

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(71.8631, 23.8625,  
-2.2848)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(71.8631, 23.8625,  
-2.2848) contains.

<b>HunterLab(71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(71.9010, 23.7330,  
-2.3865)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	ECACCC
RGB	236, 172, 204
RGB Percent	93%, 67%, 80%
CMY	0.0745, 0.3255, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.14, 0.07
HSL	330°, 63%, 80%
HSV	330°, 27%, 93%
XYZ	60.2437, 51.6975, 63.9302
YIQ	194.7840, 27.8720, 23.5200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

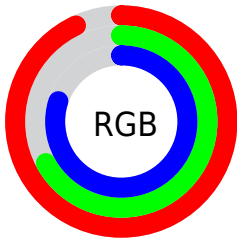
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 172, 204
Decimal	15510732
CIE Lab	77.10, 28.20, -6.96
CIE LCh	77, 29.049, 346.147
Yxy	51.6999, 0.3425, 0.2940
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293700812 (0xFFECACCC)
YUV	194.7840, 4.5435, 36.1464
Hunter-Lab	71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865

# Details

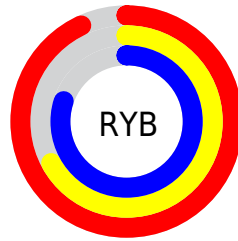
The HunterLab color  $71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $85.5118, -28.7625, 12.5769$ , and the grayscale version is  $73.7560, -3.9354, 4.0073$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $91.6334, 9.1808, -4.5897$ , and  $49.9794, 22.1527, -3.0445$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $65.5400, 34.5070, -4.2293$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $78.7927, 13.0195, -0.0049$ .

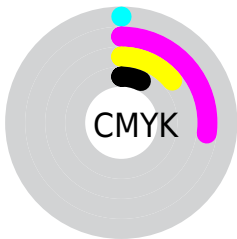
# Distribution



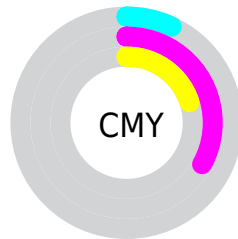
- Red (93%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



71.9010, 23.7330,  
-2.3865

71.9010, 23.7330,  
-2.3865

198.3121, 26.7829,  
2.1453

60.6349, 23.0253,  
-2.6811

96.2749, 24.8788,  
-1.6498

50.0263, 22.2203,  
-2.9239

109.3215, 25.3369,  
-1.2172

40.1206, 21.3039,  
-3.1078

122.9094, 25.7257,  
-0.7449

30.9719, 20.2626,  
-3.2258

137.0179, 26.0501,  
-0.2350

22.6488, 19.0821,  
-3.2687

151.6283, 26.3146,  
0.3105

15.2432, 17.7539,  
-3.2242

166.7240, 26.5227,

8.8664, 16.4198,

0.8900

-3.1134

182.2899, 26.6779,  
1.5020

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.9010, 23.7330,  
-2.3865

■ 71.9010, 23.7330,  
-2.3865

■ 65.5400, 34.5070,  
-4.2293

■ 78.7927, 13.0195,  
-0.0049

■ 59.8019, 45.1279,  
-5.3826

■ 86.1295, 2.4823,  
2.7884

■ 54.7995, 55.2078,  
-5.6649

■ 93.8477, -7.8409,  
5.9025

■ 50.6491, 64.1662,  
-4.9013

■ 98.1483, -12.0849,  
5.0319

■ 47.4511, 71.2772,

■ 98.2716, -11.4016,

-2.9831

3.2754

■ 45.2560, 75.8659,  
0.0500

■ 44.0124, 77.6686,  
3.9402

■ 43.7503, 77.9129,  
5.0985

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.9026, 16.2776, -15.8256



71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865



71.9026, 23.4162, 10.5755

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.9026, 23.7305, -2.3850



71.9026, -11.0605, 24.1562



71.9026, -21.2887, -16.7335

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865



85.5118, -28.7625, 12.5769

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.9026, -27.5583, -3.4532



71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865



71.9026, -21.9640, 19.2755

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.9026, 23.7305, -2.3850



71.9026, 2.6129, 24.3341



71.9026, -27.7958, 9.6899



71.9026, -10.0739, -25.1045



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865



71.9026, 18.8262, 17.2484



71.9026, -27.7958, 9.6899



71.9026, -24.0062, -12.5942

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.9026, 23.7305, -2.3850



93.2889, 3.7560, 2.7490



69.5710, 18.8443, -24.4312



42.5894, 2.5367, 1.0495

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.9026, 23.7305, -2.3850



74.2491, 32.9997, -3.8969



70.9359, 18.7734, 11.4146



38.9611, 2.2794, 0.9703



32.5221, 57.9920, 3.2091



9.2193, 16.6354, -0.6081



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.9026, 23.7305, -2.3850



74.2491, 32.9997, -3.8969



86.4979, -23.1152, -1.5007



38.9611, 2.2794, 0.9703



32.5221, 57.9920, 3.2091

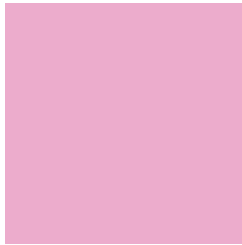


9.2193, 16.6354, -0.6081



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

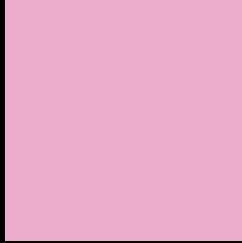
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

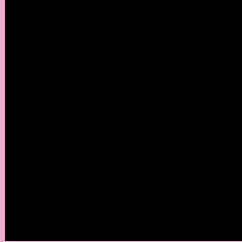
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865.

-2.3865.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865

### Protanopia

72.0183, 0.2666, -8.5456

### Deuteranopia

71.9719, 5.2767, -1.5901



## Tritanopia

71.9606, 18.7798, 5.4708

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865

## Protanomaly

71.7978, 8.2781, -6.5055

## Deuteranomaly

71.8006, 12.1251, -2.1999

## Tritanomaly

71.9926, 20.6326, 2.6892

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865

## Achromatopsia

73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137

## Achromatomaly

73.0202, 5.5434, 1.7115

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 172, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 172, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 172, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 172, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 172, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 172, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 172, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 172, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 172, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 172,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.9010, 23.7330, -2.3865 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 172, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
172, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor