

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.8601, -26.2108,  
-18.2998)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(72.8601, -26.2108,  
-18.2998) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(72.8826,  
-26.1901, -18.2619)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59D0E9
RGB	89, 208, 233
RGB Percent	35%, 82%, 91%
CMY	0.6510, 0.1843, 0.0863
CMYK	0.62, 0.11, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	190°, 77%, 63%
HSV	190°, 62%, 91%
XYZ	41.3836, 53.1187, 85.1625
YIQ	175.2690, -78.9490, -17.4530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

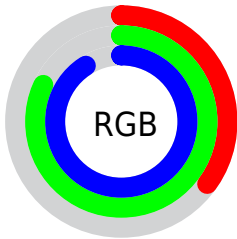
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	89, 154, 233
Decimal	5886185
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	77.95, -25.97, -22.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	78, 34.228, 220.648
Yxy	53.1207, 0.2303, 0.2957
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284076265 (0xFF59D0E9)
YUV	175.2690, 28.4614, -75.6579
Hunter-Lab	72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619

# Details

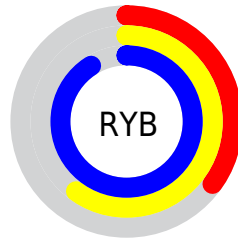
The HunterLab color **72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **54.8463, 38.8424, 24.2573**, and the grayscale version is **65.4970, -3.4948, 3.5586**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.4205, -32.7983, -4.3183**, and **50.9478, -21.4447, -17.3874** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.8499, -26.9444, -21.3277**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.1394, -24.6282, -14.9612**.

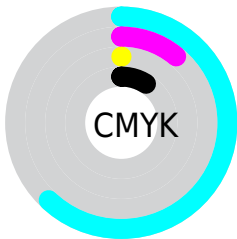
# Distribution



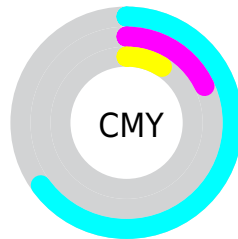
- Red (35%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



72.8826, -26.1901,  
-18.2619

72.8826, -26.1901,  
-18.2619

199.6868,  
-42.8767, -18.2756

61.5623, -24.2014,  
-17.9912

97.3560, -30.0397,  
-18.6203

50.8964, -22.1522,  
-17.6588

110.4493,  
-31.9187, -18.7159

40.9294, -20.0227,  
-17.2633

124.0820,  
-33.7760, -18.7592

31.7142, -17.7833,  
-16.8094

138.2335,  
-35.6164, -18.7528

23.3182, -15.3880,  
-16.3145

152.8856,  
-37.4438, -18.6991

15.8307, -12.7583,  
-15.8329

168.0216,

9.3792, -12.5662,

-39.2613, -18.6003

-15.5510

183.6265,  
-41.0715, -18.4586

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 72.8826, -26.1901,  
-18.2619

■ 72.8826, -26.1901,  
-18.2619

■ 70.8499, -26.9444,  
-21.3277

■ 75.1394, -24.6282,  
-14.9612

■ 69.0307, -26.9031,  
-24.1482

■ 77.6171, -22.2738,  
-11.4513

■ 67.4115, -26.1166,  
-26.7226

■ 80.3142, -19.1615,  
-7.7573

■ 66.2004, -25.0400,  
-28.6905

■ 83.2247, -15.3391,  
-3.9067

■ 86.3407, -10.8619,

0.0739

■ 89.6532, -5.7883,  
4.1598

■ 93.1522, -0.1771,  
8.3291

■ 94.6983, -1.3268,  
10.0627

■ 95.9639, -3.4655,  
11.4418

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.8840, -32.2199, -1.7625



72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619



72.8840, -13.9948, -30.1597

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.8840, -26.1902, -18.2607



72.8840, 28.1139, -6.6250



72.8840, -9.5968, 27.6153

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619



54.8463, 38.8424, 24.2573

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.8840, 6.7912, 26.8721



72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619



72.8840, 29.5541, 9.2666

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.8840, -26.1902, -18.2607



72.8840, 17.6784, -22.4864



72.8840, 21.4561, 20.8458



72.8840, -23.2146, 23.1640



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619



72.8840, -3.5376, -32.6053



72.8840, 21.4561, 20.8458



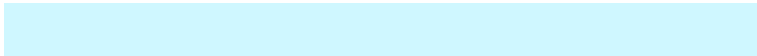
72.8840, -4.2473, 27.9351

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.8840, -26.1902, -18.2607



93.1080, -15.7194, -3.1475



78.4826, -54.9188, 35.5954



42.6281, -7.8974, -2.0360

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.8840, -26.1902, -18.2607



77.9481, -29.9198, -24.4544



50.8924, 8.3569, -58.3065



40.8056, -4.5591, 0.4766



50.0294, -19.0791, -21.3460



14.4306, -5.8894, -5.3236



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.8740, 66.6244, -31.3126



55.2073, 85.8177, -38.8787



72.6254, 2.5745, 37.0794



39.0721, 2.8741, -0.6071



34.6692, 65.6880, -26.5574

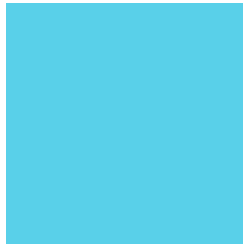


9.7757, 18.6208, -8.2545



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

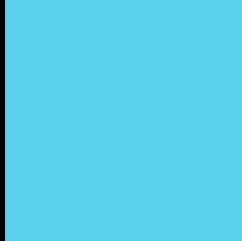
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

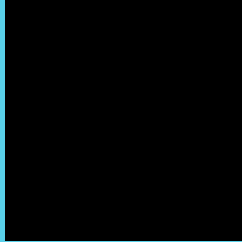
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619.



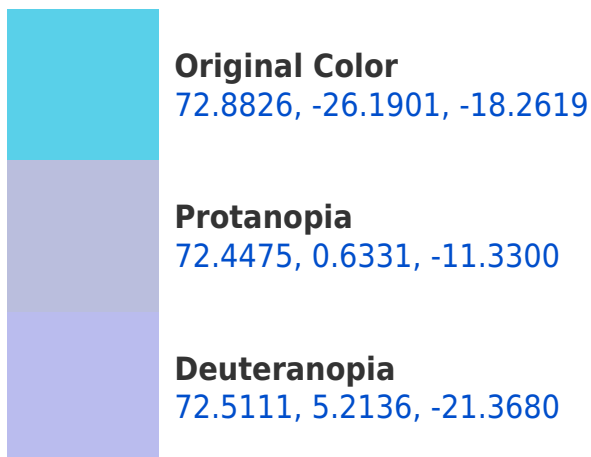
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619.

-26.1901, -18.2619.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

72.8494, -28.5800, -14.1701

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619

## Protanomaly

72.0750, -11.4173, -14.3859

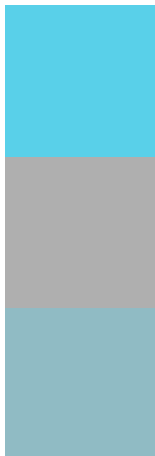
## Deuteranomaly

71.8788, -8.0328, -21.3076

## Tritanomaly

72.9961, -27.7930, -15.7167

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619

## Achromatopsia

65.4745, -3.4936, 3.5574

## Achromatomaly

67.4207, -14.1074, -4.6292

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 208, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 208, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 208, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 208, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 208, 233) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 208, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 208, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 208, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 208, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 208,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.8826, -26.1901, -18.2619 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 208, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 208,  
233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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