

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.5350, -23.8494,  
5.8492)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(72.5350, -23.8494,  
5.8492) contains.

<b>HunterLab(72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(72.5350,  
-23.8494, 5.8492)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FCCBB
RGB	143, 204, 187
RGB Percent	56%, 80%, 73%
CMY	0.4392, 0.2000, 0.2667
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.08, 0.20
HSL	163°, 37%, 68%
HSV	163°, 30%, 80%
XYZ	41.8902, 52.6133, 54.9613
YIQ	183.8230, -30.8990, -18.2190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

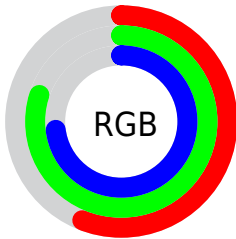
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">143, 178, 204</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9424059</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.65, -23.14, 2.22</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">78, 23.248, 174.530</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">52.6154, 0.2803, 0.3520</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287614139</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF8FCCBB</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">183.8230, 1.5663, -35.8018</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492</a>

# Details

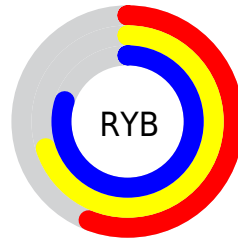
The HunterLab color  $72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $59.1792, 20.3183, 3.4996$ , and the grayscale version is  $69.1630, -3.6904, 3.7578$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $94.8667, -24.4716, 5.0332$ , and  $50.7026, -20.3403, 4.5124$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $71.2169, -29.1891, 6.8361$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $74.0629, -17.8494, 5.0821$ .

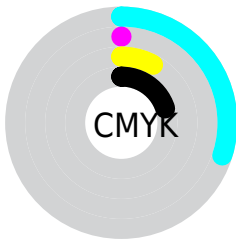
# Distribution



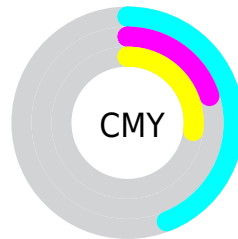
- Red (56%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 72.5350, -23.8494,  
5.8492


 72.5350, -23.8494,  
5.8492


199.2004,  
-39.4224, 13.5243

 61.2338, -22.0185,  
5.1276


 96.9733, -27.4127,  
7.3787

 50.5882, -20.1375,  
4.4339


 110.0501,  
-29.1588, 8.1830

 40.6428, -18.1900,  
3.7700


123.6670,  
-30.8891, 9.0129

 31.4511, -16.1505,  
3.1367

137.8033,  
-32.6076, 9.8678

 23.0808, -13.9786,  
2.5343

152.4406,  
-34.3178, 10.7469

 15.6221, -11.6051,  
1.9625

167.5624,

 9.2012, -11.4511,

-36.0223, 11.6498

1.4992

183.1536,  
-37.7232, 12.5758

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.5350, -23.8494,  
5.8492

■ 72.5350, -23.8494,  
5.8492

■ 71.2169, -29.1891,  
6.8361

■ 74.0629, -17.8494,  
5.0821

■ 70.1029, -33.8258,  
8.0283

■ 75.7946, -11.2376,  
4.5382

■ 69.1901, -37.7366,  
9.4093

■ 77.7279, -4.0738,  
4.2200

■ 68.4706, -40.9181,  
10.9563

■ 79.8574, 3.5793,  
4.1246

■ 67.9319, -43.3911,

■ 82.1763, 11.6590,

12.6413

4.2456

■ 67.5566, -45.2059,  
14.4307

■ 83.4712, 16.2361,  
3.0709

■ 67.3066, -46.5037,  
16.2714

■ 83.6558, 17.2005,  
0.4440

■ 67.3044, -46.5156,  
16.2892

■ 83.8461, 18.1930,  
-2.2590

■ 84.0423, 19.2134,  
-5.0380

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.5365, -20.3919, 14.7324



72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492



72.5365, -22.2226, -4.9614

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.5365, -23.8504, 5.8502



72.5365, 5.1664, -16.9689



72.5365, 8.8813, 18.5656

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492



59.1792, 20.3183, 3.4996

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.5365, 16.5012, 11.8541



72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492



72.5365, 14.2680, -8.7970

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.5365, -23.8504, 5.8502



72.5365, -5.8901, -19.2106



72.5365, 18.5290, 1.9936



72.5365, -1.8362, 21.3354



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492



72.5365, -18.4187, -11.7172



72.5365, 18.5290, 1.9936



72.5365, 11.9149, 16.7492

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.5365, -23.8504, 5.8502



97.7236, -13.7623, 5.7975



72.5768, -25.9099, 23.0381



45.0504, -6.9726, 2.7199

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

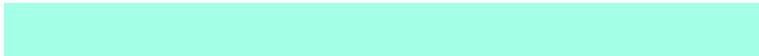


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.5365, -23.8504, 5.8502



92.1998, -35.3036, 8.3308



68.8247, -14.5955, -7.0609



35.5972, -5.1070, 2.1187



53.4105, -36.8080, 12.6993



12.1826, -8.0470, 2.1439



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.1792, 20.3183, 3.4996



71.5474, 33.3019, 4.8747



62.1866, 11.1166, 13.7367



33.5622, 1.5708, 1.7326



28.7729, 49.9655, 13.2361

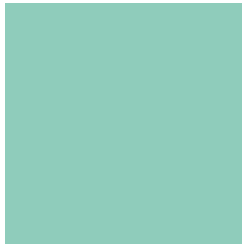


6.6349, 11.7149, 1.5554



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

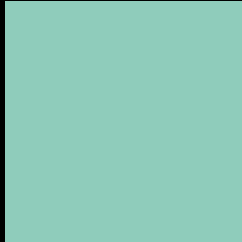
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

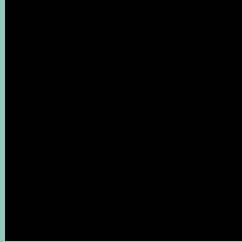
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492.



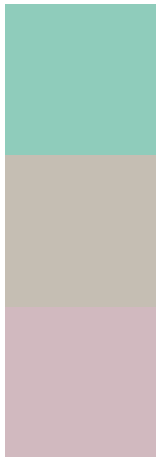
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.5350,

-23.8494, 5.8492.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492

### Protanopia

72.0777, -3.3610, 9.2736

### Deuteranopia

72.1213, 5.0799, 4.0089



## Tritanopia

72.5644, -15.2024, -8.6336

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492

## Protanomaly

71.9408, -11.5373, 7.6540

## Deuteranomaly

71.9245, -6.3668, 4.0503

## Tritanomaly

72.3769, -18.2953, -3.0361

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492

## Achromatopsia

69.2330, -3.6941, 3.7616

## Achromatomaly

70.1423, -11.4130, 4.2240

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 204, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 204, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 204, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 204, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 204, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 204, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 204, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 204, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 204, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 204,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.5350, -23.8494, 5.8492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 204, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
204, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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