

Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.8358, -13.8515,
-56.7726)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(71.8358, -13.8515,
-56.7726) contains.

HunterLab(70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(70.2756,
-22.1454, -36.9027)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	25C9FF
RGB	37, 201, 255
RGB Percent	15%, 79%, 100%
CMY	0.8548, 0.2118, 0.0000
CMYK	0.85, 0.21, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	195°, 100%, 57%
HSV	195°, 85%, 100%
XYZ	39.6996, 49.3866, 102.0479
YIQ	158.1200, -115.0780, -17.9740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

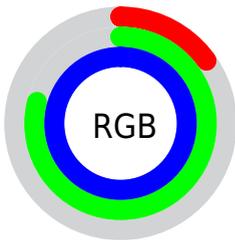
Format	Color
R _Y B	37, 131, 255
Decimal	2476543
CIE Lab	75.69, -21.47, -37.63
CIE LCh	76, 43.326, 240.300
Yxy	49.3882, 0.2077, 0.2584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280666623 (0xFF25C9FF)
YUV	158.1200, 47.7618, -106.2222
Hunter-Lab	70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027

Details

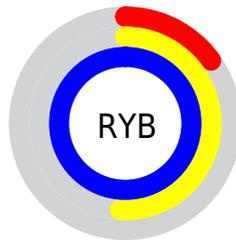
The HunterLab color **70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **53.7400, 56.4789, 32.1697**, and the grayscale version is **58.3712, -3.1145, 3.1714**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.0774, -37.9158, -6.1305**, and **49.9446, -13.6839, -32.8868** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.9590, -20.0641, -41.0147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.8298, -23.3860, -32.5512**.

Distribution



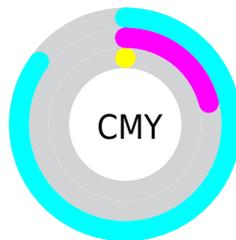
- Red (15%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

70.2756, -22.1454,
-36.9027

70.2756, -22.1454,
-36.9027

196.0277,
-37.0753, -40.6382

59.0995, -20.3992,
-36.2655

94.4816, -25.5467,
-38.0612

48.5871, -18.6082,
-35.6136

107.4502,
-27.2170, -38.5736

38.7845, -16.7554,
-34.9782

120.9632,
-28.8743, -39.0374

29.7475, -14.8157,
-34.4272

134.9995,
-30.5223, -39.4525

21.5474, -12.7487,
-34.1102

149.5402,
-32.1641, -39.8191

14.2805, -10.4837,
-34.4032

164.5685,

7.9383, -12.2073,

-33.8022, -40.1381

-37.3882

180.0690,
-35.4387, -40.4107

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 70.2756, -22.1454,
-36.9027

■ 70.2756, -22.1454,
-36.9027

■ 67.9590, -20.0641,
-41.0147

■ 72.8298, -23.3860,
-32.5512

■ 66.9663, -18.9334,
-42.8301

■ 75.6342, -23.7232,
-27.9734

■ 78.6941, -23.1466,
-23.1940

■ 82.0067, -21.6810,
-18.2478

■ 85.5646, -19.3733,

-13.1709

■ 89.3574, -16.2838,
-7.9972

■ 93.3732, -12.4789,
-2.7562

■ 97.5994, -8.0265,
2.5271

■ 100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.2768, -34.5055, -17.7160



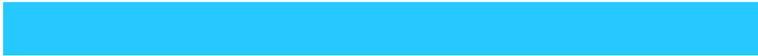
70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027



70.2768, -3.5482, -44.6313

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.2768, -22.1452, -36.9007



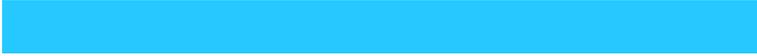
70.2768, 39.9130, 4.0203



70.2768, -22.4628, 29.0114

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027



53.7400, 56.4789, 32.1697

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.2768, -3.9587, 31.8372



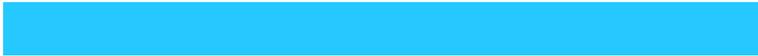
70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027



70.2768, 33.4071, 20.1624

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.2768, -22.1452, -36.9007



70.2768, 33.6531, -17.2788



70.2768, 16.7485, 29.1249



70.2768, -34.6736, 19.9106

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027



70.2768, 10.3742, -40.9215



70.2768, 16.7485, 29.1249



70.2768, -16.8466, 30.5877

Sweetspot

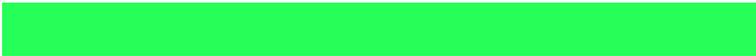
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.2768, -22.1452, -36.9007



89.1546, -16.4626, -8.2680



85.2153, -68.9406, 44.8958



40.6291, -8.1445, -4.6579

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.2768, -22.1452, -36.9007



66.9663, -18.9334, -42.8301



39.7815, 33.2239, -115.9079



44.3558, -4.5764, 0.1838



48.6627, -14.0516, -30.4907



15.7409, -5.1670, -8.5207

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



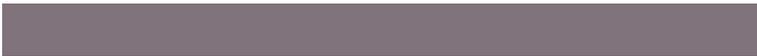
51.7705, 90.2279, -29.8058



50.0582, 93.3137, -26.4701



78.2744, 3.2939, 46.9626



42.6836, 3.0417, -0.2905



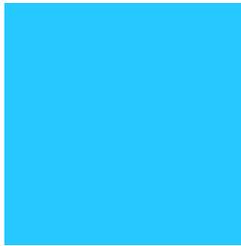
36.2195, 67.5756, -19.6074



11.3784, 21.3582, -7.1617

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

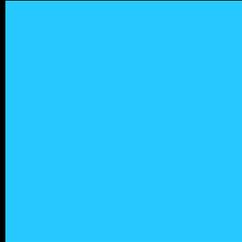
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

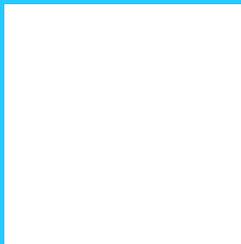
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027.

-22.1454, -36.9027.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

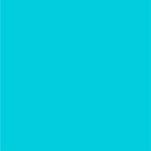
70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027

Protanopia

69.7516, 3.7720, -27.6909

Deuteranopia

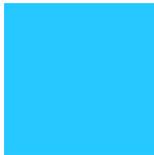
69.7596, 5.0449, -37.3350



Tritanopia

70.2969, -33.4962, -15.5564

Trichromacy



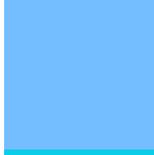
Original Color

70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027



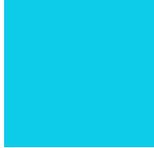
Protanomaly

68.9534, -9.5271, -32.6479



Deuteranomaly

69.1085, -8.1556, -38.7248



Tritanomaly

70.1511, -29.6098, -23.0816

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027



Achromatopsia

58.4734, -3.1200, 3.1770



Achromatomaly

61.4001, -15.2900, -11.1514

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 201, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 201, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 201, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 201, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 201, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 201, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 201, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 201, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 201, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 201,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.2756, -22.1454, -36.9027 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 201, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 201,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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