

Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.0976, -4.9609,
-1.7246)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(73.0976, -4.9609,
-1.7246) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(73.0107, -4.7470,
-1.9976)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9C2CD
RGB	185, 194, 205
RGB Percent	73%, 76%, 80%
CMY	0.2745, 0.2392, 0.1961
CMYK	0.10, 0.05, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	213°, 17%, 76%
HSV	213°, 10%, 80%
XYZ	50.3188, 53.3056, 65.3945
YIQ	192.5630, -8.8950, 1.5130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

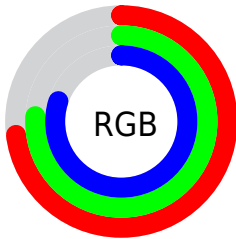
Format	Color
RYB	185, 191, 205
Decimal	12174029
CIELab	78.06, -0.93, -6.58
CIELCh	78, 6.642, 261.968
Yxy	53.3079, 0.2977, 0.3154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290364109 (0xFFB9C2CD)
YUV	192.5630, 6.1314, -6.6328
Hunter-Lab	73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976

Details

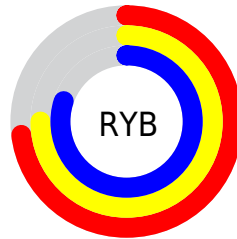
The HunterLab color $73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $74.8073, -2.8399, 9.6674$, and the grayscale version is $72.8198, -3.8855, 3.9564$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $97.1041, -7.2277, 1.9427$, and $50.8882, -3.1870, -2.8108$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $67.9047, -4.9810, -8.6755$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $78.2646, -4.1505, 4.3983$.

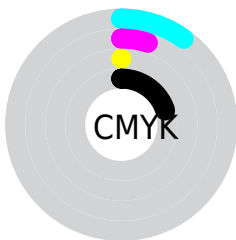
Distribution



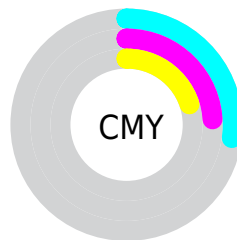
- Red (73%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73.0107, -4.7470,
-1.9976

■ 73.0107, -4.7470,
-1.9976

199.8662,
-11.8638, 2.6894

■ 61.6835, -4.0968,
-2.3136

■ 97.4973, -6.1425,
-1.2218

■ 51.0102, -3.4772,
-2.5788

110.5966, -6.8824,
-0.7708

■ 41.0352, -2.8915,
-2.7865

124.2351, -7.6496,
-0.2808

■ 31.8115, -2.3415,
-2.9301

138.3923, -8.4430,
0.2461

■ 23.4060, -1.8295,
-3.0006

153.0498, -9.2618,
0.8081

■ 15.9078, -1.3584,
-2.9859

168.1910,

■ 9.4441, -0.9328,

-10.1054, 1.4036

-2.8705

183.8011,
-10.9729, 2.0311

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.0107, -4.7470,
-1.9976

■ 73.0107, -4.7470,
-1.9976

■ 67.9047, -4.9810,
-8.6755

■ 78.2646, -4.1505,
4.3983

■ 62.9582, -4.7877,
-15.6825

■ 83.6482, -3.2379,
10.5476

■ 58.1918, -4.0965,
-23.0627

■ 89.1514, -2.0527,
16.4866

■ 53.6282, -2.8242,
-30.8602

■ 93.5174, -4.9380,
20.9197

■ 49.2943, -0.8773,

■ 97.0906, -10.7715,

-39.1109

24.3671

■ 45.2207, 1.8421,
-47.8316

■ 98.5839, -13.1500,
25.7799

■ 41.4415, 5.4233,
-57.0036

■ 37.9912, 9.9211,
-66.5554

■ 34.8742, 15.2414,
-76.4397

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.0122, -7.6130, -0.7364



73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976



73.0122, -1.6081, -1.6036

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.0122, -4.7485, -1.9964



73.0122, 1.8329, 6.1078



73.0122, -8.6336, 7.4533

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976



74.8073, -2.8399, 9.6674

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.0122, -6.1633, 9.1440



73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976



73.0122, -0.1106, 8.3906

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.0122, -4.7485, -1.9964



73.0122, 2.2273, 3.1603



73.0122, -3.0470, 9.4797



73.0122, -9.8310, 4.7789

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976



73.0122, 0.2165, -0.4645



73.0122, -3.0470, 9.4797



73.0122, -7.9266, 8.1507

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.0122, -4.7485, -1.9964



97.9405, -5.6105, 2.9798



76.1237, -11.8328, 6.1782



45.0583, -2.6266, 1.0728

0.0000, NaN, NaN



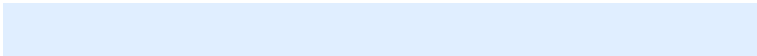
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.0122, -4.7485, -1.9964



91.8597, -6.1939, -4.5686



70.3591, 0.0120, -5.3165



34.1492, -2.2079, -0.8208



27.7915, 11.4173, -59.3837



7.4112, 0.4639, -10.2648

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.8145, 4.2321, 2.1859



89.9833, 8.0922, 2.2026



77.4924, -7.5805, 12.4995



33.6099, 1.8270, 1.0534



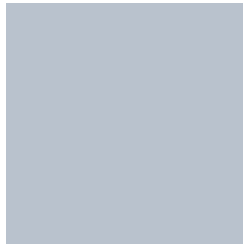
29.2962, 51.8866, 5.6293



6.7675, 12.1977, -0.3412

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

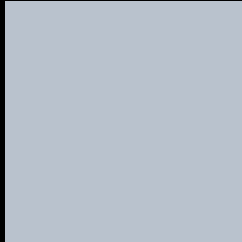
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

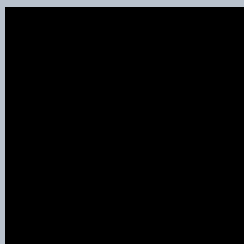
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

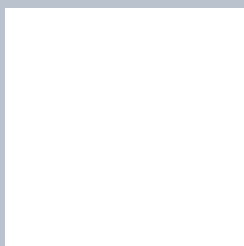
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976.



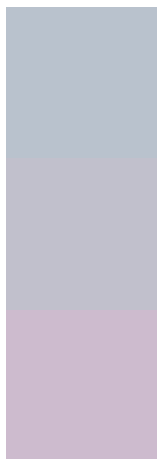
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976.

-1.9976.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976

Protanopia

73.0728, -1.4860, -1.3505

Deuteranopia

72.7846, 5.2739, -2.6244



Tritanopia

72.9263, -3.2099, -4.1615

Trichromacy



Original Color

73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976

Protanomaly

73.1073, -2.9165, -1.3325

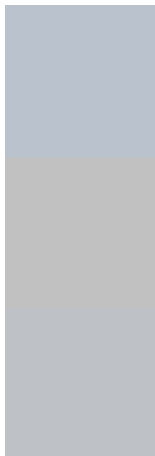
Deuteranomaly

72.9993, 1.4640, -2.4190

Tritanomaly

72.8925, -3.3951, -3.6821

Monochromacy



Original Color

73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976

Achromatopsia

73.0258, -3.8965, 3.9676

Achromatomaly

72.8823, -4.1478, 1.8652

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 194, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 194, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 194, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 194, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

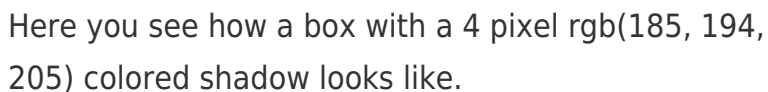
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 194, 205) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 194, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 194, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 194, 205); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 194, 205); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 194, 205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.0107, -4.7470, -1.9976 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 194, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
194, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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