

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.4012, -4.5728,  
9.1938)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(73.4012, -4.5728, 9.1938)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(73.4621, -4.5792,  
9.4686)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C6C2B6
RGB	198, 194, 182
RGB Percent	78%, 76%, 71%
CMY	0.2235, 0.2392, 0.2863
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.08, 0.22
HSL	45°, 12%, 75%
HSV	45°, 8%, 78%
XYZ	51.0240, 53.9668, 51.9834
YIQ	193.8280, 6.2360, -2.8840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

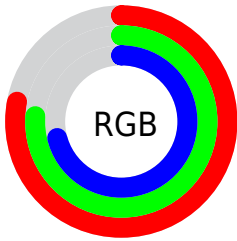
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	187, 198, 182
Decimal	13025974
CIELab	78.44, -0.72, 6.52
CIELCh	78, 6.558, 96.276
Yxy	53.9692, 0.3250, 0.3438
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291216054 (0xFFC6C2B6)
YUV	193.8280, -5.8312, 3.6588
Hunter-Lab	73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686

# Details

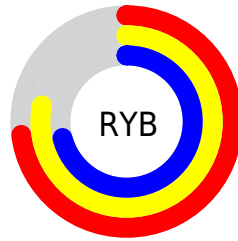
The HunterLab color  $73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`, and the color name is [inside of a bottle \(kamenozoki\)](#). A complement of this color would be  $70.0995, -2.8838, -2.0438$ , and the grayscale version is  $73.3999, -3.9164, 3.9880$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $97.8797, -5.5941, 11.2171$ , and  $51.2547, -3.1803, 7.5024$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $71.4441, -5.0039, 15.4907$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75.5545, -3.8446, 2.7371$ .

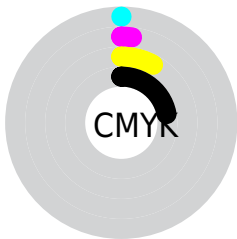
# Distribution



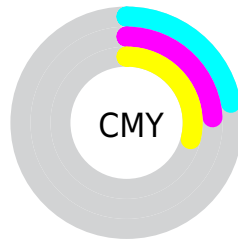
- Red (78%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 73.4621, -4.5792,  
9.4686

■ 73.4621, -4.5792,  
9.4686

200.4975,  
-11.6282, 18.7114

■ 62.1104, -3.9388,  
8.5292

■ 97.9944, -5.9578,  
11.3992

■ 51.4109, -3.3292,  
7.6029

111.1150, -6.6896,  
12.3899

■ 41.4080, -2.7542,  
6.6883

124.7739, -7.4490,  
13.3983

■ 32.1540, -2.2158,  
5.7815

138.9508, -8.2349,  
14.4247

■ 23.7153, -1.7167,  
4.8752

153.6273, -9.0466,  
15.4693

■ 16.1800, -1.2599,  
3.9567

168.7870, -9.8831,

■ 9.6731, -0.8494,

16.5320

3.3261

184.4149,  
-10.7439, 17.6127

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.4621, -4.5792,  
9.4686

■ 73.4621, -4.5792,  
9.4686

■ 71.4441, -5.0039,  
15.4907

■ 75.5545, -3.8446,  
2.7371

■ 69.4978, -5.1022,  
20.7675

■ 77.7140, -2.8066,  
-4.6725

■ 67.6269, -4.8672,  
25.2719

■ 79.9399, -1.4805,  
-12.7231

■ 65.8329, -4.2934,  
28.9812

■ 81.9823, -1.2228,  
-17.9250

■ 64.1171, -3.3791,

■ 83.5160, -3.8064,

31.8818

-15.7688

■ 62.4798, -2.1280,  
33.9720

■ 85.0670, -6.3727,  
-13.6334

■ 60.9204, -0.5509,  
35.2672

■ 86.6348, -8.9219,  
-11.5186

■ 59.4370, 1.3320,  
35.8077

■ 88.2190, -11.4541,  
-9.4242

■ 58.0229, 3.4748,  
35.7028

■ 89.8189, -13.9695,  
-7.3497

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.4637, -1.4845, 9.0537



73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686



73.4637, -7.4540, 8.4700

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.4637, -4.5811, 9.4697



73.4637, -8.7172, 0.5270



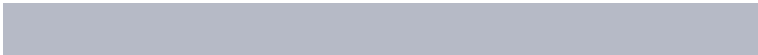
73.4637, 1.6726, 1.6558

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686



70.0995, -2.8838, -2.0438

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.4637, -0.3256, -0.7723



73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686



73.4637, -6.3316, -1.4429

# Square

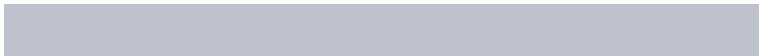
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.4637, -4.5811, 9.4697



73.4637, -9.8160, 3.3697



73.4637, -3.2641, -1.9281



73.4637, 2.1602, 4.6225



# Rectangle

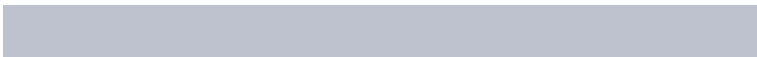
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686



73.4637, -8.8670, 7.1096



73.4637, -3.2641, -1.9281



73.4637, 1.1537, 0.7458

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.4637, -4.5811, 9.4697



99.4313, -5.5520, 7.2909



70.0055, 2.1255, 3.8298



46.0145, -2.5638, 3.3309

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

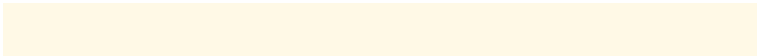


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.4637, -4.5811, 9.4697



97.1949, -6.2473, 14.3387



74.3207, -7.8445, 10.3525



34.5702, -2.1982, 4.8628



46.7275, 2.8736, 28.8436

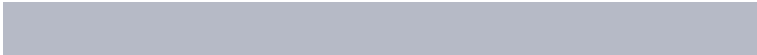


10.6942, -0.2858, 6.5847



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.0995, -2.8838, -2.0438



91.5838, -3.4120, -4.8739



69.2626, 0.3584, -3.0487



32.7273, -1.2676, -1.4459



20.5450, 28.4568, -87.1096



5.6490, 3.0903, -13.7318



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

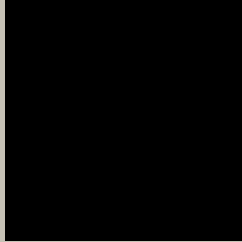
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

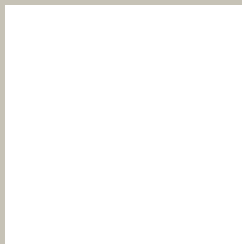
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686

### Protanopia

73.3462, -3.4290, 9.3609

### Deuteranopia

73.2880, 5.5404, 9.0137



## Tritanopia

73.2807, 2.4206, -2.0466

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686

## Protanomaly

73.2526, -3.7542, 9.2518

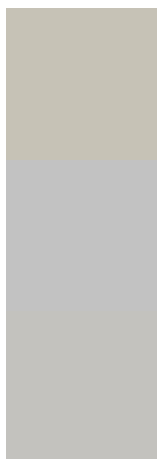
## Deuteranomaly

73.4489, 1.5782, 9.1229

## Tritanomaly

73.1930, 0.0159, 2.3119

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686

## Achromatopsia

73.4493, -3.9191, 3.9906

## Achromatomaly

73.4189, -4.2662, 5.8254

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 194, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 194, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 194, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 194, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 194, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 194, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 194, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 194, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 194, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 194,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.4621, -4.5792, 9.4686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 194, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
194, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor