

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.7856, -15.8644,
-4.6614)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.7856, -15.8644,
-4.6614) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(71.6779,
-15.7775, -4.9379)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 96C6CF |
| RGB | 150, 198, 207 |
| RGB Percent | 59%, 78%, 81% |
| CMY | 0.4118, 0.2235, 0.1882 |
| CMYK | 0.28, 0.04, 0.00, 0.19 |
| HSL | 189°, 37%, 70% |
| HSV | 189°, 28%, 81% |
| XYZ | 44.0343, 51.3772, 66.6275 |
| YIQ | 184.6740, -31.4970, -7.3770 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

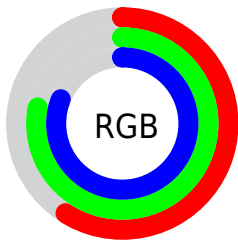
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 150, 176, 207 |
| Decimal | 9881295 |
| CIELab | 76.91, -13.57, -9.61 |
| CIELCh | 77, 16.630, 215.303 |
| Yxy | 51.3793, 0.2718, 0.3171 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288071375 (0xFF96C6CF) |
| YUV | 184.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091 |
| Hunter-Lab | 71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379 |

Details

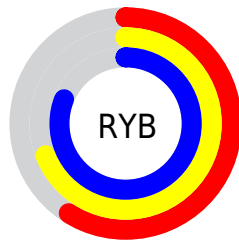
The HunterLab color $71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be $63.4539, 11.7063, 12.3432$, and the grayscale version is $69.4819, -3.7074, 3.7751$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95.7701, -20.3790, 0.0859$, and $49.7874, -13.0825, -5.4394$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $69.3600, -18.9071, -8.0536$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74.1820, -12.0506, -1.6821$.

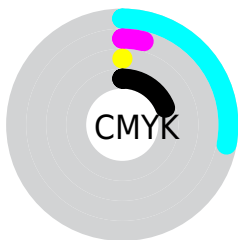
Distribution



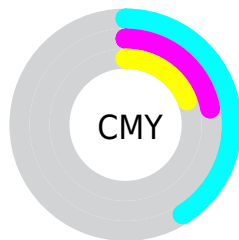
- Red (59%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71.6779, -15.7775,
-4.9379

■ 71.6779, -15.7775,
-4.9379

197.9989,
-27.6267, -1.2683

■ 60.4240, -14.4692,
-5.1196

■ 96.0287, -18.3827,
-4.4152

■ 49.8285, -13.1481,
-5.2442

■ 109.0647,
-19.6851, -4.0839

■ 39.9368, -11.8064,
-5.3048

122.6424,
-20.9911, -3.7095

■ 30.8033, -10.4314,
-5.2939

136.7410,
-22.3026, -3.2945

■ 22.4969, -9.0026,
-5.2027

151.3419,
-23.6209, -2.8412

■ 15.1102, -7.4840,
-5.0214

166.4284,

■ 8.7452, -7.2296,

-24.9471, -2.3512

-4.8060

181.9853,
-26.2821, -1.8264

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.6779, -15.7775,
-4.9379

■ 71.6779, -15.7775,
-4.9379

■ 69.3600, -18.9071,
-8.0536

■ 74.1820, -12.0506,
-1.6821

■ 67.2290, -21.3936,
-11.0096

■ 76.8610, -7.7721,
1.6882

■ 65.2897, -23.2045,
-13.7828

■ 79.7088, -2.9934,
5.1536

■ 63.5418, -24.3207,
-16.3540

■ 82.7170, 2.2356,
8.6957

■ 61.9813, -24.7436,

■ 85.8771, 7.8667,

-18.7098

12.2985

■ 60.5983, -24.5022,
-20.8465

■ 87.0090, 6.6710,
13.5052

■ 59.3707, -23.6786,
-22.7828

■ 87.9847, 4.9328,
14.5222

■ 59.0788, -23.4369,
-23.2497

■ 88.9687, 3.2002,
15.5381

■ 89.9606, 1.4731,
16.5528

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.6793, -18.2987, 2.5568



71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379



71.6793, -10.0493, -10.4660

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.6793, -15.7784, -4.9368



71.6793, 10.4619, -2.3849



71.6793, -5.2234, 16.8197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379



63.4539, 11.7063, 12.3432

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.6793, 2.6120, 15.7993



71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379



71.6793, 11.8893, 5.2210

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.6793, -15.7784, -4.9368



71.6793, 5.1387, -8.8847



71.6793, 8.9595, 11.7408



71.6793, -12.3754, 14.6951

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379



71.6793, -5.0648, -11.9994



71.6793, 8.9595, 11.7408



71.6793, -2.5837, 16.8304

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.6793, -15.7784, -4.9368



97.1065, -10.1605, 1.8943



73.2109, -27.8848, 18.2248



44.6813, -5.0994, 0.5724

0.0000, NaN, NaN



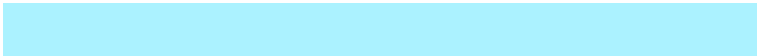
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.6793, -15.7784, -4.9368



88.9925, -22.3928, -8.5863



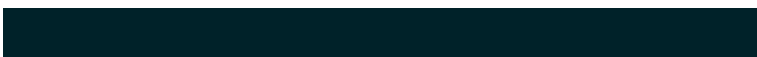
63.0245, -2.0830, -16.7355



36.1607, -4.0809, 0.4959



47.0160, -18.7641, -18.2595



11.5040, -4.9397, -3.7156

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.5752, 24.0872, -11.6432



75.3146, 38.2724, -18.8767



71.4355, -2.5254, 20.0248



34.6059, 2.5091, -0.5718



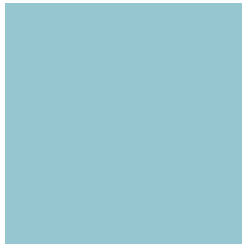
32.0979, 61.0281, -26.2301



7.6478, 14.6345, -6.9756

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

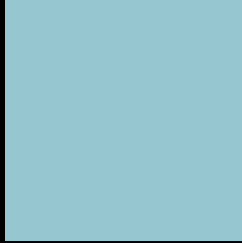
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

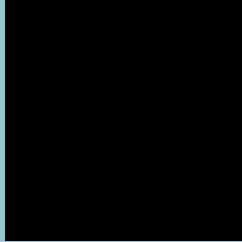
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.6779,

-15.7775, -4.9379.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379

Protanopia

71.4159, -1.2251, -1.8912

Deuteranopia

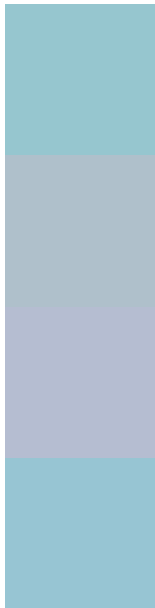
71.3722, 5.3045, -6.5790



Tritanopia

71.6351, -13.8811, -8.2041

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379

Protanomaly

71.5018, -7.0256, -2.9142

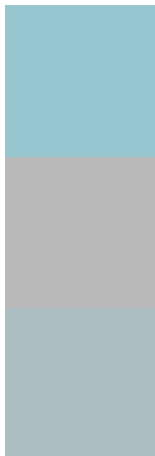
Deuteranomaly

71.2898, -2.6631, -6.2862

Tritanomaly

71.5646, -14.2774, -7.2099

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379

Achromatopsia

69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844

Achromatomaly

70.3191, -8.6964, 0.6391

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 198, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 198, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 198, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 198, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 198, 207) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 198, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 198, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 198, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 198, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 198,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.6779, -15.7775, -4.9379 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 198, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
198, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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