

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.8342, -45.7415,  
8.0532)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(72.8342, -45.7415,  
8.0532) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(72.8342,  
-45.7415, 8.0532)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	07D9B6
RGB	7, 217, 182
RGB Percent	3%, 85%, 71%
CMY	0.9724, 0.1490, 0.2863
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 0.16, 0.15
HSL	170°, 94%, 44%
HSV	170°, 97%, 85%
XYZ	33.3439, 53.0482, 52.7378
YIQ	150.2200, -113.9250, -55.4050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

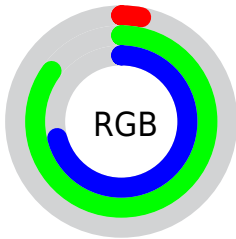
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	7, 122, 217
Decimal	514486
CIELab	77.90, -52.12, 4.84
CIELCh	78, 52.342, 174.698
Yxy	53.0502, 0.2397, 0.3813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278704566 (0xFF07D9B6)
YUV	150.2200, 15.6675, -125.6039
Hunter-Lab	72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532

# Details

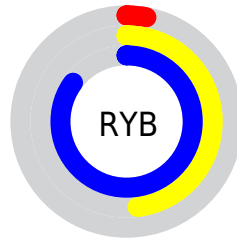
The HunterLab color **72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as middle washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **38.8231, 65.9061, 21.7259**, and the grayscale version is **55.2914, -2.9502, 3.0041**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.9340, -43.5033, 1.3283**, and **52.0334, -33.7441, 7.8066** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.7713, -46.0691, 8.4923**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.0847, -44.5269, 6.7408**.

# Distribution



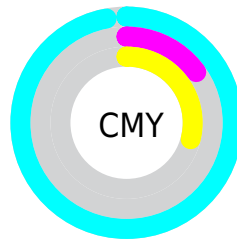
- Red (3%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 72.8342, -45.7415,  
8.0532


 72.8342, -45.7415,  
8.0532


199.6191,  
-73.1670, 16.6735


 61.5166, -42.2167,  
7.2001


 97.3028, -52.3861,  
9.8242


 50.8535, -38.5126,  
6.3664


 110.3937,  
-55.5510, 10.7408


 40.8895, -34.5811,  
5.5516


 124.0242,  
-58.6332, 11.6784

 31.6776, -30.3520,  
4.7538

 138.1737,  
-61.6453, 12.6367

 23.2851, -25.7193,  
3.9687

 152.8237,  
-64.5971, 13.6157

 15.8016, -20.7430,  
3.1885

167.9577,

 9.3546, -16.3706,

-67.4969, 14.6149

2.6524

183.5608,  
-70.3516, 15.6343

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.8342, -45.7415,  
8.0532

■ 72.8342, -45.7415,  
8.0532

■ 72.7713, -46.0691,  
8.4923

■ 73.0847, -44.5269,  
6.7408

■ 73.4854, -42.7040,  
5.5811

■ 74.0635, -40.1830,  
4.6141

■ 74.8368, -36.9149,  
3.8693

■ 75.8175, -32.8794,

3.3685

■ 77.0139, -28.0806,  
3.1264

■ 78.4301, -22.5433,  
3.1511

■ 80.0672, -16.3083,  
3.4445

■ 81.9236, -9.4286,  
4.0027

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.8356, -39.0306, 25.7013



72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532



72.8356, -42.5276, -17.7799

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.8356, -45.7419, 8.0540



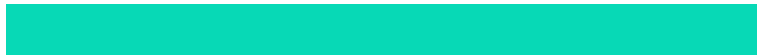
72.8356, 17.2423, -50.8275



72.8356, 25.9350, 32.2264

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532



38.8231, 65.9061, 21.7259

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.8356, 44.9811, 20.5613



72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532



72.8356, 39.5081, -27.6189

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.8356, -45.7419, 8.0540



72.8356, -8.2673, -57.6291



72.8356, 50.2541, -0.3765



72.8356, 0.5928, 36.3242

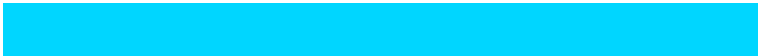


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532



72.8356, -34.9303, -35.9580



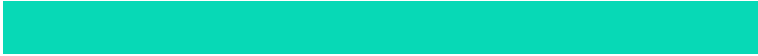
72.8356, 50.2541, -0.3765



72.8356, 33.4145, 29.2997

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.8356, -45.7419, 8.0540



93.7022, -28.8098, 3.7451



70.8610, -58.6184, 42.4690



43.0106, -14.6588, 1.7246

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.8356, -45.7419, 8.0540



87.3489, -55.3724, 10.3547



51.9925, -9.9592, -42.9988



38.4582, -5.3541, 1.8082



56.6300, -35.7707, 6.4361



14.4490, -8.8927, 1.1367



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.8231, 65.9061, 21.7259



46.2934, 79.6479, 27.0532



44.2742, 47.7930, 27.8477



36.1756, 1.5493, 2.3443



30.0302, 51.7215, 17.1270

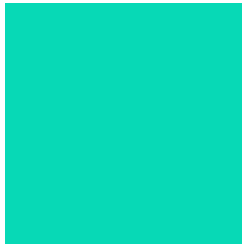


7.7155, 13.4304, 3.3009



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

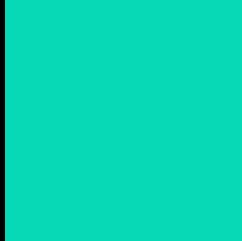
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

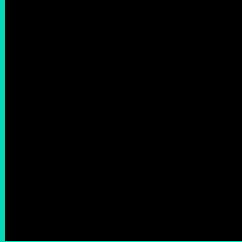
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

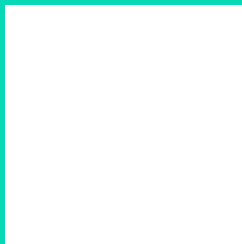
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532.

-45.7415, 8.0532.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532

### Protanopia

72.0648, -3.9987, 13.8573

### Deuteranopia

72.1621, 5.0956, 4.9989



## Tritanopia

72.9480, -31.5319, -15.2582

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532



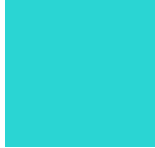
## Protanomaly

70.0511, -27.2812, 9.2257



## Deuteranomaly

69.7939, -22.4404, 3.1508



## Tritanomaly

72.6525, -37.4479, -6.1806

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532



## Achromatopsia

55.2257, -2.9467, 3.0005



## Achromatomaly

59.5629, -24.2358, 2.2523

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 217, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 217, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 217, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 217, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 217, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 217, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(7, 217, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 217, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 217, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 217,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.8342, -45.7415, 8.0532 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 217, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 217,  
182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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