0451

166.5381, -8.6337,

■ 8.7904, -0.3622,

7.1743

-0.2938

182.0984, -9.4569,
7.9648

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.7607, -3.6339,
2.4706

■ 71.7607, -3.6339,
2.4706

■ 65.7538, -2.2064,
-5.0146

■ 77.9170, -4.7968,
9.5367

■ 59.9100, -0.4502,
-13.0223

■ 84.2036, -5.7366,
16.2602

■ 54.2540, 1.7087,
-21.6751

■ 90.6100, -6.4919,
22.7063

■ 48.8156, 4.3659,
-31.1221

■ 95.9940, -11.0766,
27.7953

■ 43.6342, 7.6395,

■ 98.3007, -14.7263,

-41.5343

29.8841

■ 38.7613, 11.6682,
-53.0848

■ 34.2656, 16.5939,
-65.8942

■ 30.2360, 22.5118,
-79.9079

■ 26.7813, 29.3595,
-94.6791

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.7622, -4.4075, 2.5701



71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706



71.7622, -2.9135, 2.7611

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.7622, -3.6355, 2.4718



71.7622, -2.6350, 4.7732



71.7622, -5.2189, 4.4515

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706



72.6018, -4.0552, 5.3486

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.7622, -4.7477, 5.0328



71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706



71.7622, -3.2565, 5.2171

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.7622, -3.6355, 2.4718



71.7622, -2.3342, 4.0936



71.7622, -4.0300, 5.3116



71.7622, -5.3194, 3.7183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706



71.7622, -2.5583, 3.1330



71.7622, -4.0300, 5.3116



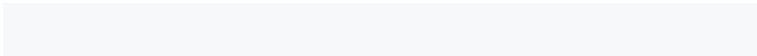
71.7622, -5.0987, 4.6709

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.7622, -3.6355, 2.4718



96.8994, -5.0453, 4.3317



72.6377, -5.3172, 3.9916



44.9010, -2.3409, 2.0293



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



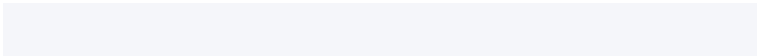
45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.7622, -3.6355, 2.4718



96.0713, -4.8724, 3.3479



71.5436, -2.8409, 2.2235



33.9962, -1.7314, 1.2371



20.2440, 27.8014, -85.3185



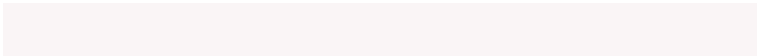
5.3957, 2.6941, -12.5600

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.7296, -2.3819, 3.8887



96.0283, -3.2280, 5.2061



72.8217, -4.8511, 5.5888



33.9822, -1.1952, 1.8425



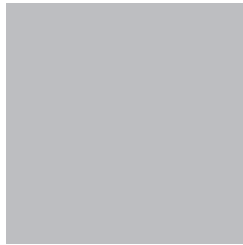
27.7416, 48.0677, 13.5895



5.8654, 10.3554, 1.3822

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

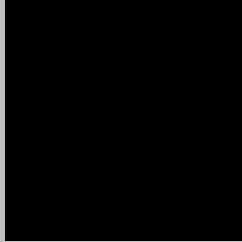
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

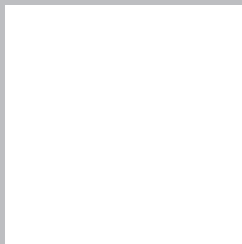
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706.

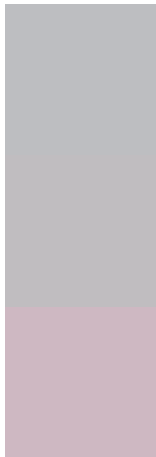


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.7607, -3.6339,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706

Protanopia

71.6990, -2.3631, 2.9009

Deuteranopia

71.6225, 5.0834, 1.9718



Tritanopia

71.6621, -0.2468, -2.5919

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706

Protanomaly

71.6082, -2.6772, 2.7872

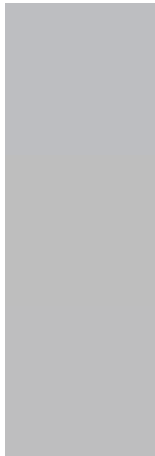
Deuteranomaly

71.6186, 2.0673, 1.9142

Tritanomaly

71.7397, -1.7793, -0.4814

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706

Achromatopsia

71.7578, -3.8288, 3.8987

Achromatomaly

71.7883, -3.6614, 3.4627

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 190, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 190, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 190, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 190, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 190, 193) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 190, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 190, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 190, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 190, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 190,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.7607, -3.6339, 2.4706 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 190, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
190, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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