

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.6396, 37.0477,  
-15.6985)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(72.6396, 37.0477,  
-15.6985) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(72.6383, 37.0484,  
-15.6979)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9A5E6
RGB	249, 165, 230
RGB Percent	98%, 65%, 90%
CMY	0.0235, 0.3529, 0.0980
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.08, 0.02
HSL	314°, 88%, 81%
HSV	314°, 34%, 98%
XYZ	66.8050, 52.7632, 81.5263
YIQ	197.5260, 29.1990, 38.0230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

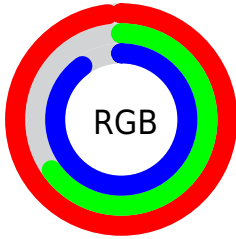
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 165, 230
Decimal	16360934
CIE Lab	77.74, 40.52, -20.00
CIE LCh	78, 45.189, 333.735
Yxy	52.7656, 0.3322, 0.2624
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294551014 (0xFFF9A5E6)
YUV	197.5260, 16.0097, 45.1427
Hunter-Lab	72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979

# Details

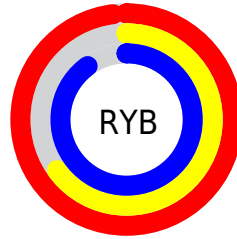
The HunterLab color  $72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FF99CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $89.0017, -39.3357, 23.9426$ , and the grayscale version is  $74.8726, -3.9950, 4.0680$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300$ , and  $50.7156, 34.1532, -14.9660$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $66.5800, 49.6138, -21.1383$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $79.3480, 24.3430, -9.7683$ .

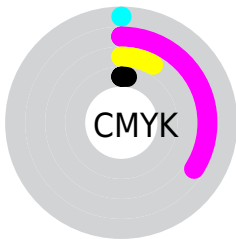
# Distribution



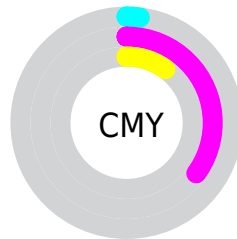
- Red (98%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 72.6383, 37.0484,  
-15.6979


 72.6383, 37.0484,  
-15.6979


199.3452, 43.9712,  
-15.0911

 61.3316, 35.8548,  
-15.4983


 97.0873, 39.1308,  
-15.9119

 50.6799, 34.5537,  
-15.2362


 110.1690, 40.0396,  
-15.9364

 40.7281, 33.1344,  
-14.9076

123.7906, 40.8678,  
-15.9095

 31.5294, 31.5912,  
-14.5132

137.9314, 41.6209,  
-15.8339

 23.1514, 29.9282,  
-14.0623

152.5731, 42.3037,  
-15.7122

 15.6842, 28.1840,  
-13.5911

167.6992, 42.9206,

 9.2546, 26.5434,

-15.5464

-13.2381

183.2944, 43.4753,  
-15.3388

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.6383, 37.0484,  
-15.6979

■ 72.6383, 37.0484,  
-15.6979

■ 66.5800, 49.6138,  
-21.1383

■ 79.3480, 24.3430,  
-9.7683

■ 61.2772, 61.6398,  
-25.8304

■ 86.6077, 11.7421,  
-3.5402

■ 56.8448, 72.5151,  
-29.4335

■ 94.3380, -0.6387,  
2.8670

■ 53.3810, 81.4723,  
-31.5823

■ 99.3589, -7.7320,  
5.8697

■ 50.9396, 87.7620,

■ 99.4384, -7.2948,

-31.9950

4.7360

■ 49.4913, 90.9628,  
-30.6230

■ 48.9651, 91.6877,  
-29.0841

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.6399, 20.5406, -36.9551



72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979



72.6399, 42.1603, 6.4699

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.6399, 37.0458, -15.6961



72.6399, -6.5538, 33.2732



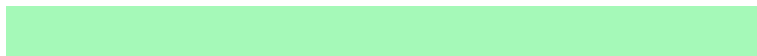
72.6399, -35.1689, -21.4593

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979



89.0017, -39.3357, 23.9426

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.6399, -40.7093, 1.3447



72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979



72.6399, -25.4474, 29.6497

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.6399, 37.0458, -15.6961



72.6399, 15.3399, 31.1234



72.6399, -37.3669, 19.2963



72.6399, -21.2881, -40.9054



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



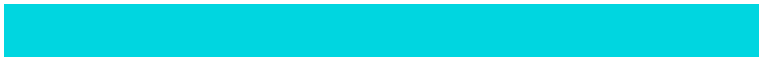
72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979



72.6399, 37.9819, 18.0720



72.6399, -37.3669, 19.2963



72.6399, -37.9901, -13.7278

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.6399, 37.0458, -15.6961



91.8857, 7.3017, -1.2047



66.2152, 19.2685, -39.1114



41.9991, 4.2096, -0.9843

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.6399, 37.0458, -15.6961



70.6148, 46.2577, -19.7324



71.2166, 29.9874, 4.4194



41.7773, 3.0078, -0.3920



35.8557, 67.1930, -21.7073



10.9845, 20.7059, -7.5891



# Inverse Universe

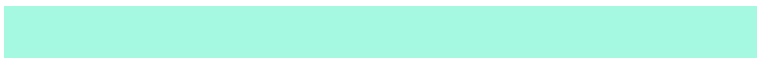
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.6399, 37.0458, -15.6961



70.6148, 46.2577, -19.7324



90.1107, -32.8723, 7.9851



41.7773, 3.0078, -0.3920



35.8557, 67.1930, -21.7073



10.9845, 20.7059, -7.5891



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

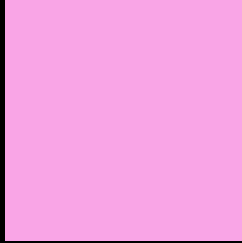
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

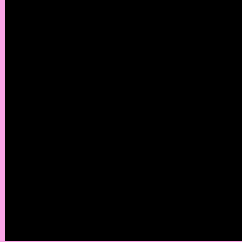
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979.

-15.6979.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979

### Protanopia

72.8486, 4.1366, -27.3168

### Deuteranopia

72.8420, 5.3843, -13.5861



## Tritanopia

72.6003, 23.4725, 6.7526

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979



## Protanomaly

72.2745, 15.0436, -23.4698



## Deuteranomaly

72.5504, 16.2559, -14.4004



## Tritanomaly

72.5631, 28.3841, -0.9551

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979



## Achromatopsia

75.1473, -4.0097, 4.0829



## Achromatomaly

73.8395, 10.5240, -3.2748

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 165, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 165, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 165, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 165, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 165, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 165, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 165, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 165, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 165, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 165,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.6383, 37.0484, -15.6979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 165, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
165, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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