

Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.5232, 99.5386,
-76.6974)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(73.5232, 99.5386,
-76.6974) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(63.6511, 71.7552,
-47.6479)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF72FF
RGB	255, 114, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 45%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5529, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 72%
HSV	300°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	65.3073, 40.5146, 98.9857
YIQ	172.2330, 38.7750, 73.7430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

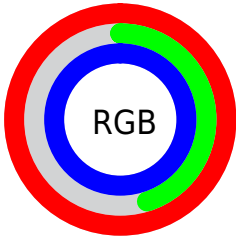
Format	Color
RYB	255, 114, 255
Decimal	16741119
CIELab	69.84, 71.23, -45.75
CIELCh	70, 84.659, 327.285
Yxy	40.5161, 0.3189, 0.1978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294931199 (0xFFFF72FF)
YUV	172.2330, 40.8041, 72.5867
Hunter-Lab	63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479

Details

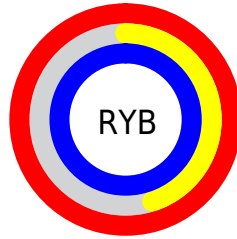
The HunterLab color $63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FF66FF$. A complement of this color would be $87.3573, -59.4174, 41.9829$, and the grayscale version is $64.1523, -3.4230, 3.4855$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76.1479, 40.3059, -26.0355$, and $42.6914, 67.3322, -46.7135$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.6179, 83.7605, -55.8849$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.6238, 58.3364, -38.4328$.

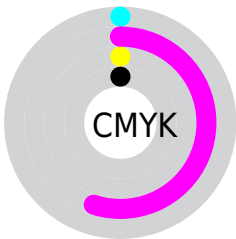
Distribution



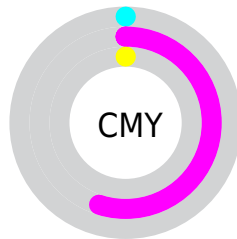
- Red (100%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63.6511, 71.7552,
-47.6479


 63.6511, 71.7552,
-47.6479


186.6264, 87.9568,
-53.0379


 52.8594, 69.5072,
-46.9451


 87.1486, 75.9816,
-49.0756

 42.7566, 67.2000,
-46.3136


 99.7874, 77.9561,
-49.7612

 33.3948, 64.8796,
-45.8459


 112.9843, 79.8375,
-50.4126

 24.8380, 62.6598,
-45.7358

126.7165, 81.6283,
-51.0244

 17.1705, 60.8256,
-46.4296

140.9640, 83.3320,
-51.5939

 10.5109, 60.2125,
-49.1692

155.7087, 84.9523,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-52.1195

0.0000, NaN, -NF

170.9344, 86.4927,
-52.6008

■ 63.6511, 71.7552,
-47.6479

■ 63.6511, 71.7552,
-47.6479

■ 59.6179, 83.7605,
-55.8849

■ 68.6238, 58.3364,
-38.4328

■ 56.6001, 93.5398,
-62.5896

■ 74.4262, 44.2251,
-28.7319

■ 54.6213, 100.3836,
-67.2794

■ 80.9486, 29.9265,
-18.8905

■ 53.6126, 104.0186,
-69.7696

■ 88.0881, 15.7530,
-9.1230

■ 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

■ 95.7553, 1.8687,
0.4573

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.6522, 34.2736, -96.4718



63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479



63.6522, 88.8636, 0.0335

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.6522, 71.7519, -47.6457



63.6522, 0.1495, 41.3215



63.6522, -56.7936, -38.0819

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479



87.3573, -59.4174, 41.9829

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.6522, -61.8133, 6.7150



63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479



63.6522, -33.9435, 39.6747

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.6522, 71.7519, -47.6457



63.6522, 41.8244, 38.8222



63.6522, -54.5349, 31.0087



63.6522, -38.7143, -89.0082

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479



63.6522, 83.9761, 21.0586



63.6522, -54.5349, 31.0087



63.6522, -59.8448, -21.2523

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.6522, 71.7519, -47.6457



86.8287, 18.1570, -10.7806



47.7849, 32.2078, -87.3778



39.4951, 9.7129, -5.8925

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.6522, 71.7519, -47.6457



59.3700, 84.5363, -56.4169



60.6448, 58.5902, -6.2105



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.6522, 71.7519, -47.6457



59.3700, 84.5363, -56.4169



88.6452, -51.6179, 23.2033



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

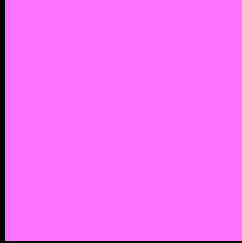
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

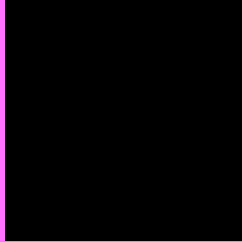
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479.

-47.6479.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479

Protanopia

63.8754, 8.0123, -48.3161

Deuteranopia

63.8117, 5.3256, -40.8512



Tritanopia

63.5128, 35.2012, 12.4211

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479



Protanomaly

61.9233, 29.8011, -51.9061



Deuteranomaly

61.9691, 28.0155, -47.0723

Tritanomaly

62.9928, 47.4824, -5.6671

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479



Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897



Achromatomaly

62.4132, 22.5771, -14.2271

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 114, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 114, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 114, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 114, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 114, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 114, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 114, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 114, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 114, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 114,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.6511, 71.7552, -47.6479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 114, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
114, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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