

Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.5952, 7.2340,
-11.5720)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(72.5952, 7.2340,
-11.5720) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(72.5749, 7.1937,
-11.6109)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8BADE
RGB	200, 186, 222
RGB Percent	78%, 73%, 87%
CMY	0.2157, 0.2706, 0.1294
CMYK	0.10, 0.16, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	263°, 35%, 80%
HSV	263°, 16%, 87%
XYZ	54.5632, 52.6712, 76.3981
YIQ	194.2900, -3.2120, 14.1640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

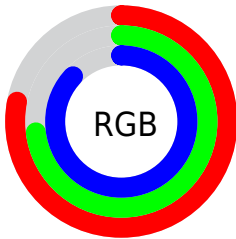
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 186, 222
Decimal	13155038
CIE Lab	77.68, 11.75, -16.20
CIE LCh	78, 20.016, 305.961
Yxy	52.6734, 0.2971, 0.2868
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291345118 (0xFFC8BADE)
YUV	194.2900, 13.6610, 5.0077
Hunter-Lab	72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109

Details

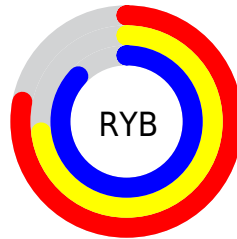
The HunterLab color $72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $83.1860, -14.6851, 17.8900$, and the grayscale version is $73.5185, -3.9228, 3.9944$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95.9084, 1.6033, 0.6405$, and $50.6716, 7.2004, -11.4277$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.9989, 14.7217, -22.7285$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $80.4469, -0.1137, -1.3642$.

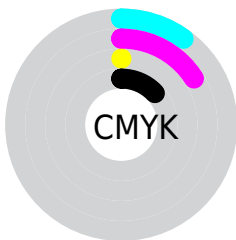
Distribution



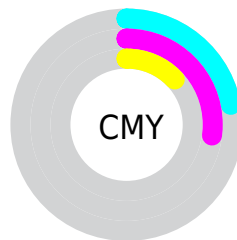
- Red (78%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 72.5749, 7.1937,
-11.6109

■ 72.5749, 7.1937,
-11.6109

199.2563, 4.6383,
-9.9226

■ 61.2716, 7.2246,
-11.5420

■ 97.0173, 6.9494,
-11.5690

■ 50.6236, 7.1893,
-11.4102

110.0960, 6.7488,
-11.4686

■ 40.6758, 7.0777,
-11.2095

123.7147, 6.5006,
-11.3190

■ 31.4813, 6.8785,
-10.9359

137.8528, 6.2078,
-11.1232

■ 23.1080, 6.5760,
-10.5888

152.4918, 5.8730,
-10.8836

■ 15.6461, 6.1477,
-10.1798

167.6152, 5.4985,

■ 9.2218, 5.5701,

-10.6024

-9.7772

183.2080, 5.0864,
-10.2814

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.5749, 7.1937,
-11.6109

■ 72.5749, 7.1937,
-11.6109

■ 64.9989, 14.7217,
-22.7285

■ 80.4469, -0.1137,
-1.3642

■ 57.7681, 22.5140,
-34.9382

■ 88.5700, -7.2388,
8.1877

■ 50.9565, 30.5848,
-48.4755

■ 96.9145, -14.2227,
17.1905

■ 44.6628, 38.8814,
-63.5397

■ 98.9526, -10.9651,
19.3743

■ 39.0199, 47.1909,

■ 99.0222, -10.7191,

-80.1385

19.4506

■ 34.1992, 54.9878,
-97.7744

■ 30.3948, 61.2910,
-115.0044

■ 27.7563, 64.8449,
-129.3826

■ 26.9592, 65.7307,
-134.2234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.5764, -1.9650, -15.5964



72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109



72.5764, 13.6144, -3.5091

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.5764, 7.1922, -11.6095



72.5764, 3.7341, 18.1256



72.5764, -21.2047, 2.1182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109



83.1860, -14.6851, 17.8900

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.5764, -19.8531, 10.6938



72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109



72.5764, -5.7682, 19.2271

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.5764, 7.1922, -11.6095



72.5764, 11.5470, 13.4528



72.5764, -14.3189, 16.6822



72.5764, -18.1105, -7.0404

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109



72.5764, 15.3066, 2.7129



72.5764, -14.3189, 16.6822



72.5764, -21.2531, 5.1667

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.5764, 7.1922, -11.6095



95.2288, -1.1233, -0.2435



78.0540, -8.4353, -4.5459



43.7496, -0.2439, -0.4889

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.5764, 7.1922, -11.6095



82.2789, 10.9693, -17.2822



74.3428, 12.9995, -9.0779



36.7449, 1.0516, -2.1685



20.9205, 50.8004, -102.5531



5.9496, 13.8383, -24.4455

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.2992, 11.8891, -1.6306



84.6955, 17.4520, -3.1436



81.7080, -20.0585, 16.2863



37.2030, 2.3424, 0.4274



32.0890, 58.2963, -5.1787



8.5506, 15.7163, -2.7930

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

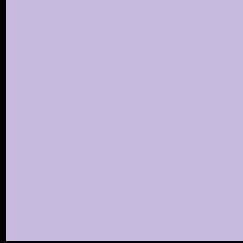
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

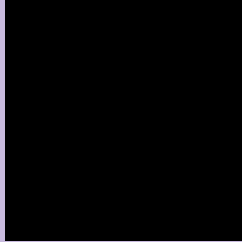
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109.

-11.6109.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109

Protanopia

72.5103, 1.1450, -13.5460

Deuteranopia

72.4916, 5.4176, -11.7581



Tritanopia

72.5432, 1.3025, -1.9665

Trichromacy



Original Color

72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109

Protanomaly

72.6114, 2.9426, -12.7888

Deuteranomaly

72.5844, 5.7281, -11.6233

Tritanomaly

72.5778, 3.4119, -5.5631

Monochromacy



Original Color

72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109

Achromatopsia

73.4493, -3.9191, 3.9906

Achromatomaly

73.0459, -0.0390, -1.3589

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 186, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 186, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 186, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 186, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 186, 222) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 186, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 186, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 186, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 186, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 186,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.5749, 7.1937, -11.6109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 186, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
186, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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