

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.2385, -1.4777,  
21.0548)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(73.2385, -1.4777,  
21.0548) contains.

<b>HunterLab(73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(73.3653, -1.7992,  
21.1693)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D6BF98
RGB	214, 191, 152
RGB Percent	84%, 75%, 60%
CMY	0.1608, 0.2510, 0.4039
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.29, 0.16
HSL	38°, 43%, 72%
HSV	38°, 29%, 84%
XYZ	52.0298, 53.8247, 37.3526
YIQ	193.4310, 26.2270, -7.2530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

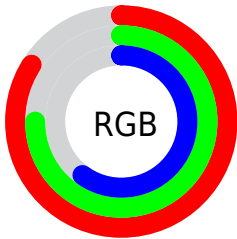
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	189, 214, 152
Decimal	14073752
CIE Lab	78.36, 2.29, 22.68
CIE LCh	78, 22.798, 84.228
Yxy	53.8271, 0.3633, 0.3759
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292263832 (0xFFD6BF98)
YUV	193.4310, -20.4255, 18.0390
Hunter-Lab	73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693

# Details

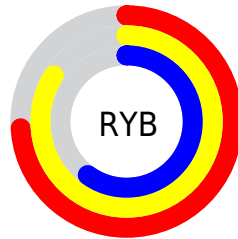
The HunterLab color  $73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $64.9531, -2.5993, -18.0934$ , and the grayscale version is  $73.2855, -3.9103, 3.9817$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $96.0405, -8.8986, 22.9757$ , and  $51.3670, -1.1477, 17.4210$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $70.5827, -0.2362, 25.5701$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $76.2556, -3.0091, 16.0379$ .

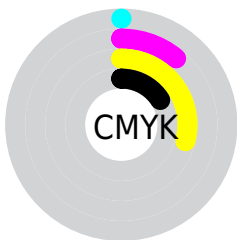
# Distribution



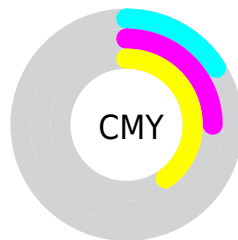
- Red (84%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 73.3653, -1.7992,  
21.1693

■ 73.3653, -1.7992,  
21.1693

200.3623, -7.7506,  
36.6677

■ 62.0189, -1.3095,  
19.3378

■ 97.8879, -2.9000,  
24.7246

■ 51.3250, -0.8592,  
17.4520

■ 111.0039, -3.5018,  
26.4637

■ 41.3281, -0.4544,  
15.4940

124.6585, -4.1362,  
28.1856

■ 32.0806, -0.1000,  
13.4371

138.8312, -4.8018,  
29.8948

■ 23.6490, 0.1976,  
11.2402

153.5036, -5.4971,  
31.5950

■ 16.1216, 0.4290,  
8.9777

168.6594, -6.2210,

■ 9.6239, 0.5791,

33.2890

6.7367

184.2835, -6.9725,  
34.9793

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.3653, -1.7992,  
21.1693

■ 73.3653, -1.7992,  
21.1693

■ 70.5827, -0.2362,  
25.5701

■ 76.2556, -3.0091,  
16.0379

■ 67.9085, 1.7004,  
29.1932

■ 79.2431, -3.8749,  
10.2198

■ 65.3498, 4.0166,  
32.0013

■ 82.3238, -4.4168,  
3.7631

■ 62.9118, 6.7139,  
33.9673

■ 85.4925, -4.6537,  
-3.2861

■ 60.5986, 9.7840,

■ 88.5975, -5.4094,

35.0827

-8.8135

■ 58.4127, 13.2041,  
35.3696

■ 91.1217, -9.5286,  
-5.5763

■ 56.3503, 16.9124,  
34.9523

■ 93.6867, -13.6065,  
-2.3817

■ 56.1434, 17.2995,  
34.8981

■ 96.2907, -17.6440,  
0.7713

■ 96.4553, -17.8959,  
0.9676

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.3670, 8.7223, 18.3814



73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693



73.3670, -12.3120, 19.9296

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.3670, -1.8016, 21.1703



73.3670, -22.0471, -4.6563



73.3670, 13.8479, -8.6253

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693



64.9531, -2.5993, -18.0934

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.3670, 4.8700, -16.5831



73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693



73.3670, -15.7577, -14.0678

# Square

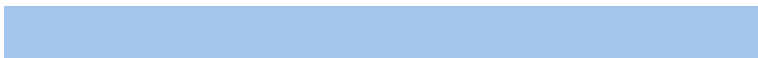
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.3670, -1.8016, 21.1703



73.3670, -23.6039, 5.9680



73.3670, -6.0118, -18.7071



73.3670, 18.0894, 1.9627



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693



73.3670, -17.9550, 16.8767



73.3670, -6.0118, -18.7071



73.3670, 11.2595, -11.7549

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.3670, -1.8016, 21.1703



96.5908, -4.7151, 12.5515



63.1494, 21.7001, 0.8414



44.4364, -2.1210, 6.3118

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.3670, -1.8016, 21.1703



87.2882, -1.0310, 29.3454



79.7447, -15.5880, 26.7788



37.0266, -1.7987, 4.9126



43.8833, 12.9767, 27.2679



11.4786, 1.8265, 7.1050



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.9531, -2.5993, -18.0934



74.8858, -2.0650, -28.7965



58.9126, 11.1633, -27.5290



35.7150, -1.9463, -1.1641



25.5546, 19.0830, -73.1357

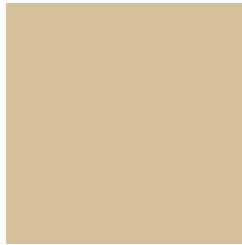


7.4155, 2.1623, -13.9365



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

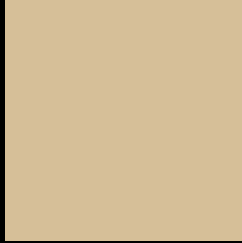
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

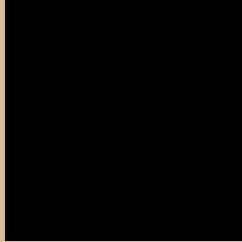
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.3653, -1.7992,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693

### Protanopia

73.4883, -5.9539, 20.8645

### Deuteranopia

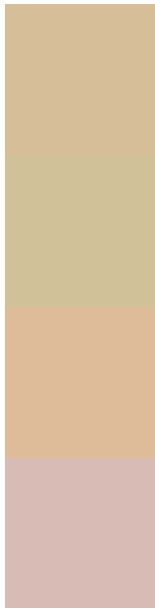
73.3134, 5.5817, 20.9008



## Tritanopia

73.4040, 9.8393, 1.7600

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693

## Protanomaly

73.4814, -4.4264, 20.8847

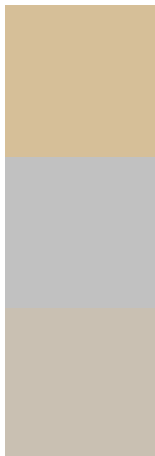
## Deuteranomaly

73.3457, 2.7162, 20.8812

## Tritanomaly

73.2596, 5.3888, 9.4197

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693

## Achromatopsia

73.0258, -3.8965, 3.9676

## Achromatomaly

73.0282, -3.2081, 10.7476

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 191, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 191, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 191, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 191, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 191, 152) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 191, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 191, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 191, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 191, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 191,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.3653, -1.7992, 21.1693 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 191, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
191, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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