

Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.1078, -9.2875,
-0.1841)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(73.1078, -9.2875,
-0.1841) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(73.1737, -9.1127,
-0.3455)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1C5CA
RGB	177, 197, 202
RGB Percent	69%, 77%, 79%
CMY	0.3059, 0.2274, 0.2078
CMYK	0.12, 0.02, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	192°, 19%, 74%
HSV	192°, 12%, 79%
XYZ	48.7584, 53.5439, 63.6423
YIQ	191.5900, -13.5250, -2.6850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

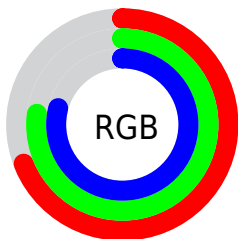
Format	Color
RYB	177, 188, 202
Decimal	11650506
CIELab	78.20, -5.76, -4.82
CIELCh	78, 7.505, 219.912
Yxy	53.5461, 0.2938, 0.3227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289840586 (0xFFB1C5CA)
YUV	191.5900, 5.1321, -12.7954
Hunter-Lab	73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455

Details

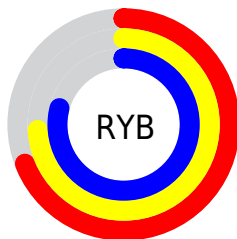
The HunterLab color $73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $70.1332, 2.0338, 8.0865$, and the grayscale version is $72.4138, -3.8638, 3.9344$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $97.6869, -11.8042, 2.5664$, and $51.0570, -7.2616, -1.2008$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70.3830, -12.6222, -3.9224$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76.1281, -5.1169, 3.3013$.

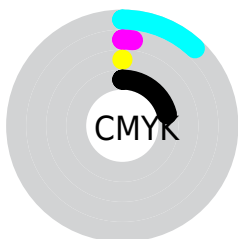
Distribution



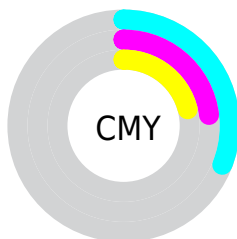
- Red (69%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73.1737, -9.1127,
-0.3455

■ 73.1737, -9.1127,
-0.3455

200.0942,
-18.0175, 4.9267

■ 61.8376, -8.2161,
-0.7396

■ 97.6768, -10.9631,
0.5765

■ 51.1548, -7.3346,
-1.0866

110.7838,
-11.9151, 1.0964

■ 41.1698, -6.4679,
-1.3807

124.4297,
-12.8858, 1.6529

■ 31.9351, -5.6130,
-1.6158

138.5940,
-13.8751, 2.2442

■ 23.5176, -4.7647,
-1.7836

153.2583,
-14.8831, 2.8686

■ 16.0060, -3.9137,
-1.8727

168.4063,

■ 9.5266, -3.1448,

-15.9095, 3.5246

-1.8662

184.0228,
-16.9544, 4.2110

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.1737, -9.1127,
-0.3455

■ 73.1737, -9.1127,
-0.3455

■ 70.3830, -12.6222,
-3.9224

■ 76.1281, -5.1169,
3.3013

■ 67.7596, -15.5924,
-7.4133

■ 79.2329, -0.6791,
6.9976

■ 65.3126, -17.9775,
-10.7949

■ 82.4811, 4.1535,
10.7303

■ 63.0478, -19.7357,
-14.0434

■ 85.5517, 8.3005,
14.1367

■ 60.9692, -20.8346,

■ 86.7465, 6.1512,

-17.1349

15.3687

■ 59.0774, -21.2572,
-20.0480

■ 87.9541, 4.0101,
16.5996

■ 57.3686, -21.0088,
-22.7670

■ 89.1740, 1.8773,
17.8293

■ 55.8322, -20.1261,
-25.2875

■ 90.4061, -0.2469,
19.0576

■ 54.7474, -19.1387,
-27.1145

■ 91.6500, -2.3623,
20.2844

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.1752, -10.5669, 2.8469



73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455



73.1752, -6.2577, -2.4378

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.1752, -9.1141, -0.3443



73.1752, 2.6697, 1.6981



73.1752, -5.0896, 10.1447

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455



70.1332, 2.0338, 8.0865

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.1752, -1.5290, 9.8703



73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455



73.1752, 2.9971, 5.1015

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.1752, -9.1141, -0.3443



73.1752, 0.5611, -1.2199



73.1752, 1.4470, 8.0614



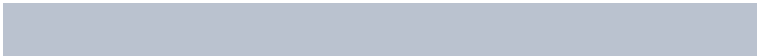
73.1752, -8.2731, 8.8301

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455



73.1752, -3.9189, -2.8727



73.1752, 1.4470, 8.0614



73.1752, -3.8978, 10.2337

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.1752, -9.1141, -0.3443



98.3985, -7.5730, 3.4942



74.1278, -14.9742, 10.1972



45.3860, -3.6934, 1.4484

0.0000, NaN, NaN



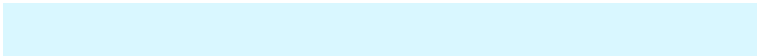
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.1752, -9.1141, -0.3443



94.1658, -13.2179, -1.7752



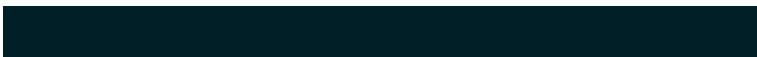
69.4805, -3.0938, -4.9231



35.1158, -3.7821, 0.3480



44.0623, -15.5510, -21.5038



10.4928, -4.1813, -4.0890

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.3060, 7.8997, -2.3473



88.0308, 13.9039, -4.9720



73.7242, -4.0739, 11.9052



33.7103, 2.3654, -0.3744



31.2457, 58.8952, -21.5609



7.1672, 13.6254, -5.8439

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

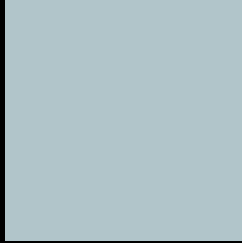
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

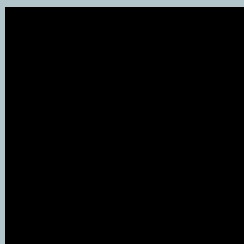
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

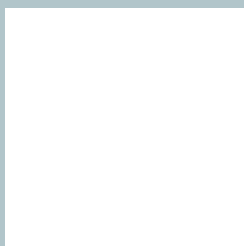
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455.

-0.3455.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455

Protanopia

73.0923, -1.7418, 1.1791

Deuteranopia

72.9148, 5.5775, -1.4247



Tritanopia

73.3258, -6.3883, -4.7602

Trichromacy



Original Color

73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455

Protanomaly

73.1061, -4.7392, 0.6481

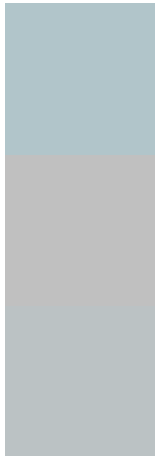
Deuteranomaly

73.0131, -0.2167, -0.8940

Tritanomaly

73.1429, -7.2352, -3.4288

Monochromacy



Original Color

73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455

Achromatopsia

72.6027, -3.8739, 3.9446

Achromatomaly

72.8930, -5.7374, 2.3373

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 197, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 197, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 197, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 197, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 197, 202) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 197, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 197, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 197, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 197, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 197,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.1737, -9.1127, -0.3455 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 197, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
197, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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