

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.6049, 15.0815,  
12.7032)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(72.6049, 15.0815,  
12.7032) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(72.7458, 14.8256,  
12.8628)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBB3AD
RGB	235, 179, 173
RGB Percent	92%, 70%, 68%
CMY	0.0784, 0.2980, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.26, 0.08
HSL	6°, 61%, 80%
HSV	6°, 26%, 92%
XYZ	57.9239, 52.9195, 46.6968
YIQ	195.0600, 35.3020, 10.0060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

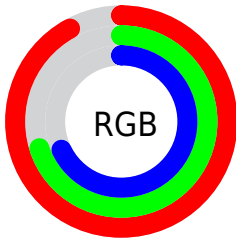
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 180, 173
Decimal	15446957
CIE Lab	77.83, 19.48, 10.95
CIE LCh	78, 22.347, 29.335
Yxy	52.9220, 0.3677, 0.3359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293637037 (0xFFEBB3AD)
YUV	195.0600, -10.8756, 35.0274
Hunter-Lab	72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628

# Details

The HunterLab color **72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **84.2134, -19.6718, -3.7887**, and the grayscale version is **73.9341, -3.9449, 4.0170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.8860, 0.7025, 10.3971**, and **50.7614, 14.1017, 10.3974** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.5038, 22.9630, 15.8443**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.4266, 7.0586, 9.8577**.

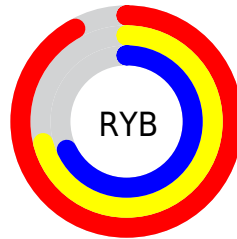
# Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (70%)

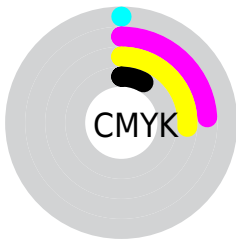
Blue (68%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (68%)

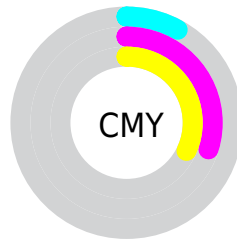


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (30%)


Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 72.7458, 14.8256,  
12.8628

 72.7458, 14.8256,  
12.8628


199.4958, 14.9280,  
23.7495

 61.4333, 14.5023,  
11.6910


 97.2057, 15.2430,  
15.2182

 50.7753, 14.0971,  
10.5151


110.2925, 15.3554,  
16.4050

 40.8168, 13.5965,  
9.3296


123.9190, 15.4093,  
17.6008

 31.6109, 12.9866,  
8.1242

138.0646, 15.4090,  
18.8068

 23.2249, 12.2495,  
6.8823

152.7109, 15.3578,  
20.0240

 15.7487, 11.3626,  
5.5750

167.8413, 15.2589,

 9.3097, 10.3066,

21.2532

5.3814

183.4408, 15.1148,  
22.4949

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.7458, 14.8256,  
12.8628

■ 72.7458, 14.8256,  
12.8628

■ 66.5038, 22.9630,  
15.8443

■ 79.4266, 7.0586,  
9.8577

■ 60.7737, 31.4264,  
18.7414

■ 86.4770, -0.3308,  
6.8570

■ 55.6500, 40.0660,  
21.4608

■ 93.8469, -7.3732,  
3.8771

■ 51.2364, 48.5925,  
23.8622

■ 98.1846, -11.7096,  
3.1659

■ 47.6371, 56.5426,

25.7663

■ 44.9359, 63.3120,  
26.9946

■ 43.1644, 68.3023,  
27.4582

■ 42.7382, 69.5627,  
27.5529

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.7475, 17.7232, 3.7337



72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628



72.7475, 6.8456, 18.7901

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.7475, 14.8228, 12.8640



72.7475, -20.6605, 13.2028



72.7475, -4.1227, -18.3127

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628



84.2134, -19.6718, -3.7887

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.7475, -14.0285, -14.8487



72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628



72.7475, -23.2336, 4.1852

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.7475, 14.8228, 12.8640



72.7475, -13.6399, 18.9651



72.7475, -20.8756, -6.2349



72.7475, 6.4115, -15.1317



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628



72.7475, -0.0606, 20.6069



72.7475, -20.8756, -6.2349



72.7475, -7.6331, -17.8799

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.7475, 14.8228, 12.8640



93.5724, 0.9499, 8.0660



72.9752, 27.5300, -15.2754



42.7432, 0.9990, 3.9616

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.7475, 14.8228, 12.8640



75.8048, 21.3579, 16.0035



81.4632, -0.9109, 21.4066



39.1006, 0.8855, 3.6101



32.0117, 51.4677, 20.6265



9.4046, 13.0290, 6.0231



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.2134, -19.6718, -3.7887



90.9565, -24.4251, -6.0507



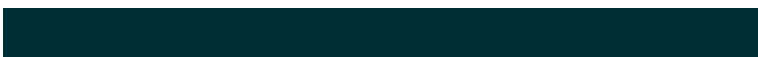
74.6011, -4.6594, -16.5790



41.0584, -4.9632, 0.7767



54.5125, -24.8824, -14.4219

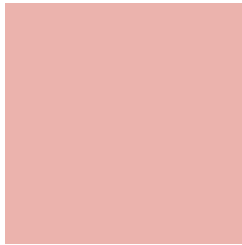


15.5110, -7.2675, -3.6990



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

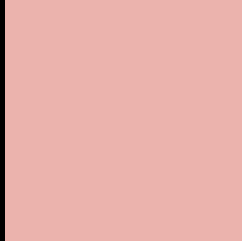
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

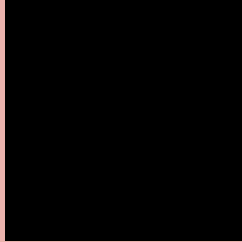
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628

### Protanopia

72.8949, -3.5598, 9.7342

### Deuteranopia

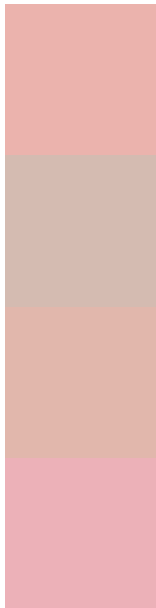
72.9085, 5.1525, 13.2766



## Tritanopia

72.6450, 19.6733, 5.3484

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628

## Protanomaly

72.6030, 2.8988, 10.8206

## Deuteranomaly

72.7001, 8.8746, 13.1225

## Tritanomaly

72.6208, 17.8502, 8.0380

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628

## Achromatopsia

73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137

## Achromatomaly

73.2698, 2.7128, 7.1525

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 179, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 179, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 179, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 179, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 179, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 179, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 179, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 179, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 179, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 179,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.7458, 14.8256, 12.8628 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 179, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
179, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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