

Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.2850, -4.3677,
-21.5099)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(72.2850, -4.3677,
-21.5099) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(72.3736, -4.6225,
-21.1213)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | A2C2ED |
| RGB | 162, 194, 237 |
| RGB Percent | 64%, 76%, 93% |
| CMY | 0.3647, 0.2392, 0.0706 |
| CMYK | 0.32, 0.18, 0.00, 0.07 |
| HSL | 214°, 68%, 78% |
| HSV | 214°, 32%, 93% |
| XYZ | 49.4781, 52.3794, 87.6232 |
| YIQ | 189.3340, -32.8750, 6.5890 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

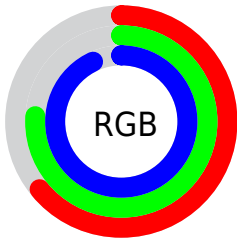
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 162, 184, 237 |
| Decimal | 10666733 |
| CIELab | 77.51, -0.83, -24.81 |
| CIElCh | 78, 24.823, 268.082 |
| Yxy | 52.3814, 0.2611, 0.2764 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288856813 (0xFFA2C2ED) |
| YUV | 189.3340, 23.4993, -23.9719 |
| Hunter-Lab | 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213 |

Details

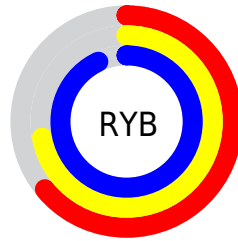
The HunterLab color **72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **80.1726, 0.5848, 24.1322**, and the grayscale version is **71.3921, -3.8093, 3.8789**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.1297, -14.2101, -0.5950**, and **50.5708, -3.6106, -20.1551** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.5991, -3.3815, -30.3496**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.3768, -5.2482, -12.4064**.

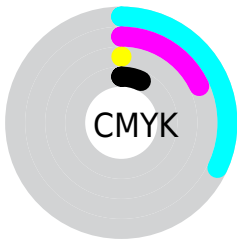
Distribution



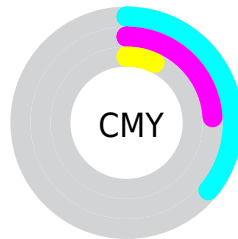
- Red (64%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 72.3736, -4.6225,
-21.1213

■ 72.3736, -4.6225,
-21.1213

198.9742,
-11.6898, -21.8176

■ 61.0813, -3.9782,
-20.7733

■ 96.7954, -6.0050,
-21.6361

■ 50.4450, -3.3657,
-20.3667

■ 109.8645, -6.7391,
-21.8098

■ 40.5097, -2.7874,
-19.9030

123.4741, -7.5007,
-21.9304

■ 31.3289, -2.2455,
-19.3927

137.6033, -8.2888,
-22.0003

■ 22.9706, -1.7425,
-18.8655

152.2338, -9.1025,
-22.0220

■ 15.5254, -1.2811,
-18.4057

167.3489, -9.9410,

■ 9.1171, -0.8840,

-21.9974

-18.3099

182.9337,
-10.8037, -21.9287

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 72.3736, -4.6225,
-21.1213

■ 72.3736, -4.6225,
-21.1213

■ 66.5991, -3.3815,
-30.3496

■ 78.3768, -5.2482,
-12.4064

■ 61.0795, -1.4141,
-40.1621

■ 84.5791, -5.3495,
-4.1418

■ 55.8525, 1.4009,
-50.6122

■ 90.9608, -5.0050,
3.7372

■ 50.9607, 5.1899,
-61.7246

■ 97.3280, -4.8918,
11.0791

■ 46.4516, 10.0623,

■ 99.4457, -8.3809,

-73.4666

13.3623

■ 42.3736, 16.0691,
-85.7161

■ 39.3015, 21.8407,
-96.2712

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.3750, -15.4742, -16.8779



72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213



72.3750, 7.1269, -17.8054

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.3750, -4.6233, -21.1199



72.3750, 17.2583, 13.3805



72.3750, -22.1338, 14.4463

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213



80.1726, 0.5848, 24.1322

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.3750, -14.2389, 20.5112



72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213



72.3750, 8.5241, 19.9687

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.3750, -4.6233, -21.1199



72.3750, 20.2335, 3.2136



72.3750, -3.1049, 22.3604



72.3750, -25.1733, 4.6580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213



72.3750, 13.8018, -12.0125



72.3750, -3.1049, 22.3604



72.3750, -19.9857, 16.9254

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.3750, -4.6233, -21.1199



93.6988, -5.7590, -2.2292



85.2259, -31.5536, 12.0014



42.8846, -2.6802, -1.6181

0.0000, NaN, NaN



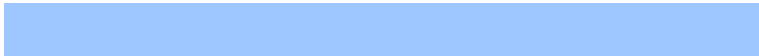
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.3750, -4.6233, -21.1199



74.5329, -4.2292, -29.4065



63.3815, 13.4047, -35.6595



39.5040, -2.4403, -1.0985



29.4639, 15.1826, -69.6023



9.3217, 2.0457, -16.0674

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.0954, 27.8456, -0.7341



70.6343, 37.7315, -1.3978



89.6291, -17.2729, 32.3139



38.9368, 2.1489, 1.3165



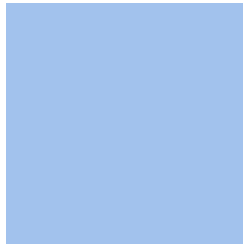
32.2012, 56.8205, 7.8235



9.1276, 16.3024, 0.6957

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

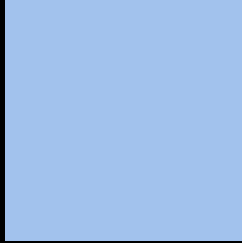
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

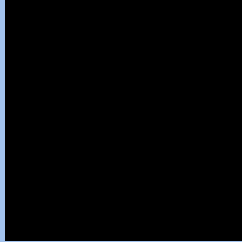
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

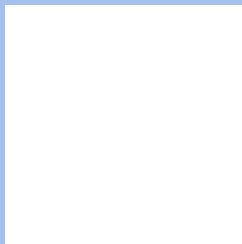
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213.

-21.1213.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213

Protanopia

72.2215, 2.3930, -19.3596

Deuteranopia

72.1304, 5.4510, -21.9475



Tritanopia

72.3957, -12.6913, -7.7139

Trichromacy



Original Color

72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213

Protanomaly

72.2900, -0.3753, -19.9248

Deuteranomaly

72.3513, 1.6206, -21.6755

Tritanomaly

72.5102, -10.0864, -12.0035

Monochromacy



Original Color

72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213

Achromatopsia

71.3359, -3.8063, 3.8758

Achromatomaly

71.6251, -4.8194, -4.2856

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 194, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 194, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 194, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 194, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 194, 237) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 194, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 194, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 194, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 194, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 194,  
237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.3736, -4.6225, -21.1213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 194, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
194, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor