

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.1139, 5.0005,  
12.7873)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(72.1139, 5.0005,  
12.7873) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(71.9862, 4.9741,  
12.7118)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8B8AB
RGB	216, 184, 171
RGB Percent	85%, 72%, 67%
CMY	0.1529, 0.2784, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.21, 0.15
HSL	17°, 37%, 76%
HSV	17°, 21%, 85%
XYZ	52.8100, 51.8201, 45.7469
YIQ	192.0860, 23.2450, 2.7410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

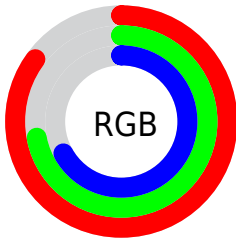
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	216, 189, 171
Decimal	14203051
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	77.17, 9.44, 10.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	77, 14.382, 48.973
Yxy	51.8225, 0.3512, 0.3446
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292393131 (0xFFD8B8AB)
YUV	192.0860, -10.3954, 20.9726
Hunter-Lab	71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118

# Details

The HunterLab color **71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **75.0508, -11.1238, -5.2719**, and the grayscale version is **72.6760, -3.8778, 3.9486**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.3775, -2.2642, 12.9139**, and **50.1414, 5.3236, 10.3529** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.1019, 9.9878, 16.2505**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.1010, 0.2946, 8.8963**.

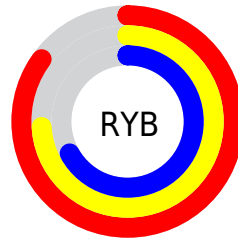
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (72%)

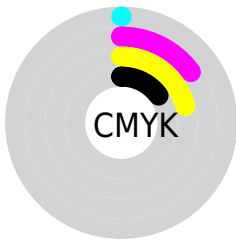
Blue (67%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (67%)

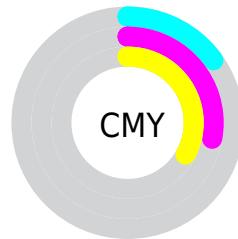


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 71.9862, 4.9741,  
12.7118

 71.9862, 4.9741,  
12.7118


198.4316, 1.6225,  
23.5552

 60.7154, 5.1106,  
11.5452

 96.3688, 4.5298,  
15.0568

 50.1018, 5.1873,  
10.3746


109.4195, 4.2355,  
16.2386

 40.1908, 5.1939,  
9.1944


123.0113, 3.8968,  
17.4295

 31.0362, 5.1204,  
7.9941

137.1235, 3.5165,  
18.6307

 22.7068, 4.9524,  
6.7568

151.7375, 3.0970,  
19.8432

 15.2940, 4.6690,  
5.4526

166.8367, 2.6404,

 8.9122, 4.3063,

21.0678

5.5314

182.4060, 2.1483,  
22.3050

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.9862, 4.9741,  
12.7118

■ 71.9862, 4.9741,  
12.7118

■ 67.1019, 9.9878,  
16.2505

■ 77.1010, 0.2946,  
8.8963

■ 62.4736, 15.3621,  
19.4486

■ 82.4156, -4.0710,  
4.8486

■ 58.1386, 21.0969,  
22.2324

■ 87.9098, -8.1558,  
0.6073

■ 54.1376, 27.1650,  
24.5134

■ 93.4819, -12.4522,  
-2.6189

■ 50.5155, 33.4932,

■ 96.6121, -17.3300,

26.1941

1.1686

■ 47.3196, 39.9428,  
27.1827

■ 44.5945, 46.2944,  
27.4218

■ 42.5325, 51.7430,  
27.1142

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.9878, 8.9879, 7.8596



71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118



71.9878, -1.3181, 15.1245

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.9878, 4.9717, 12.7129



71.9878, -16.2761, 6.2652



71.9878, 0.4708, -8.9123

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118



75.0508, -11.1238, -5.2719

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.9878, -6.3374, -9.4406



71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118



71.9878, -15.8375, -0.2588

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.9878, 4.9717, 12.7129



71.9878, -13.4783, 11.6394



71.9878, -12.2567, -6.1478



71.9878, 6.3232, -4.7654



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118



71.9878, -5.8800, 15.1891



71.9878, -12.2567, -6.1478



71.9878, -1.7870, -9.5326

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.9878, 4.9717, 12.7129



96.0770, -2.2055, 8.4344



69.3174, 16.9562, -5.4508



44.2544, -0.8591, 4.0507

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.9878, 4.9717, 12.7129



84.2403, 8.6125, 17.2662



78.6147, -6.3334, 19.2734



36.0549, -0.1585, 3.8611



32.9682, 39.0913, 20.9992



8.9281, 7.3471, 5.6301



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.0508, -11.1238, -5.2719



88.6864, -14.7930, -8.8595



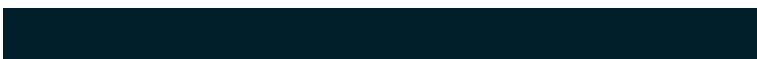
68.2368, 0.0348, -14.4003



36.7060, -3.5702, 0.0427



40.8970, -9.4527, -30.7121



10.7132, -3.2884, -6.2918



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

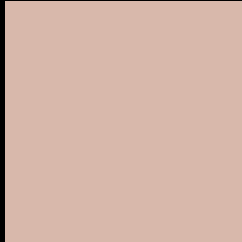
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

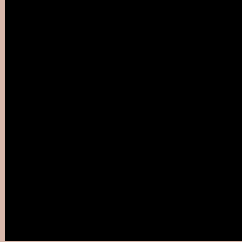
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 71.9862, 4.9741,

12.7118.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118

### Protanopia

72.0338, -3.7891, 11.3606

### Deuteranopia

71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118



## Tritanopia

72.1443, 11.2829, 2.2218

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118

## Protanomaly

72.0852, -0.5966, 11.8904

## Deuteranomaly

71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118

## Tritanomaly

72.0462, 8.9579, 6.3220

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118

## Achromatopsia

72.6027, -3.8739, 3.9446

## Achromatomaly

72.3003, -0.7696, 7.3505

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 184, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 184, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 184, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 184, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 184, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 184, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 184, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 184, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 184, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 184,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 71.9862, 4.9741, 12.7118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 184, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
184, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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