

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(72.9474, 15.8724,  
1.2792)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(72.9474, 15.8724,  
1.2792) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(72.9795, 15.6764,  
1.3467)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E4B4C7
RGB	228, 180, 199
RGB Percent	89%, 71%, 78%
CMY	0.1059, 0.2941, 0.2196
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.13, 0.11
HSL	336°, 47%, 80%
HSV	336°, 21%, 89%
XYZ	58.6250, 53.2601, 61.2232
YIQ	196.5180, 22.5090, 16.0850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

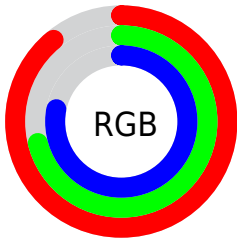
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 180, 199
Decimal	14988487
CIE Lab	78.03, 20.32, -2.96
CIE LCh	78, 20.533, 351.723
Yxy	53.2625, 0.3387, 0.3077
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293178567 (0xFFE4B4C7)
YUV	196.5180, 1.2236, 27.6097
Hunter-Lab	72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467

# Details

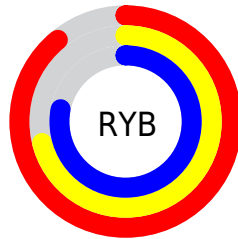
The HunterLab color  $72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $83.5434, -22.1137, 8.2798$ , and the grayscale version is  $74.5071, -3.9755, 4.0481$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $94.0590, 4.8379, -1.5925$ , and  $50.9841, 14.8076, 0.5232$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $66.4755, 25.6282, 0.3618$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $79.9419, 5.8799, 2.7842$ .

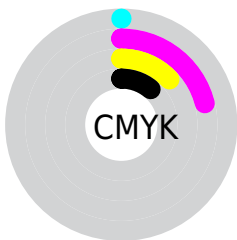
# Distribution



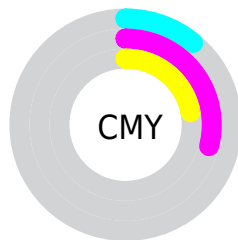
- Red (89%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



72.9795, 15.6764,  
1.3467

72.9795, 15.6764,  
1.3467

199.8227, 16.0532,  
7.2377

61.6541, 15.3178,  
0.8696

97.4631, 16.1618,  
2.4242

50.9826, 14.8755,  
0.4350

110.5609, 16.3063,  
3.0171

41.0096, 14.3363,  
0.0481

124.1980, 16.3914,  
3.6440

31.7879, 13.6862,  
-0.2859

138.3538, 16.4212,  
4.3032

23.3847, 12.9075,  
-0.5602

153.0100, 16.3994,  
4.9934

15.8891, 11.9781,  
-0.7650

168.1500, 16.3291,

9.4284, 10.8783,

5.7132

-0.8848

183.7588, 16.2129,  
6.4617

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.9795, 15.6764,  
1.3467

■ 72.9795, 15.6764,  
1.3467

■ 66.4755, 25.6282,  
0.3618

■ 79.9419, 5.8799,  
2.7842

■ 60.5095, 35.6174,  
-0.0625

■ 87.2892, -3.7054,  
4.5793

■ 55.1842, 45.3932,  
0.2030

■ 94.9682, -13.0752,  
6.6622

■ 50.6132, 54.5336,  
1.2821

■ 97.5586, -13.9949,  
2.8308

■ 46.9107, 62.4283,

■ 97.5880, -13.8310,

3.2534

2.4118

■ 44.1654, 68.3668,  
6.0890

■ 42.4022, 71.7843,  
9.6008

■ 41.5167, 72.8865,  
12.9685

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.9811, 11.4705, -8.0099



72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467



72.9811, 14.4201, 10.2925

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.9811, 15.6740, 1.3481



72.9811, -10.7333, 18.7231



72.9811, -15.1936, -11.5243

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467



83.5434, -22.1137, 8.2798

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.9811, -20.5705, -2.9686



72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467



72.9811, -18.0914, 14.2148

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.9811, 15.6740, 1.3481



72.9811, -1.1690, 19.5603



72.9811, -21.6027, 6.5031



72.9811, -6.5875, -16.0559



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467



72.9811, 10.6857, 14.9106



72.9811, -21.6027, 6.5031



72.9811, -17.4195, -8.9741

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.9811, 15.6740, 1.3481



94.8907, 1.1887, 4.1373



71.9533, 14.4063, -15.8922



43.6475, 0.8811, 1.8524

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.9811, 15.6740, 1.3481



79.7581, 22.4163, 1.0025



73.7605, 10.1711, 10.9177



38.0290, 2.0353, 1.4294



31.5827, 55.5124, 9.3531



8.6889, 15.4689, 1.0498



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.9811, 15.6740, 1.3481



79.7581, 22.4163, 1.0025



82.5763, -16.3907, -2.1048



38.0290, 2.0353, 1.4294



31.5827, 55.5124, 9.3531

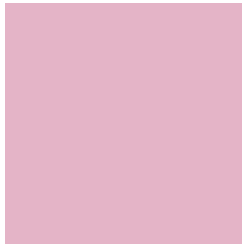


8.6889, 15.4689, 1.0498



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

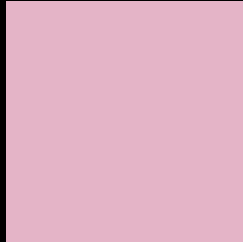
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

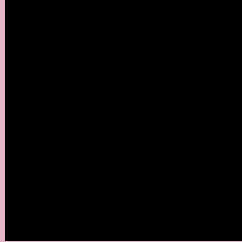
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.9795, 15.6764,

1.3467.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467

### Protanopia

73.1389, -1.1264, -2.2878

### Deuteranopia

73.0202, 5.5434, 1.7115



## Tritanopia

73.0197, 14.1281, 3.3198

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467

## Protanomaly

73.0753, 4.5515, -0.7331

## Deuteranomaly

72.8765, 9.5041, 1.6068

## Tritanomaly

73.0508, 14.2907, 2.8769

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467

## Achromatopsia

74.7222, -3.9870, 4.0598

## Achromatomaly

73.9924, 2.8009, 2.8325

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 180, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 180, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 180, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 180, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

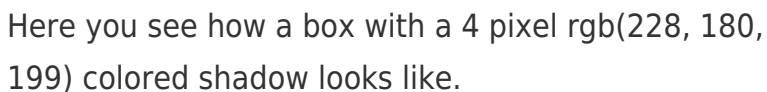
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 180, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 180, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 180, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 180, 199); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 180, 199); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 180, 199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.9795, 15.6764, 1.3467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 180, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
180, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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