

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.3203, -4.7201,  
0.4996)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(72.3203, -4.7201, 0.4996)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(72.2604, -4.6919,  
0.6080)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAC0C6
RGB	186, 192, 198
RGB Percent	73%, 75%, 78%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2470, 0.2235
CMYK	0.06, 0.03, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	210°, 10%, 75%
HSV	210°, 6%, 78%
XYZ	49.2924, 52.2157, 60.9068
YIQ	190.8900, -5.5020, 0.5940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

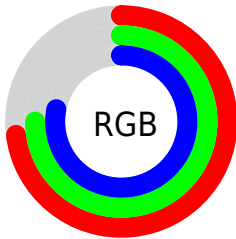
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	186, 190, 198
Decimal	12239046
CIE Lab	77.41, -0.91, -3.74
CIE LCh	77, 3.848, 256.247
Yxy	52.2179, 0.3035, 0.3215
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290429126 (0xFFBAC0C6)
YUV	190.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885
Hunter-Lab	72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080

# Details

The HunterLab color  $72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $72.9725, -2.9457, 7.1689$ , and the grayscale version is  $72.1223, -3.8483, 3.9185$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $96.5567, -5.8577, 1.3020$ , and  $50.4633, -3.6311, 0.0309$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $67.6068, -5.5416, -5.2925$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $77.0485, -3.5027, 6.3028$ .

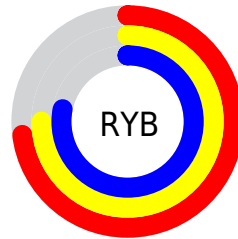
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (75%)

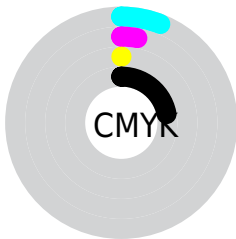
Blue (78%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (78%)

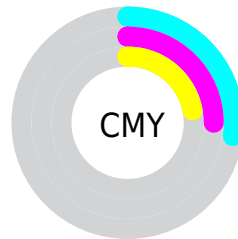


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 72.2604, -4.6919,  
0.6080

■ 72.2604, -4.6919,  
0.6080

198.8158,  
-11.7887, 6.2165

■ 60.9744, -4.0445,  
0.1691

■ 96.6708, -6.0825,  
1.6141

■ 50.3447, -3.4277,  
-0.2251

109.7346, -6.8200,  
2.1736

■ 40.4165, -2.8450,  
-0.5689

123.3389, -7.5849,  
2.7683

■ 31.2434, -2.2982,  
-0.8566

137.4632, -8.3761,  
3.3966

■ 22.8935, -1.7897,  
-1.0806

152.0889, -9.1928,  
4.0568

■ 15.4577, -1.3223,  
-1.2300

167.1994,

■ 9.0578, -0.9239,

-10.0343, 4.7476

-1.3014

182.7796,  
-10.8998, 5.4679

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.2604, -4.6919,  
0.6080

■ 72.2604, -4.6919,  
0.6080

■ 67.6068, -5.5416,  
-5.2925

■ 77.0485, -3.5027,  
6.3028

■ 63.0966, -5.9949,  
-11.4288

■ 81.9550, -2.0134,  
11.8135

■ 58.7470, -5.9929,  
-17.8261

■ 86.9713, -0.2630,  
17.1646

■ 54.5758, -5.4661,  
-24.5082

■ 91.0039, -2.0009,  
21.2329

■ 50.6037, -4.3373,

■ 94.0917, -7.1439,

-31.4919

24.1879

■ 46.8537, -2.5259,  
-38.7811

■ 97.2452, -12.2328,  
27.1337

■ 43.3502, 0.0442,  
-46.3589

■ 98.4161, -14.0834,  
28.2104

■ 40.1173, 3.4284,  
-54.1803

■ 37.1725, 7.6304,  
-62.1767

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.2619, -6.2747, 1.4759



72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080



72.2619, -2.8734, 0.6486

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.2619, -4.6934, 0.6092



72.2619, -0.4535, 4.8628



72.2619, -6.3814, 6.2080

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080



72.9725, -2.9457, 7.1689

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.2619, -4.8405, 7.0709



72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080



72.2619, -1.4124, 6.3075

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.2619, -4.6934, 0.6092



72.2619, -0.4132, 3.1339



72.2619, -3.0219, 7.1069



72.2619, -7.2426, 4.7239



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080



72.2619, -1.7693, 1.1841



72.2619, -3.0219, 7.1069



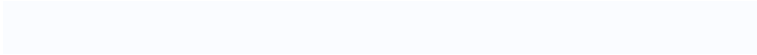
72.2619, -5.9264, 6.5787

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.2619, -4.6934, 0.6092



98.7067, -5.6583, 3.8957



73.9088, -8.7357, 5.4764



45.6958, -2.6106, 1.8377

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

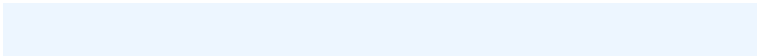


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.2619, -4.6934, 0.6092



95.5041, -6.3859, 0.0038



70.5120, -1.7716, -1.5058



33.8067, -2.2852, -0.1094



29.3805, 7.0247, -51.8873



7.4405, -0.3562, -8.5309



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.3656, 1.0791, 2.5609



94.1137, 2.6120, 3.0705



74.7319, -5.8583, 9.0907



33.2864, 1.0882, 1.0440



29.0024, 51.7492, 2.6041

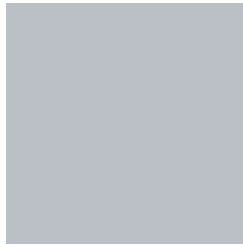


6.4258, 11.6768, -1.0607



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

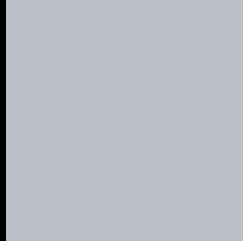
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

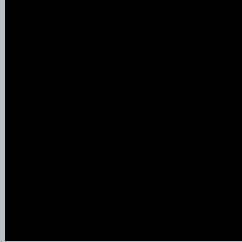
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

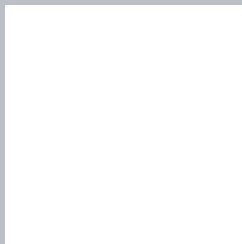
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080.

0.6080.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080

### Protanopia

72.2465, -1.7006, 1.1381

### Deuteranopia

72.0717, 5.4156, 0.0547



## Tritanopia

72.3067, -2.4503, -3.3685

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080

## Protanomaly

72.2772, -3.1404, 1.1502

## Deuteranomaly

72.2718, 1.5740, 0.2339

## Tritanomaly

72.2068, -2.9963, -1.9518

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080

## Achromatopsia

72.1800, -3.8513, 3.9217

## Achromatomaly

72.0940, -3.9656, 2.3802

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 192, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 192, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 192, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 192, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

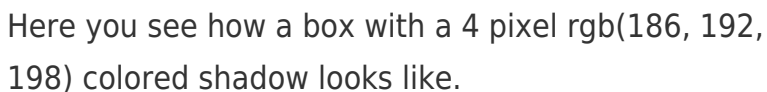
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 192, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 192, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 192, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 192, 198); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 192, 198); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 192, 198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.2604, -4.6919, 0.6080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 192, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
192, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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