

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.7373, -29.3504,
6.6887)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.7373, -29.3504,
6.6887) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(71.6188,
-29.2599, 6.5312)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	7BCDB7
RGB	123, 205, 183
RGB Percent	48%, 80%, 72%
CMY	0.5176, 0.1961, 0.2823
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.11, 0.20
HSL	164°, 45%, 64%
HSV	164°, 40%, 80%
XYZ	38.5470, 51.2925, 52.6686
YIQ	177.9740, -41.8100, -24.2260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

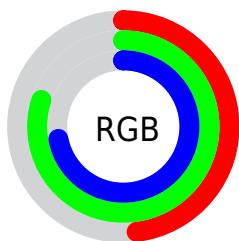
Format	Color
RYB	123, 170, 205
Decimal	8113591
CIELab	76.86, -30.14, 3.10
CIELCh	77, 30.299, 174.129
Yxy	51.2946, 0.2705, 0.3599
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286303671 (0xFF7BCDB7)
YUV	177.9740, 2.4778, -48.2122
Hunter-Lab	71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312

Details

The HunterLab color **71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.0285, 28.9216, 4.3994**, and the grayscale version is **66.7164, -3.5598, 3.6248**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.4536, -29.9739, 5.2523**, and **49.6521, -24.6274, 4.9458** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.5075, -33.8825, 7.6553**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.9395, -23.9337, 5.6211**.

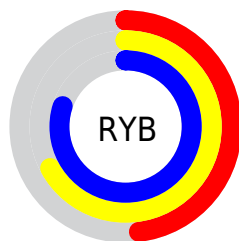
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (80%)

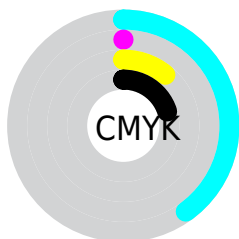
Blue (72%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (80%)

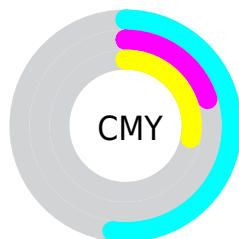


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (52%)


Magenta (20%)


Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 71.6188, -29.2599,
6.5312

 71.6188, -29.2599,
6.5312


197.9160,
-47.6380, 14.5044


 60.3681, -27.0280,
5.7679


 95.9636, -33.5521,
8.1370

 49.7761, -24.7150,
5.0298


 108.9967,
-35.6338, 8.9768

 39.8882, -22.2963,
4.3180


 122.5717,
-37.6839, 9.8406

 30.7587, -19.7346,
3.6321

136.6677,
-39.7086, 10.7281

 22.4568, -16.9712,
2.9712

151.2661,
-41.7126, 11.6387

 15.0750, -13.9056,
2.3321

166.3501,

 8.7128, -15.2474,

-43.7001, 12.5720

1.9488

181.9047,
-45.6743, 13.5273

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.6188, -29.2599,
6.5312

■ 71.6188, -29.2599,
6.5312

■ 70.5075, -33.8825,
7.6553

■ 72.9395, -23.9337,
5.6211

■ 69.5967, -37.7759,
8.9739

■ 74.4664, -17.9408,
4.9334

■ 68.8797, -40.9381,
10.4656

■ 76.1998, -11.3329,
4.4746

■ 68.3441, -43.3910,
12.1026


■ 78.1359, -4.1690,
4.2453


■ 67.9719, -45.1858,


■ 80.2693, 3.4885,


13.8516


4.2420


 67.7248, -46.4668,
15.6584

 82.5932, 11.5766,
4.4577

 67.7247, -46.4668,
15.6584

 83.7687, 15.7575,
3.2264

 83.9469, 16.6900,
0.6892

 84.1306, 17.6487,
-1.9190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.6202, -24.8432, 17.6378



71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312



71.6202, -27.3099, -7.6842

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.6202, -29.2607, 6.5321



71.6202, 7.8081, -24.4348



71.6202, 13.0726, 22.0750

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312



54.0285, 28.9216, 4.3994

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.6202, 23.1391, 13.8207



71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312



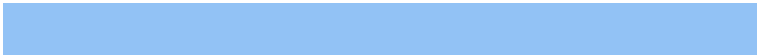
71.6202, 19.9361, -13.2524

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.6202, -29.2607, 6.5321



71.6202, -6.6263, -27.4392



71.6202, 25.7444, 1.1609



71.6202, -0.9806, 25.4040

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312



71.6202, -22.5759, -16.8935



71.6202, 25.7444, 1.1609



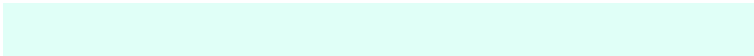
71.6202, 17.0778, 19.8735

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.6202, -29.2607, 6.5321



97.0225, -16.3875, 5.8282



71.5732, -32.2197, 28.0153



44.7478, -8.1093, 2.7284

0.0000, NaN, NaN



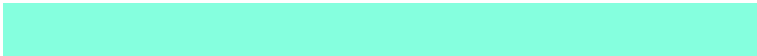
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.6202, -29.2607, 6.5321



90.4193, -42.5970, 9.5821



66.5285, -17.1266, -10.7809



35.6001, -5.0911, 2.0779



53.4499, -36.5675, 12.1309



12.1903, -7.9997, 2.0323

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.0285, 28.9216, 4.3994



63.7640, 46.3115, 6.8058



57.7855, 17.0118, 16.6773



33.5593, 1.5554, 1.7734



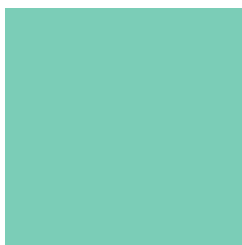
28.7497, 49.8796, 13.5777



6.6282, 11.6903, 1.6527

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

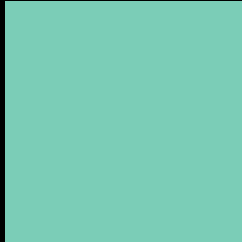
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

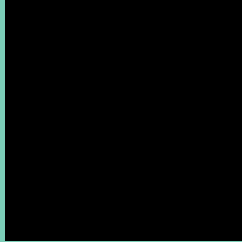
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312.



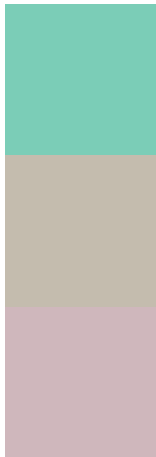
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312.

-29.2599, 6.5312.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312

Protanopia

71.2448, -3.4444, 10.5154

Deuteranopia

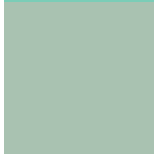
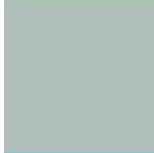
71.2483, 4.9477, 4.3978




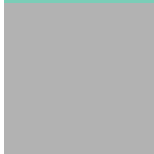
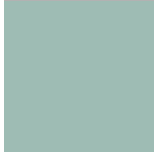
Tritanopia

71.4785, -19.1812, -10.1789

Trichromacy

	Original Color 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312
	Protanomaly 70.8470, -14.1570, 8.5980
	Deuteranomaly 70.7368, -9.2296, 4.4890
	Tritanomaly 71.5471, -23.1135, -3.6577

Monochromacy

	Original Color 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312
	Achromatopsia 66.7234, -3.5602, 3.6252
	Achromatomaly 68.2135, -13.8597, 4.2589

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 205, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 205, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 205, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 205, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 205, 183) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 205, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 205, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 205, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 205, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 205,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.6188, -29.2599, 6.5312 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 205, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
205, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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