

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.0855, 28.8812,  
5.1913)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(72.0855, 28.8812,  
5.1913) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(72.1134, 28.7839,  
5.3568)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAA8BD
RGB	250, 168, 189
RGB Percent	98%, 66%, 74%
CMY	0.0196, 0.3412, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.24, 0.02
HSL	345°, 89%, 82%
HSV	345°, 33%, 98%
XYZ	62.6123, 52.0034, 54.8818
YIQ	194.9120, 42.1310, 23.9150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

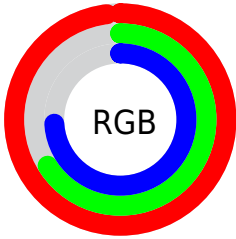
Format	Color
RYB	250, 168, 189
Decimal	16427197
CIELab	77.28, 32.97, 1.67
CIELCh	77, 33.012, 2.895
Yxy	52.0059, 0.3694, 0.3068
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294617277 (0xFFFAA8BD)
YUV	194.9120, -2.9146, 48.3122
Hunter-Lab	72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568

# Details

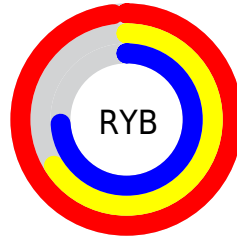
The HunterLab color **72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **90.7494, -31.9837, 6.9256**, and the grayscale version is **73.8367, -3.9397, 4.0117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715**, and **50.2449, 26.8662, 3.9453** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.4893, 39.5062, 6.4345**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.3733, 18.1393, 4.8441**.

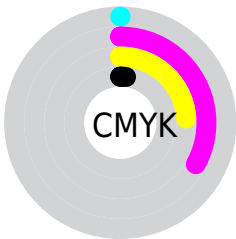
# Distribution



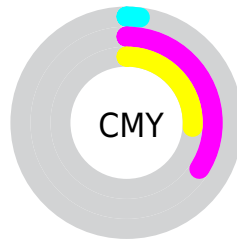
- Red (98%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 72.1134, 28.7839,  
5.3568


 72.1134, 28.7839,  
5.3568


198.6100, 33.3648,  
12.8295

 60.8356, 27.8808,  
4.6636


 96.5090, 30.3023,  
6.8351

 50.2146, 26.8757,  
3.9996


 109.5658, 30.9391,  
7.6153

 40.2956, 25.7544,  
3.3677


123.1634, 31.5017,  
8.4221

 31.1324, 24.5057,  
2.7691


137.2812, 31.9955,  
9.2548

 22.7934, 23.1206,  
2.2050

151.9007, 32.4249,  
10.1125

 15.3700, 21.6051,  
1.6765

167.0052, 32.7939,

 8.9801, 20.1115,

10.9946

1.2584

182.5795, 33.1062,  
11.9005

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.1134, 28.7839,  
5.3568

■ 72.1134, 28.7839,  
5.3568

■ 65.4893, 39.5062,  
6.4345

■ 79.3733, 18.1393,  
4.8441

■ 59.6180, 50.0280,  
8.1535

■ 87.1620, 7.7204,  
4.8033

■ 54.6379, 59.8495,  
10.5550

■ 95.3988, -2.4273,  
5.1539

■ 50.6832, 68.2532,  
13.5902

■ 99.5310, -6.9712,  
4.8512

■ 47.8508, 74.4291,

17.0743

■ 46.1503, 77.7972,  
20.6818

■ 45.4911, 78.7190,  
23.0851

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.1151, 24.9825, -10.3957



72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568



72.1151, 23.2368, 17.8235

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.1151, 28.7808, 5.3582



72.1151, -19.4994, 24.0862



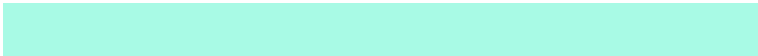
72.1151, -17.0751, -26.5399

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568



90.7494, -31.9837, 6.9256

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.1151, -27.4514, -13.4437



72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568



72.1151, -28.7648, 15.8035

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.1151, 28.7808, 5.3582



72.1151, -5.3673, 27.0880



72.1151, -31.5485, 2.4626



72.1151, -2.3235, -30.9754



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568



72.1151, 15.2439, 23.2500



72.1151, -31.5485, 2.4626



72.1151, -21.1464, -22.8844

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.1151, 28.7808, 5.3582



91.4514, 4.9748, 4.9756



71.7119, 32.0589, -30.0268



41.7693, 2.9825, 2.2855

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.1151, 28.7808, 5.3582



69.4428, 36.2889, 6.0943



76.6491, 15.5885, 18.8455



41.5910, 2.0086, 2.2590



33.1610, 57.4407, 16.3780



10.1730, 17.7796, 3.7974



# Inverse Universe

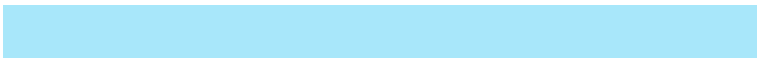
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.1151, 28.7808, 5.3582



69.4428, 36.2889, 6.0943



85.0329, -18.7748, -10.9940



41.5910, 2.0086, 2.2590



33.1610, 57.4407, 16.3780



10.1730, 17.7796, 3.7974



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

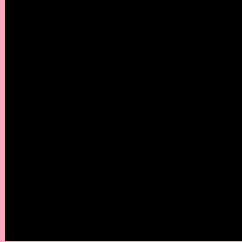
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.1134, 28.7839,

5.3568.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568

### Protanopia

72.3171, -1.1350, -1.2699

### Deuteranopia

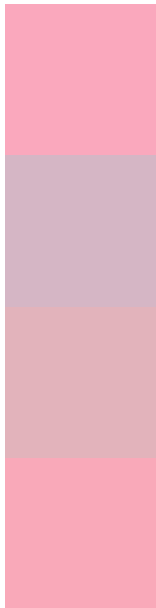
72.2773, 5.3034, 6.5227



## Tritanopia

72.0368, 26.8179, 8.4333

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568

## Protanomaly

71.8563, 9.0068, 0.8496

## Deuteranomaly

72.1088, 13.5567, 6.0144

## Tritanomaly

72.1238, 27.2571, 7.1879

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568

## Achromatopsia

73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137

## Achromatomaly

72.7978, 7.4609, 3.8977

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 168, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 168, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 168, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 168, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 168, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 168, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 168, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 168, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 168, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 168,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.1134, 28.7839, 5.3568 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 168, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
168, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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